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Toshiba Libretto 100CT Maintenance Manual

First edition February 1998

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#### **Preface**

This maintenance manual describes how to perform hardware service maintenance for the Toshiba Personal Computer Libretto 100CT.

The procedures described in this manual are intended to help service technicians isolate faulty Field Replaceable Units (FRUs) and replace them in the field.

#### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Four types of messages are used in this manual to bring important information to your attention. Each of these messages will be italicized and identified as shown below.

**DANGER:** "Danger" indicates the existence of a hazard that could result in death or serious injury if the safety instruction is not observed.

**WARNING:** "Warning" indicates the existence of a hazard that could result in bodily injury if the safety instruction is not observed.

**CAUTION:** "Caution" indicates the existence of a hazard that could result in property damage if the safety instruction is not observed.

**NOTE:** A Note contains general information that relates to your safe maintenance services.

Improper repair of the computer may result in safety hazards. Toshiba requires service technicians and authorized dealers or service providers to ensure the following safety precautions are adhered to strictly.

- ☐ Be sure to fasten screws securely with the right screwdriver. If a screw is not fully fastened, it could loosen and create a short circuit, which could cause overheating, smoke, or fire.
- ☐ If you replace the battery pack, RTC battery, or backup battery, be sure to use only the same model battery or an equivalent battery recommended by Toshiba. Installation of the wrong battery can cause the battery to explode.

The manual is divided into the following parts:

| Chapter 1  | Hardware Overview describes the system unit and each FRU.  |  |
|------------|--|--|
| Chapter 2  | Troubleshooting Procedures explains how to diagnose and resolve FRU problems.  |  |
| Chapter 3  | Tests and Diagnostics describes how to perform test and diagnostic operations for maintenance service.   |  |
| Chapter 4  | Replacement Procedures describes the removal and replacement of the FRUs.  |  |
| Appendices | The eight appendices describe the following:   |  |
|            | <ul> <li>□ Handling the LCD module</li> <li>□ Board layout</li> <li>□ Pin assignments</li> <li>□ Keyboard scan/character codes</li> <li>□ Key layout</li> <li>□ Wiring diagrams</li> <li>□ BIOS Rewrite Procedures</li> <li>□ Reliability</li> </ul> |  |

#### **Conventions**

This manual uses the following formats to describe, identify, and highlight terms and operating procedures.

#### **Acronyms**

On the first appearance and whenever necessary for clarification, acronyms are enclosed in parentheses following their definition. For example:

Read Only Memory (ROM)

#### Keys

Keys are used in the text to describe many operations. The keytop symbol, as it appears on the keyboard, is printed in **boldface** type.

#### **Key operation**

Some operations require you to simultaneously use two or more keys. We identify such operations by the keytop symbols separated by a plus (+) sign. For example, Ctrl + Pause (Break) means you must hold down Ctrl and at the same time press Pause (Break). If three keys are used, hold down the first two and at the same time press the third.

#### **User input**

Text that you are instructed to type in is shown in the boldface type below:

#### **DISKCOPY A: B:**

#### The display

Text generated by the computer that appears on its display is presented in the typeface below:

Format complete

System transferred

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# **Chapter 1 Hardware Overview**

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#### 1.1 Features

|   | Microprocessor   |
|---|--|
|   | The computer is equipped with an Intel <sup>®</sup> Pentium <sup>®</sup> processor with MMX <sup>™</sup> Technology that operates at 166MHz and 1.8/2.5 volts.   |
| _ | Memory   |
|   | The computer comes with 32MB of Extend Data Out (EDO) DRAM.  |
| _ | HDD  |
|   | The computer has a 2.5-inch HDD with a capacity of 2.1GB HDD or 3.2GB HDD.   |
| _ | Display  |
|   | The computer has a 7.1-inch color, Thin Film Transistor (TFT) Liquid Crystal Display (LCD), that enables display up to 256K colors at a resolution 800 x 480 pixels.   |
|   | A video controller and 2MB of VRAM enable an external monitor to display 16M colors at a resolution of 800 x 600 pixels or 64K colors at a resolution of 1024 x 768 pixels.  |
| _ | Keyboard   |
|   | An-easy-to-use 80/82-key keyboard provides a numeric keypad overlay for fast numeric data entry or for cursor and page control. The keyboard also includes two keys that have special functions in Microsoft® Windows® 95. It supports software that uses a 101- or 102-key enhanced keyboard. |
| _ | Batteries  |
|   | The computer has two batteries a Lithium-Ion main battery pack and RTC battery that backs up the Real Time Clock and CMOS memory.  |
|   | Expansion memory slot  |
|   | An optional 32MB memory module can be installed in the memory slot.  |

1 1

| Universal Serial Bus (USB)   |
|--|
| The USB enables daisy-chain connection of up to 127 USB-equipped devices and 12Mbps serial data transfer. It is designed for easy configuration by a PnP operating system and provides hot insertion/ejection capability. The USB port is only on the Enhanced Port Replicator.  |
| External monitor port  |
| The port is available only on the I/O adapter and enables connection of an external SVGA compatible monitor.   |
| PC card slot   |
| A PC card slot accommodates two 5mm cards (Type II) or one 10.5mm (Type III) card, which support the PC card Standard. These slots support an external FDD, 16-bit PC cards and CardBus PC cards (32 bit) as well as the Zoomed Video (ZV) port cards, which are dedicated to high-performance video data transfer such as MPEG video play back. |
| AccuPoint  |
| This pointer control stick, located in the right of the display panel, provides convenient control of the cursor without requiring desk space for a mouse.   |
| Docking interface  |
| A 140-pin, docking interface port enables connection of the I/O adapter or an optional Enhanced Port Replicator.   |
| The Enhanced Port Replicator has two additional PC card slots that one accommodates a 10.5mm card (Type III) and one accommodates a 5mm card (Type II). These slots support CardBus PC card. The Enhanced Port Replicator also has PS/2 <sup>TM</sup> mouse, PS/2 compatible keyboard, USB, parallel, serial and external monitor ports.         |
| Infrared port  |
| The infrared port is compatible with Fast InfraRed (FIR) standards enabling wireless 4Mbps data transfer with Infrared Data Association (IrDA) 1.1 compatible devices.   |
| Sound system   |
| A Sound Blaster™ Pro™ and Windows Sound System compatible sound system gives the computer multimedia capability. The sound system is equipped with speaker, microphone and stereo headphone jack.  |

#### ■ External FDD

A 3.5-inch external FDD is connected to the PC card slot and accommodates both 2 HD (1.44 MB) and 2 DD (720 KB) disks.

The computer is shown in Figure 1-1. The system unit configuration is shown in Figure 1-2.

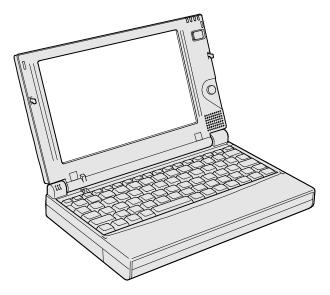


Figure 1-1 Front of the computer

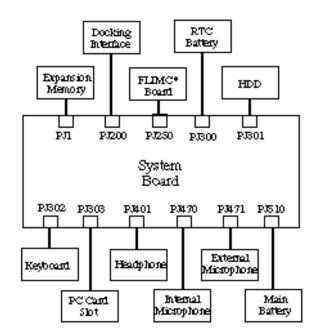


Figure 1-2 System unit configuration

#### 1.2 System Unit Block Diagram

Figure 1-3 is a block diagram of the system unit.

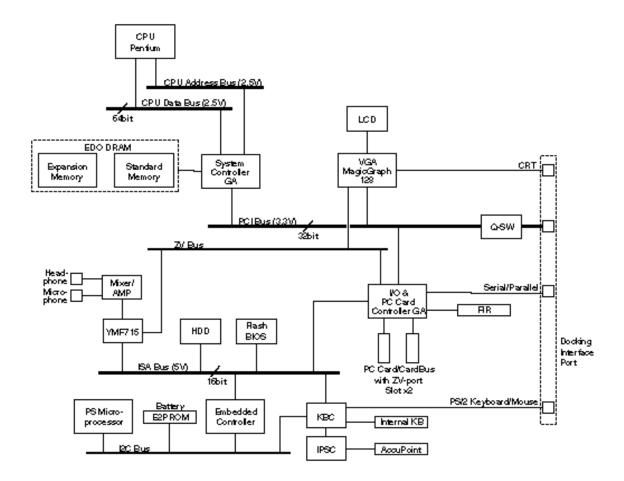


Figure 1-3 System unit block diagram

The system unit is composed of the following major components:

☐ Intel Pentium processor

Intel 166MHz Pentium processor with MMX Technology.

The math co-processor and 32KB cache memory are integrated into the Pentium.

- ☐ Standard RAM
  - 32 MB, four 4M x 16-bit EDO DRAM chips
  - 3.3 volt operation
  - No parity bit
  - Access time 60 ns
  - Data transfer is 64-bit width
- ☐ BIOS ROM (Flash EEPROM)
  - 512 KB, one 512K x 8-bit chip
    - 256 KB are used for system BIOS
    - 64 KB are used for VGA-BIOS
    - 8 KB are used for plug and play data area
    - 8 KB are used for password security
    - 16 KB are used for boot strap
    - 288 KB are reserved
  - 5 volt operation
  - Access time 120 ns
  - Data transfer is 8-bit width

#### ☐ Optional memory

One expansion memory slot is available for 32MB memory modules. The 32MB memory modules consist of four 4M x 16-bit EDO DRAM chips.

- 3.3 volt operation
- No parity bit
- Access time 60 ns
- Data transfer is 64-bit width

- ☐ System Controller Gate Array
  - This gate array has the following functions:
    - CPU interface/control
    - DRAM control
    - PCI master/slave interface
    - Write buffer (CPU-DRAM, CPU-PCI, PCI-DRAM)
    - Prefetch buffer (CPU-PCI, PCI-DRAM)
    - Mobile-PC/PCI support DMA function
    - Serial interrupt function
    - Power management control
    - Suspend/resume control
    - CPU stop clock function
    - PCI clock stop function
    - ACPI support function
- ☐ I/O & PC Card Controller Gate Array
  - This gate array has the following functions:
    - One UARTs 16550A equivalent (One SIO is used for SIR.)
    - One parallel port control supported ECP
    - mini ISA bus control
    - PCI bus front end control
    - PC card control
    - ZV-port support
    - CardBus control
    - FIR function
    - Universal I/O port
    - Beep volume
    - Speaker control
    - RTC One T9934 chip is used
- ☐ Video Controller
  - The NeoMagic NM2160 chip is used. The Video controller incorporates 2MB of video memory using a 128-bit data path.
- ☐ Keyboard Controller (KBC)
  - One M38813S chip is used. This KBC includes the keyboard scan controller and keyboard interface controller. The KBC controls the internal keyboard, external keyboard, AccuPoint and PS/2 mouse.
- ☐ AccuPoint Controller (IPSC)
  - One EMEP 010B chip is used.
  - This controller provides simultaneous control of the Pointing Device.

#### ☐ Sound Controller

- One OPL3-SA3 is used.
- The OPL3-SA3 incorporates OPL3 FM synthesizer, Digital Analog Converter (DAC) and MPU401 MIDI interface.

#### 1.3 3.5-inch External FDD

The 3.5inch external FDD is a thin, high performance reliable drive that supports 720KB (formatted) 2DD and 1.44MB (formatted) 2HD disks. The FDD can be connected to the PC card slot.

The FDD is shown in Figure 1-4. The specifications for the FDD are listed in Table 1-1.

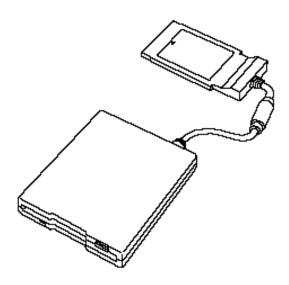


Figure 1-4 3.5-inch FDD

Table 1-1 3.5-inch FDD specifications

| ltem   | 2-MB mode          | 1-MB mode        |
|--|--------------------|------------------|
| Storage capacity (KB) Unformatted Formatted                | 2,000<br>1,440     | 1,000<br>720     |
| Number of heads  | 2                  | 2                |
| Number of cylinders  | 80                 | 80               |
| Access time (ms) Track to track Average Head settling time | 3<br>181<br>15     | 3<br>181<br>15   |
| Recording track density (tpi)                              | 135                | 135              |
| Data transfer rate (Kbps)                                  | 500                | 250              |
| Rotation speed (rpm)                                       | 300                | 300              |
| Recording method   | Modified Frequency | Modulation (MFM) |

#### 1.4 2.5-inch Hard Disk Drive

The removable HDD is a random access non-volatile storage device. It has a non-removable 2.5-inch magnetic disk and mini-Winchester type magnetic heads.

The computer supports 2.1GB HDD or 3.2GB HDD.

The HDD is shown in Figure 1-5. Specifications are listed in Table 1-2.

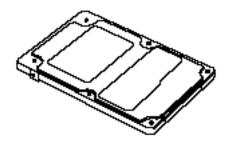


Figure 1-5 2.5-inch HDD

Table 1-2 2.5-inch HDD specifications

| Items                      | IBM DYKA-22160 | IBM DYKA-23240 |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Formatted capacity (bytes) | 2,167,603,200  | 3,253,469,184  |
| Logical cylinders          | 4,200          | 6,304          |
| Logical heads              | 16             | 16             |
| Logical sectors            | 63             | 63             |
| Bytes per sector           | 512            | 512            |
| Rotation speed (rpm)       | 4,200          | 4,200          |
| Recording method           | 8-9 RLL        | 8-9 RLL        |

#### 1.5 Keyboard

The 84-(USA) or 86-(European) key keyboard is mounted on the system unit. The keyboard is connected to the keyboard controller on the system board through a 24-pin flat cable. The keyboard is shown in Figure 1-6.

See Appendix E for optional keyboard configurations.

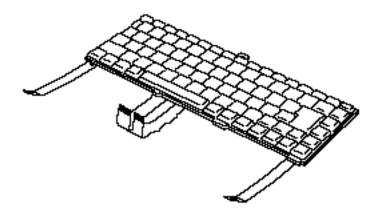


Figure 1-6 Keyboard

#### 1.6 TFT Color LCD

The display panel contains a TFT color LCD module, a fluorescent lamp (FL) and an FL inverter board.

#### 1.6.1 TFT Color LCD Module

The LCD enables display of up to 256K colors at a resolution 800 x 480 pixels.

The LCD is shown in Figure 1-7. Specifications are listed in Table 1-3.

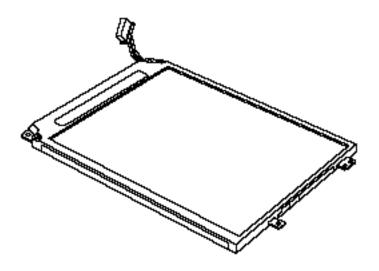


Figure 1-7 TFT color LCD

Table 1-3 LCD specifications

| Items                     | Specifications    |
|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of Pixels (pixels) | 800x480           |
| Dot pitch (mm)            | 0.192x0.192       |
| Display area (mm)         | 153.6(H)x92.16(V) |
| Contrast                  | 1:150 (Typ)       |

#### 1.6.2 FL Inverter Board

The FL inverter board supplies high frequency current to light the LCD's Fluorescent Lamp.

Specifications for the FL inverter are listed in Table 1-4.

Table 1-4 FL inverter board specifications

| Item   | Specifications |        |             |
|--------|----------------|--------|-------------|
| Input  | Voltage        | (V)    | 5           |
|        | Power          | (W)    | 2.3         |
| Output | Voltage        | (Vrms) | 800         |
|        | Current        | (mA)   | 2.0 to 3.5* |

\*NOTE: The FL currents at power on are:

#### 1.7 Power Supply

The power supply supplies ten kinds of voltages to the system board, has one microprocessor and it operates at 4MHz. It performs the following functions:

- 1. Determines if the AC adapter or battery is connected to the computer.
- 2. Detects DC output and circuit malfunctions.
- 3. Controls the battery icon, and DC IN icon.
- 4. Turns the battery charging system on and off and detects a fully charged battery.
- 5. Determines if the power can be turned on and off.
- 6. Provides more accurate detection of a low battery.
- 7. Calculates the remaining battery capacity.

The embedded controller operates at 2MHz and has the following functions:

- 1. Controls ACPI in Windows 98.
- 2. Monitors the computer's temperature.
- 3. Controls power supply to the docking port.
- 4. General purpose port.

The power supply output rating is specified in Table 1-5.

Table 1-5 Power supply board output rating

|  |       |            | Power supplied Yes/No |           |            |
|--|-------|------------|-----------------------|-----------|------------|
| Use  | Name  | Voltage(V) | Suspend               | Power off | No battery |
| CPU  | +1.8V | 1.8        | NO                    | NO        | NO         |
| CPU, CLKGEN, System Controller GA  | +2.5V | 2.5        | NO                    | NO        | NO         |
| CLKGEN   | +3.3V | 3.3        | NO                    | NO        | NO         |
| System Controller GA, PC<br>Card Slot, VGA Controller,<br>I/O & PC Card Controller<br>GA, DRAM | B3V   | 3.3        | YES                   | NO        | NO         |
| VGA Controller, PC Card<br>Slot  | B5V   | 5.0        | YES                   | NO        | NO         |
| Flash Memory, KBC, IPSC,<br>LCD Panel, HDD, LEDs,<br>Sound, E2PROM,GA                          | VCC   | 5.0        | NO                    | NO        | NO         |
| KB/Mouse Port  | IFVCC | 5.0        | NO                    | NO        | NO         |
| PSC  | MCV   | 5.0        | YES                   | YES       | NO         |
| Embedded Controller  | S5V   | 5.0        | YES                   | YES       | NO         |
| RTC  | RTCV  | 5.0        | YES                   | YES       | YES        |

#### 1.8 Batteries

The computer has tow types of batteries:

☐ Main battery pack

☐ RTC battery

The battery specifications are listed in Table 1-6.

Table 1-6 Battery specifications

| Battery name | Material             | Output voltage | Capacity                  |  |
|--------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------------------|--|
| Main battery | Lithium-lon          | 10.8 V         | 1,200 mAh                 |  |
|              |                      |                | 2,400 mAh (High capacity) |  |
| RTC battery  | Nickel Metal Hydride | 2.4 V          | 11 mAh                    |  |

#### 1.8.1 Main Battery

The removable main battery pack is the computer's main power source when the Universal AC Adapter is not connected. The main battery pack maintains the state of the computer when the computer enters in resume mode.

#### 1.8.2 Battery Icon

The icon shows the status of the removable battery pack.

The status of each can be determined by color:

Orange The battery is being charged. (Universal AC Adapter connected)
Green The battery is full charged. (Universal AC Adapter connected)

Blinking orange The battery is low when the power is on.

No light Under any other conditions, the LED does not light.

#### 1.8.3 Battery Charging Control

Battery charging is controlled by a power supply microprocessor that is mounted on the system board. The microprocessor controls whether the charge is on or off and detects a full charge when the Universal AC Adapter and battery are connected to the computer. The system charges the battery using quick charge or trickle charge.

#### ☐ Quick Battery Charge

The battery quick charges when the Universal AC Adapter is connected and the system is powered off or in suspend mode.

Table 1-7 Time required for quick charges

| Status                    | Charging time |
|---------------------------|---------------|
| Quick charge 1(power off) | 2 to 3 hours  |
| Quick charge 2(power on)  | 5 to 6 hours  |

If any of the following occurs, the Main Battery quick charge process stops.

- 1. The Main Battery becomes fully charged.
- 2. The AC adapter or Main Battery is removed.
- 3. The Main Battery or output voltage is abnormal.

#### ☐ Trickle Battery Charge

When the main battery is fully charged and the AC adapter is attached, the microprocessor automatically changes quick charge 1 or 2 to trickle charge.

#### 1.8.4 RTC Battery

The RTC battery provides power to keep the current date, time and other setup information in memory while the computer is turned off. Table 1-8 lists the charging time and data preservation period of the RTC battery.

Table 1-8 RTC battery charging/data preservation time

| Status                                 | Time     |
|--|----------|
| Charging Time                          | 48 hours |
| Data preservation period (full charge) | 1 month  |

# Chapter 2

# **Troubleshooting Procedures**

# **Chapter 2** Contents

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#### 1.1 Troubleshooting

Chapter 2 describes how to determine if a Field Replaceable Unit (FRU) in the computer is causing the computer to malfunction. The FRUs covered are:

- 1. System Board 4. Hard Disk Drive 7. Pointing Board
- 2. FL Inverter Board 5. Keyboard
- 3. Floppy Disk Drive 6. Display

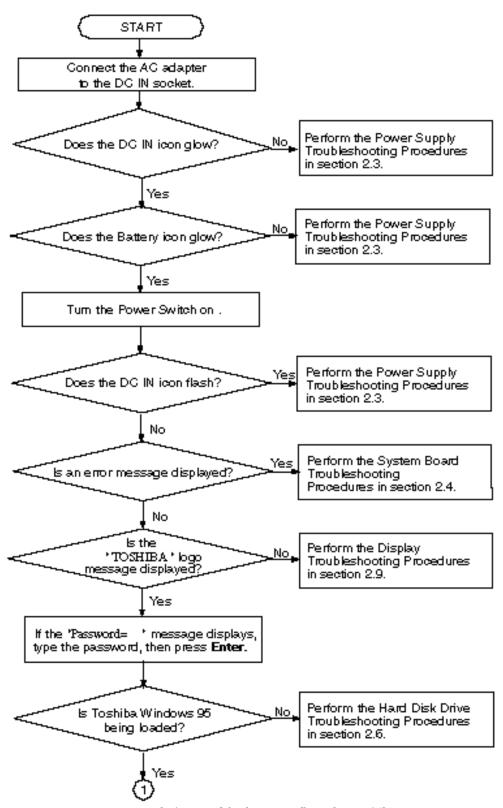
The Diagnostics Disk operations are described in Chapter 3. Detailed replacement procedures are given in Chapter 4.

The following tools are necessary for implementing the troubleshooting procedures:

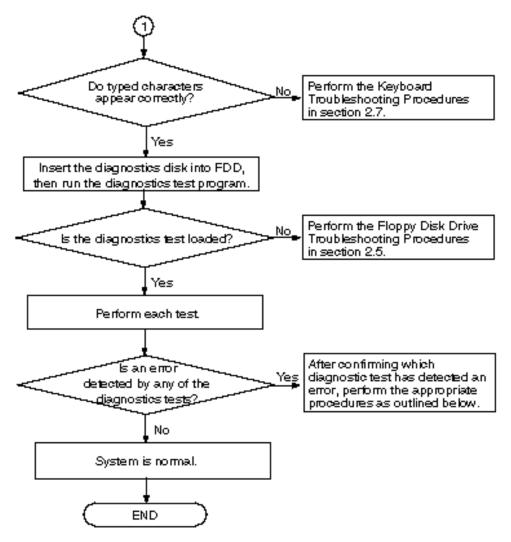
- 1. Diagnostics Disk
- 2. Phillips screwdriver (2 mm)
- 3. Toshiba MS-DOS system disk(s)
  (You must install the following onto the disk: SYS.COM, FORMAT.COM, FDISK.COM and FDISK.EXE)
- 4. 2DD or 2HD formatted work disk for floppy disk drive testing
- 5. Cleaning kit for floppy disk drive troubleshooting
- 6. Printer port LED
- 7. Printer port wraparound connector
- 8. Serial port wraparound connector
- 9. PC card wraparound card
- 10. Multimeter
- 11. I/O Adapter
- 12. External FDD

### 1.2 Troubleshooting Flowchart

| the flowchart in Figure 2-1 as a guide for determining which troubleshooting procedures cute. Before going through the flowchart steps, verify the following:  |
|--|
| Ask the user if a password is registered and, if it is, ask him or her to enter the password. If the user has forgotten the system password, perform the following procedure at the appropriate step in the flowchart in Figure 2-1: |
| Connect the printer port wraparound board (F31PRT), then turn the POWER switch on. The computer will override the password function by erasing the current password.   |
| Verify with the customer that Toshiba Windows 95 is installed on the hard disk. Non Toshiba operating systems can cause the computer to malfunction.   |
| Make sure all optional equipment is removed from the computer.   |
| Make sure the floppy disk drive is empty.  |



*Figure 2-1 Troubleshooting flowchart (1/2)* 



*Figure 2-1 Troubleshooting flowchart (2/2)* 

If the diagnostics program cannot detect an error, the problem may be intermittent. The Running Test program should be executed several times to isolate the problem. Check the Log Utilities function to confirm which diagnostic test detected an error, then perform the appropriate troubleshooting procedures as follows:

- 1. If an error is detected on the system test, memory test, display test, async test, printer test, expansion test, sound test or real timer test, perform the System Board Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.4.
- 2. If an error is detected on the floppy disk test, perform the FDD Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.5.
- 3. If an error is detected on the hard disk test, perform the HDD Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.6.

- 4. If an error is detected on the keyboard test, perform the Keyboard Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.7.
- 5. If an error is detected on the display test, perform the Display Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.9.

# 1.3 Power Supply Troubleshooting

The power supply controls many functions and components. To determine if the power supply is functioning properly, start with Procedure 1 and continue with the other Procedures as instructed. The procedures described in this section are:

Procedure 1: Power Status Check
Procedure 2: Error Code Check
Procedure 3: Connection Check
Procedure 4: Quick Charge Check
Procedure 5: Replacement Check

#### Procedure 1 Power Status Check

The following icons indicate the power supply status:

□ Battery icon□ DC IN icon

The power supply controller displays the power supply status through the Battery and the DC IN icons as listed in the tables below.

 Battery icon
 Power supply status

 Lights orange
 Quick charge

 Lights green
 Battery is fully charged and AC adapter is connected

 Blinks orange (even intervals)
 The battery level becomes low while operating the computer on battery power.\*1

 Flashes orange
 The power switch is pressed on when the battery level is low.\*2

 Doesn't light
 Any condition other than those above.

Table 2-1 Battery icon

<sup>\*1</sup> Auto Hibernation Off will be executed soon.

<sup>\*2</sup> Auto Hibernation Off has already been executed.

Table 2-2 DC IN icon

| DC IN icon    | Power supply status                             |  |
|---------------|---|--|
| Lights green  | DC power is being supplied from the AC adapter. |  |
| Blinks orange | Power supply malfunction*3                      |  |
| Doesn't light | Any condition other than those above.           |  |

\*3 When the power supply controller detects a malfunction, the DC IN icon blinks and an error code is displayed.

To check the power supply status, install a battery pack and connect an AC adapter.

- Check 1 If the DC IN icon blinks orange, go to Procedure 2.
- Check 2 If the DC IN icon does not light, go to Procedure 3.
- Check 3 If the battery icon does not light orange or green, go to Procedure 4.

**CAUTION:** Use only an AC adapter manufactured for the Libretto 100CT. If you use another AC adapter, the computer's power supply may malfunction or a fuse on the system board may be blown.

#### Procedure 2 Error Code Check

If the power supply microprocessor detects a malfunction, the DC IN icon blinks orange. The blink pattern indicates an error as shown below.

☐ Start Off for 2 seconds

☐ Error code (8 bit)

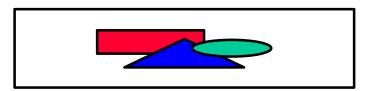
"1" On for one second

"0" On for half second

Interval between data bits Off for half second

The error code begins with the least significant digit.

Example: Error code 12h (Error codes are given in hexadecimal format.)



Check 1 Convert the DC IN icon blink pattern into the hexadecimal error code and compare it to the tables below.

☐ DC power supplied through AC adapter

| Error code | Meaning  |  |
|------------|--|--|
| 10h        | AC Adapter voltage is over 16.5V (15V+10%).                                      |  |
| 12h        | Current from the DC power supply is over the limit (3.13A).                      |  |
| 13h        | Current from the DC power supply is over the limit (0.5A) when there is no load. |  |
| 14h        | Current sensing IC is not normal.  |  |

# ☐ Main Battery

| Error code | Meaning   |  |
|------------|---|--|
| 20h        | Battery voltage is over the limit (13.46V).   |  |
| 21h        | Main battery charge current is over the limit (2.53A).  |  |
| 22h        | Mai battery discharge current is over the maximum allowed limit when there is no load (0.5A). |  |
| 23h        | Main battery charge current is over limit (1.80A) whenthere.                                  |  |
| 24h        | Current sensing IC is not normal.   |  |
| 25h        | Main battery charge current is over the limit (0.5A).   |  |

# ☐ S5V output

| Error code | Meaning                                 |  |
|------------|---|--|
| 40h        | S5V voltage is under the limit (4.75V). |  |

# **□** B5V output

| Error code | Meaning  |  |
|------------|--|--|
| 50h        | B5V voltage is over the limit (5.5V).                                  |  |
| 51h        | B5V voltage is under the limit (4.5V) when power supply is turned on.  |  |
| 52h        | B5V voltage is under the limit (4.5V) when the computer is booting up. |  |
| 53h        | B5V dose not start up when the computer is suspended.                  |  |

# ☐ B3V output

| Error code | Meaning   |
|------------|---|
| 60h        | B3V voltage is over the limit (3.8V).                                   |
| 61h        | B3V voltage is under the limit (2.81V) when power supply is turned on.  |
| 62h        | B3V voltage is under the limit (2.81V) when the computer is booting up. |
| 63h        | B3V dose not start up when the computer is suspended.                   |

#### ☐ B2V output

| Error code | Meaning   |
|------------|---|
| 70h        | B2V voltage is over the limit (2.88V).                                  |
| 71h        | B2V voltage is under the limit (2.13V) when power supply is turned on.  |
| 72h        | B2V voltage is under the limit (2.13V) when the computer is booting up. |
| 73h        | B2V voltage is over the limit (2.13V) when power supply is turned off.  |

## ☐ B1V output

| Error code | Meaning   |
|------------|---|
| 80h        | B1V voltage is over the limit (2.16V).                                  |
| 81h        | B1V voltage is under the limit (1.44V) when power supply is turned on.  |
| 82h        | B1V voltage is under the limit (1.44V) when the computer is booting up. |
| 83h        | B1V voltage is over the limit (1.44V) when power supply is turned off.  |

#### Check 2 In the case of error code 10h:

| Make sure the AC adapter is firmly connected to the computer is DC IN         |
|---|
| socket and to power source. If this cables are connected correctly, go to the |
| following step:   |
|   |

☐ Replace the AC adapter with a new one. If the error still exists, go to Procedure 5.

#### Check 3 In the case of error code 20h:

- ☐ Make sure the battery pack is correctly installed in the computer. If the battery pack is correctly installed, go to the following step:
- ☐ Replace the battery pack with a new one. If the error still exists, go to Procedure 5.

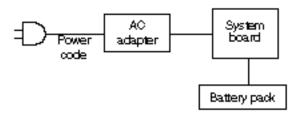
#### Check 4 In the case of error code 21h:

☐ Go to Procedure 3.

Check 5 When for any other error, go to Procedure 5.

#### Procedure 3 Connection Check

The power supply wiring diagram is shown below:



Any of the connectors may be disconnected. Perform Check 1.

- Check 1 Make sure the Libretto 100's AC adapter is firmly connected to the computer's DC IN socket and a power source. If these cables are connected correctly, go to Check 2.
- Check 2 Replace the AC adapter with a new one. If the DC IN icon does not glow green, go to Procedure 5.

#### Procedure 4 Quick Charge Check

The power supply may not charge the battery pack. Perform the following procedures:

- 1. Reinstall the battery pack.
- 2. Attach the AC adapter and turn on the power. If you cannot turn on the power, go to Procedure 5.
- 3. Run the Diagnostic test, go to System test and execute subtest 06 (quick charge) described in Chapter 3.
- 4. When quick charge is complete, the diagnostics test displays the result code. Check the result code against the table below and perform any necessary check.

| Result code | Contents                                       | Check items |
|-------------|--|-------------|
| 0           | The battery is quick charging normally.        | Normal      |
| 1           | The battery is fully charged.                  | Normal      |
| 2           | The AC adapter is not attached.                | Check 1     |
| 3           | The AC adapter's output voltage is not normal. | Check 1     |
| 4           | The Battery is not installed. Check 2          |             |
| 5           | The battery's output voltage is not normal.    | Check 3     |
| 6           | The battery's temperature is not normal.       | Check 4     |
| 7           | A bad battery is installed. Check 2            |             |
| 8           | Any other problems. Check 5                    |             |

- Check 1 Make sure the AC adapter and AC power cord are firmly plugged into the DC IN socket and the wall outlet. If these cables are connected correctly, replace the AC power cord and AC adapter.
- Check 2 Make sure the battery is properly installed. If the battery is properly installed, replace it with a new one.
- Check 3 The battery pack may be completely discharged. Wait a few minutes to charge the battery pack. If the battery pack is still not charged, replace the battery pack with a new one.
- Check 4 The battery's temperature is too hot or cold. Return the temperature to a normal operating condition. If the battery pack still is not charged, replace the battery pack with a new one.
- Check 5 Go to Procedure 5.

## Procedure 5 Replacement Check

The AC adapter may be disconnected or damaged. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*. After checking the connection, perform the following checks:

- Check 1 Replace the AC adapter with a new one. If the problem still exists, go to Check 2.
- Check 2 Replace the system board with a new one. Refer to Chapter 4 for instructions on how to remove and replace the system board.

# 1.4 System Board Troubleshooting

This section describes how to determine if the system board is defective or not functioning properly. Start with Procedure 1 and continue with the other procedures as instructed. The procedures described in this section are:

Procedure 1: Message Check

Procedure 2: Printer Port LED Check on Boot Mode

Procedure 3: Printer Port LED Check on Resume Mode

Procedure 4: Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Procedure 5: Replacement Check

#### Procedure 1 Message Check

When the power is turned on, the system performs the Initial Reliability Test (IRT) installed in the BIOS ROM. The IRT tests each IC on the system board and initializes it.

- ☐ If an error message is shown on the display, perform Check 1.
   ☐ If there is no error message, go to Procedure 2.
- ☐ If Toshiba MS-DOS or Toshiba Windows 95 is properly loaded, go to Procedure 4.
- Check 1 If one of the following error messages displays on the screen, press the **F1** key as the message instructs. These errors occur when the system configuration preserved in the RTC memory (CMOS type memory) is not the same as the actual configuration or when the data is lost.

If you press the **F1** key as the message instructs, the TSETUP screen appears to set the system configuration. If error message (b) appears often when the power is turned on, replace the RTC battery. If any other error message displays, perform Check 2.

- (a) \*\*\* Bad HDD type \*\*\*
  Check system. Then press [F1] key .....
- (b) \*\*\* Bad RTC battery \*\*\*
  Check system. Then press [F1] key .....
- (c) \*\*\* Bad configuration \*\*\*
  Check system. Then press [F1] key .....
- (d) \*\*\* Bad memory size \*\*\*
  Check system. Then press [F1] key .....
- (e) \*\*\* Bad time function \*\*\*
  Check system. Then press [F1] key .....
- (f) \*\*\* Bad check sum (CMOS) \*\*\*
  Check system. Then press [F1] key .....
- (g) \*\*\* Bad check sum (ROM) \*\*\*
  Check system. Then press [F1] key .....
- Check 2 If the following error message displays on the screen, press any key as the message instructs. If any other error message displays, perform Check 3.

  The following error message appears when data stored in RAM under the resume function is lost because the battery has become discharged or the system board is damaged. Go to Procedure 3.

WARNING: RESUME FAILURE.
PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE.

Check 3 The IRT checks the system board. When the IRT detects an error, the system stops or an error message appears.

If one of the following error messages (1) through (17), (24) or (25) displays, go to Procedure 5.

If error message (18) displays, go to the Keyboard Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.7.

If error message (19), (20) or (21) displays, go to the HDD Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.6.

If error message (22) or (23) displays, go to the FDD Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.5.

- (1) PIT ERROR
- (2) MEMORY REFRESH ERROR
- (3) TIMER CH.2 OUT ERROR
- (4) CMOS CHECKSUM ERROR
- (5) CMOS BAD BATTERY ERROR
- (6) FIRST 64KB MEMORY ERROR
- (7) FIRST 64KB MEMORY PARITY ERROR
- (8) VRAM ERROR
- (9) SYSTEM MEMORY ERROR
- (10) SYSTEM MEMORY PARITY ERROR
- (11) EXTENDED MEMORY ERROR
- (12) EXTENDED MEMORY PARITY ERROR
- (13) DMA PAGE REGISTER ERROR
- (14) DMAC #1 ERROR
- (15) DMAC #2 ERROR
- (16) PIC #1 ERROR
- (17) PIC #2 ERROR
- (18) KBC ERROR
- (19) HDC ERROR
- (20) HDD #0 ERROR
- (21) HDD #1 ERROR
- (22) NO FDD ERROR
- (23) FDC ERROR
- (24) TIMER INTERRUPT ERROR
- (25) RTC UPDATE ERROR

#### Procedure 2 Printer Port LED Check on Boot Mode

The printer port LED displays the IRT status and test status by turning lights on and off as an eight-digit binary value for boot mode. Figure 2-2 shows the printer port LED.

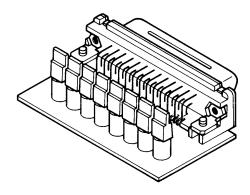


Figure 2-2 Printer port LED

To use the printer port LED follow the steps below:

- 1. Plug the printer port LED into the computer's parallel port.
- 2. Hold down the space bar and turn on the computer's power.
- 3. Read the LED status from left to right as you are facing the back of the computer.
- 4. Convert the status from binary to hexadecimal notation.
- 5. If the final LED status is FFh (normal status), go to Procedure 4.
- 6. If the final LED status matches any of the test status values in Table 2-3, perform Check 1.

**NOTE**: If an error condition is detected by the IRT test, the printer port LED displays an error code after the IRT test ends. For example, when the printer port LED displays 1F and halts, the IRT test has already completed the Display initialization. In this instance, the IRT indicates an error has been detected during the system memory test.

Table 2-3 Printer port LED boot mode status (1/5)

| LED Status | Test item                       | Message                                |
|------------|---------------------------------|--|
| FFh        | Start                           | Register initialization for boot block |
| B0h        | Flash ROM check                 | PIT ch.0 initialization                |
|            |                                 | BIOS rewrite flag initialization       |
|            |                                 | Transition to protected mode           |
|            |                                 | Boot block checksum                    |
|            |                                 | KBC initialization                     |
|            |                                 | BIOS (runtime and IRT) checksum        |
| B2h        | KBC initialization (1)          | KBC initialization                     |
| B3h        | BIOS rewrite                    | BIOS rewrite request check             |
|            |                                 | Canceling power down of L2-cache       |
|            |                                 | Enabling CMOS access                   |
|            |                                 | Port 25h unlock                        |
| 00h        | Special register initialization | Toshiba register initialization (1)    |
|            |                                 | Toshiba register initialization (2)    |
| 01h        | Memory check                    | DRAM size check                        |
|            |                                 | Memory structure configuration         |
|            |                                 | SM-RAM stack area test                 |
| 05h        | CMOS check and initialization   | Enabling cache                         |
|            | ROM to RAM copy                 | CMOS access test                       |
|            |                                 | CMOS checksum                          |
|            |                                 | CMOS data initialization               |
|            |                                 | Set DRAM size                          |
|            |                                 | Resume branch check                    |
|            |                                 | CMOS error check                       |
|            |                                 | Resume status check                    |
|            |                                 | SM-RAM checksum                        |
|            |                                 | System BIOS checksum                   |
|            |                                 | Toshiba register initialization (3)    |
|            |                                 | Set SM-RAM base address                |
|            |                                 | Grant SMI                              |
|            |                                 | KBC initialization                     |

Table 2-3 Printer port LED boot mode status (2/5)

| LED Status | Test item                    | Message   |
|------------|------------------------------|---|
| 05h        |                              | PIT initialization  |
|            |                              | Start resume sequence                                     |
|            |                              | Resume error process                                      |
|            |                              | SM-RAM initialization                                     |
|            |                              | ROM to RAM copy and enabling shadow RAM                   |
|            |                              | Toshiba register initialization (3)                       |
| 06h        | SMI initialization           | SM-RAM base rewrite                                       |
|            | KBC initialization (2)       | Set SMI handler   |
|            |                              | Grant SMI   |
|            |                              | Estimate operation clock speed                            |
|            |                              | Grant all SMIs  |
|            |                              | Measure for miscellaneous GA                              |
|            |                              | Date check for alarm power on                             |
|            |                              | Canceling HDD hardware reset                              |
|            |                              | Set COMS default configuration when CMOS error detected   |
|            |                              | KBC initialization  |
| 03h        | VGA initialization           | VGA controller power off and reset control                |
|            | Sound initialization         | Sound controller initialization                           |
|            | PIT initialization           | PIT test and initialization                               |
| 04h        | PIC initialization           | PIC initialization  |
|            |                              | PIC test  |
|            |                              | CPU type discrimination                                   |
|            |                              | Self-test control status initialization                   |
| 02h        | PCI initialization           | PCI initialization  |
|            |                              | Detection of VGA controller on ISA                        |
| 71h        | Set CMOS initialize register | Printer port wraparound connector detection               |
|            |                              | CMOS data initialization for APM                          |
|            |                              | Set divider control register                              |
|            |                              | Set counter control register                              |
|            |                              | Set configuration number and sleep counter initialization |

Table 2-3 Printer port LED boot mode status (3/5)

| LED Status | Test item                     | Message   |
|------------|-------------------------------|---|
| 07h        | PnP initialization            | PnP initialization                                      |
| 73h        | Desk station initialization   | Initialization of NS Super I/O in desk station          |
| 72h        | Get PnP information           | PnP ISA card separation and get resource information    |
| 74h        | Password initialization       | Password initialization                                 |
| 76h        | TSETUP                        | TSETUP hardware configuration                           |
|            |                               | Issuing power off grant command                         |
|            |                               | Set CPU speed   |
|            |                               | Set speaker   |
|            |                               | Set battery alarm                                       |
|            |                               | Set panel close alarm                                   |
|            |                               | Set panel power on/off                                  |
|            |                               | PnP system resource configuration                       |
| 79h        | Serial port configuration     | Serial port configuration                               |
|            | PC card configuration         | Modem port configuration                                |
|            | PnP automatic configuration   | PC card initialization                                  |
|            |                               | PnP automatic configuration                             |
| 77h        | EC and PSC configuration      | Grant embedded controller SMI                           |
|            |                               | SLP_TYP setting   |
|            |                               | Power supply microprocessor configuration               |
| 78h        | PCI device initialization (1) | Ensure work area for automatic configuration            |
|            |                               | Initialization of work area                             |
|            |                               | Create reserved resource map                            |
| 81h        | PCI device initialization (2) | Add reserved resource for primary display device to map |
| 82h        | PCI device initialization (3) | Add reserved variable resource to map                   |
| 83h        | PCI device initialization (4) | PCI automatic configuration                             |
|            |                               | Special process after PCI configuration                 |

Table 2-3 Printer port LED boot mode status (4/5)

| LED Status | Test item                 | Message   |
|------------|---------------------------|---|
| 7Bh        | HDD initialization        | Printer port configuration                                  |
|            | FDD initialization        | HDD initialization  |
|            |                           | Serial interrupt control                                    |
|            |                           | FDD initialization  |
|            |                           | Open closing PCI device                                     |
| 7Ch        | BIOS RAM update           | IRQ routing table update                                    |
|            |                           | Copying parameter in IRT BIOS to runtime BIOS               |
| 7Ah        | VGA initialization        | Video card recognition and wait for VGA chip initialization |
| 08h        | Output code generation    | Output code generation                                      |
| 09h        | First 64 KB memory check  | First 64 KB memory check                                    |
| 0Dh        | System configuration      | Store CMOS error information to SM-RAM                      |
|            |                           | Timer initialization  |
|            |                           | Get version of embedded controller and PS microprocessor    |
|            |                           | Set default value to embedded controller                    |
|            |                           | Toshiba special register initialization                     |
|            |                           | Grant SMI from docking port and Selectable Bay              |
| 19h        | Display initialization    | VGA BIOS initialization                                     |
|            | Selectable Bay lock check | Selectable Bay lock check                                   |
| 1Fh        | Displaying logo           | Displaying logo   |
| 20h        | PnP configuration         | PnP automatic configuration                                 |
|            |                           | PnP ISA card isolation                                      |
|            |                           | Search assignable resource and card configuration           |
| 21h        | System memory check       | System memory check   |
| 25h        | Expansion memory check    | Expansion memory check                                      |
| 30h        | DMA page check            | DMA page check  |
| 40h        | DMAC check                | DMAC check  |
| 41h        | DMAC configuration        | DMAC configuration  |
| 42h        | Printer port check        | Printer port check  |
| 70h        | SIO check                 | SIO check   |
| 80h        | NDP configuration         | NDP configuration   |

*Table 2-3 Printer port LED boot mode status (5/5)* 

| LED Status | Test item               | Message   |
|------------|-------------------------|---|
| A0h        | Boot password           | Boot password                                       |
| C0h        | External I/O check      | External I/O check                                  |
| A6h        | BIOS information update | Set font address                                    |
|            |                         | Set shadow RAM size                                 |
|            |                         | Set expansion memory size to CMOS                   |
|            |                         | System resource update                              |
|            |                         | Set extended memory size to runtime BIOS for INT15h |
|            |                         | ACPI table update                                   |
|            |                         | Set SCT area to runtime BIOS                        |
|            |                         | Set battery save mode                               |
|            |                         | Send date to PS microprocessor                      |
|            |                         | Close PCI device configuration area                 |
|            |                         | Protect system BIOS                                 |
|            |                         | Cache control                                       |
| FEh        | System ROM check        | System ROM check                                    |
| FFh        | End                     |   |

Check 1 If any of the following error codes display, go to Procedure 5.

B0h, B2h, B3h, 00h, 01h, 05h, 06h, 03h, 04h, 02h, 71h, 07h, 73h, 74h, 72h, 76h, 79h, 77h, 78h, 81h, 82h, 7Bh, 7Ch, 7Ah, 08h, 09h, 0Dh, 19h, 1Fh, 20h, 21h, 25h, 30h, 40h, 41h, 42h, 70h, 80h, A0h, C0h, A6h, FEh

Check 2 If error code 83h is displayed, go to the following sections:

Section 2.5. FDD Troubleshooting Section 2.6. HDD Troubleshooting

#### Procedure 3 Printer Port LED Check on Resume Mode

The printer port LED displays the IRT status and test status by turning lights on and off as an eight-digit binary value for Hibernation mode.

To use the printer port LED follow the steps below:

- 1. Make sure the computer is in Resume mode.
- 2. Plug the printer port LED into the computer's parallel port.
- 3. Turn on the computer's power.
- 4. Read the LED status from left to right as you face the back of the computer.
- 5. Convert the status from binary to hexadecimal notation.
- 6. If the final LED status is FFh (normal status), go to Procedure 4.
- 7. If the final LED status matches any of the test status values in Table 2-4, perform Procedure 5.

Table 2-4 Printer port LED Resume mode error status

| Error status | Meaning of status                                   |
|--------------|---|
| F1H          | System BIOS RAM checksum error                      |
| F2H          | External display card is connected.                 |
| F3H          | HDD was installed.                                  |
| F4H          | SMRAM checksum error or memory error during suspend |
| F5H          | Conventional memory checksum error                  |
| F7H          | Extended memory checksum error                      |
| F8H          | PnP RAM checksum error                              |

## Procedure 4 Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Execute the following tests from the Diagnostic Test Menu. Refer to Chapter 3, *Tests and Diagnostic*, for more information on how to perform these tests.

- 1. System test
- 2. Memory test
- 3. Keyboard test
- 4. Display test
- 5. Floppy Disk test
- 6. Printer test
- 7. ASYNC test
- 8. Hard Disk test
- 9. Real Timer test
- 10. NDP test
- 11. Expansion test
- 12. Sound test

If an error is detected during these tests, go to Procedure 5.

## Procedure 5 Replacement Check

The system board may be damaged. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures* and replace the system board with a new one.

# 1.5 FDD Troubleshooting

This section describes how to determine if the FDD is functioning properly. Perform the steps below starting with Procedure 1 and continuing with the other procedures as required.

Procedure 1: FDD Head Cleaning Check

Procedure 2: Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Procedure 3: Connector Check and Replacement Check

## Procedure 1 FDD Head Cleaning Check

FDD head cleaning is one option available in the Diagnostic Program. A detailed operation is given in Chapter 3, *Tests and Diagnostics*.

Insert the Diagnostics Disk in the computer's floppy disk drive, turn on the computer and run the test. Clean the FDD heads using the cleaning kit. If the FDD still does not function properly after cleaning, go to Procedure 2.

If the test program cannot be executed on the computer, go to Procedure 2.

## Procedure 2 Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Insert the Diagnostics Disk in the FDD, turn on the computer and run the test. Refer to Chapter 3, *Tests and Diagnostics*, for more information about the diagnostics test procedures.

Floppy disk drive test error codes and their status names are listed in Table 2-5. Make sure the floppy disk is formatted correctly and that the write protect tab is disabled. If any other errors occur while executing the FDD diagnostics test, go to Check 1.

Code **Status** 01h Bad command 02h Address mark not found 03h Write protected Record not found 04h Media removed on dual attach card 06h 08h DMA overrun error 09h DMA boundary error **CRC** error 10h 20h FDC error 40h Seek error 60h FDD not drive Time out error (Not ready) 80h EEh Write buffer error FFh Data compare error

Table 2-5 FDD error code and status

Check 1 If the following message displays, disable the write protect tab on the floppy disk. If any other message appears, perform Check 2.

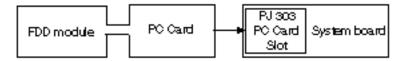
Write protected

Check 2 Make sure the floppy disk is formatted correctly. If it is, go to Procedure 3.

## **Procedure 3** Connector Check and Replacement Check

The FDD, cable and PC card is a single unit. Install the FDD's PC card in the computer, then begin with Check 1 below.

Check 1 Make sure the PC card is properly connected to the system board



If the connection is loose, reinstall the PC card and repeat Procedure 2. If there is still an error, go to Check 2.

- Check 2 The FDD may be defective or damaged. Replace the FDD with a new one. If the FDD is still not functioning properly, perform Check 3.
- Check 3 Replace the system board with a new one following the steps in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*.

# 1.6 HDD Troubleshooting

This section describes how to determine if the HDD is functioning properly. Perform the steps below starting with Procedure 1 and continuing with the other procedures as required.

Procedure 1: Message Check
Procedure 2: Partition Check
Procedure 3: Format Check

Procedure 4: Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check Procedure 5: Connector Check and Replacement Check

**NOTE**: The contents of the hard disk will be erased when the HDD troubleshooting procedures are executed. Transfer the contents of the hard disk to floppy disk or other device. If the customer has not or cannot perform the backup, create backup disks as described below.

Check to see if the Microsoft Create System Disks Tools (MSCSD.EXE) still exists in the System Tools Folder. (This tool can be used only once.) If it exists, use it to back up the preinstalled software, then use the Backup utility in the System Tools folder to back up the entire disk, including the user's files.

Refer to the operating system instructions.

## Procedure 1 Message Check

When the computer's HDD does not function properly, some of the following error messages may appear on the display. Start with Check 1 below and perform the other checks as instructed.

Check 1 If any of the following messages appear, go to Procedure 5. If the following messages do not appear, perform Check 2.

HDC ERROR (After 5 seconds this message will disappear.) or

HDD #0 ERROR (After 5 seconds this message will disappear.) or

HDD #1 ERROR (After 5 seconds this message will disappear.)

Check 2 If either of the following messages appears, go to Procedure 2. If the following messages do not appear, perform Check 3.

Insert system disk in drive
Press any key when ready .....
or
Non-System disk or disk error
Replace and press any key

Check 3 Check TSETUP to see whether the Hard Disk option is set to Not used. If it is set to Not used, choose another setting and restart the computer. If the problem still exists, go to Procedure 2.

#### Procedure 2 Partition Check

Insert the Toshiba MS-DOS system disk and restart the computer. Perform the following checks:

- Check 1 Type **C:** and press **Enter**. If you cannot change to drive C, go to Check 2. If you can change to drive C, go to Check 3.
- Check 2 Type **FDISK** and press **Enter**. Choose Display Partition Information from the FDISK menu. If drive C is listed, go to Check 3. If drive C is not listed, return to the FDISK menu and choose the option to create a DOS partition on drive C. Restart the computer from the Toshiba MS-DOS system disk. If the problem still exists, go to Procedure 3.
- Check 3 If drive C is listed as active in the FDISK menu, go to Check 4. If drive C is not listed as active, return to the FDISK menu and choose the option to set the active partition for drive C. Restart the computer. If the problem still exists, go to Check 4.
- Check 4 Type **DIR C:** and press **Enter**. If the following message displays, go to Procedure 3. If contents of drive C are listed on the display, go to Check 5.

```
Invalid media type reading drive C Abort, Retry, Fail?
```

Check 5 Using the **SYS** command on the Toshiba MS-DOS system disk, install system files on the HDD.

If the following message appears on the display, the system files have been transferred to the HDD. Restart the computer. If the problem still exists, go to Procedure 3.

System transferred

#### Procedure 3 Format Check

The computer's HDD is formatted using the low level format program and the MS-DOS FORMAT program. To format the HDD, start with Check 1 below and perform the other steps as required.

Check 1 Format the HDD and transfer system files using **FORMAT C:/S/U**. If the following message appears on the display, the HDD is formatted.

Format complete

If an error message appears on the display, refer to the Toshiba MS-DOS Manual for more information and perform Check 2.

Check 2 Using the Diagnostic Disk, format the HDD with a low level format option. Refer to Chapter 3, *Tests and Diagnostics* for more information about the diagnostic program.

If the following message appears on the display, the HDD low level format is complete. Partition and format the HDD using the MS-DOS FORMAT command.

Format complete

If you cannot format the HDD using the Tests and Diagnostic program, go to Procedure 4.

## Procedure 4 Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

The HDD test program is stored in the Diagnostics Disk. Perform all of the HDD tests in the Hard Disk Drive Test. Refer to Chapter 3, *Tests and Diagnostics*, for more information about the HDD test program.

If an error is detected during the HDD test, an error code and status will display. The error codes and statuses are listed in Table 2-6. If an error code is not generated and the problem still exists, go to Procedure 5.

Table 2-6 Hard disk drive error code and status

| Code | Status                |
|------|-----------------------|
| 01h  | Bad command           |
| 02h  | Bad address mark      |
| 04h  | Record not found      |
| 05h  | HDC not reset         |
| 07h  | Drive not initialized |
| 08h  | HDC overrun (DRQ)     |
| 09h  | DMA boundary error    |
| 0Ah  | Bad sector error      |
| 0Bh  | Bad track error       |
| 10h  | ECC error             |
| 11h  | ECC recover enable    |
| 20h  | HDC error             |
| 40h  | Seek error            |
| 80h  | Time out error        |
| AAh  | Drive not ready       |
| BBh  | Undefined error       |
| CCh  | Write fault           |
| E0h  | Status error          |
| EEh  | Access time out error |
| DAh  | No HDD                |

## Procedure 5 Connector Check and Replaceme nt Check

The HDD or system board may be disconnected or damaged. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures* and perform the following checks:

Check 1 Make sure the HDD is firmly connected to system board.



If any of the connections are loose, reconnect firmly and repeat Procedure 1. If there is still an error, go to Check 2.

- Check 2 The HDD may be damaged. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4. If the problem still exists, perform Check 3.
- Check 3 The system board may be damaged. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4.

# 1.7 Keyboard Troubleshooting

To determine if the computer's keyboard is functioning properly, perform the following procedures. Start with Procedure 1 and continue with the other procedures as instructed.

Procedure 1: Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Procedure 2: Connector and Replacement Check

#### Procedure 1 Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Execute the Keyboard Test in the Diagnostic Program. Refer to Chapter 3, *Test and Diagnostics*, for more information on how to perform the test program

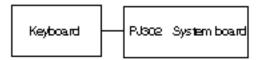
If an error occurs, go to Procedure 2. If an error does not occur, the keyboard is functioning properly

If the external keyboard appears to have the same problem as the internal keyboard, the system board may be damaged. Go to Procedure 2.

#### **Procedure 2** Connector and Replacement Check

The keyboard is connected to the system board by flat cables. These cables or connectors may be disconnected or damaged. If there is a problem with the keyboard, disassemble the computer as described in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*, and perform Check 1.

Check 1 Make sure the following cables are not damaged and are connected to the system board.



If the cables are damaged, replace the keyboard with a new one. If the cable is disconnected, firmly connect it. Perform Procedure 1 again. If the error still exists, perform Check 2.

Check 2 The system board may be damaged. Replace the system board with a new one. Refer to Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures* for more information.

## 1.8 Pointing Device Troubleshooting

To determine if the computer's pointing device is functioning properly, perform the following procedures.

Procedure 1: Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Procedure 2: Connector and Replacement Check

## Procedure 1 Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Execute the pointing device Test in the Diagnostic Program of Keyboard Test Program. Refer to Chapter 3, Test and Diagnostic, for more information on how to perform the test program. If an error occurs, go to Procedure 2. If an error does not occur, the pointing device is functioning properly.

#### Procedure 2 Connector and Replacement Check

The pointing device is connected to the system board by the FLIMC\* board (flexible cable). The FLIMC\* board or connectors may be disconnected or damaged. If there is a problem with the pointing device, disassemble the computer as described in Chapter 4.*Replacement Procedures*, and perform Check 1.

- Check 1 Make sure the FLIMC\* board or the pointing device is not damaged and that both are connected to the system board. If the FLIMC\* board or the pointing device is damaged, replace the FLIMC\* board or the pointing device with a new one. If the FLIMC\* board or the pointing device is disconnected, firmly connect it. Perform Procedure 1 again. If the error still exists, perform Check 2.
- Check 2 The System board may be damaged. Replace the System board with a new one. Refer to Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures* for more information.

# 1.9 Display Troubleshooting

This section describes how to determine if the computer's display is functioning properly. Start with Procedure 1 and continue with the other procedures as instructed.

Procedure 1: Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Procedure 2: Connector and Replacement Check

## Procedure 1 Diagnostic Test Program Executi on Check

The Display Test program is stored on the computer's Diagnostics disk. This program checks the display controller on the system board. Insert the Diagnostics disk in the computer's floppy disk drive, turn on the computer and run the test. Refer to Chapter 3, *Tests and Diagnostics* for details.

If an error is detected, go to Procedure 2. If an error is not detected, the display is functioning properly.

#### Procedure 2 Connector and Replacement Check

The FL, FL inverter board, LCD module, LCD flat cable and systemboard are connected to the display circuits. Any of these components may be damaged. Refer to Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*, for instructions on how to disassemble the computer and then perform the following checks:

If the FL does not light, perform Check 4.

If characters are not displayed clearly, perform Check 3.

If some screen functions do not operate properly, perform Check 3.

If the FL remains lit when the display is closed, perform Check4.

- Check 1 Replace the LCD flat cable with a new one and test the display again. If the problem still exists, perform Check 2.
- Check 2 Replace the LCD module with a new one and test the display again. If the problem still exists, perform Check 3..
- Check 3 Replace the FL inverter board with a new one and test the display again. If the problem still exists, perform Check 4.
- Check 4 Replace the FL with a new one and test the display again. If the problem still exists, perform Check 5.
- Check 5 The system board may be damaged. Replace the system board with a new one.

# **Chapter 3**

# **Tests and Diagnostics**

# **Chapter 3** Contents

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# 3.1 The Diagnostic Test

□ EXPANSION TEST□ SOUND TEST

This chapter explains how to use the Diagnostic Test program to test the functions of the computer's hardware modules. The Diagnostics Program is stored on the Diagnostic Disk. The Diagnostic Test consists of 12 programs that are grouped into the Service Program Module (DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU).

| <b>NOTES:</b> To start the diagnostics, follow these steps:       |
|---|
| 1. Check all cables for loose connections.                        |
| 2. Exit any application you may be using and close Windows.       |
|   |
| The DIAGNOSTIC MENU consists of the following functions:          |
| ☐ DIAGNOSTIC TEST   |
|   |
| ☐ HARD DISK FORMAT  |
| □ HEAD CLEANING   |
| □ LOG UTILITIES   |
| □ RUNNING TEST  |
| □ FDD UTILITIES   |
| SYSTEM CONFIGURATION  |
| ☐ EXIT TO MS-DOS  |
| □ SETUP   |
| The DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU contains the following functional tests: |
| □ SYSTEM TEST   |
| ☐ MEMORY TEST   |
| ☐ KEYBOARD TEST   |
| ☐ DISPLAY TEST  |
| ☐ FLOPPY DISK TEST  |
| □ PRINTER TEST  |
| ☐ ASYNC TEST  |
| ☐ HARD DISK TEST  |
| ☐ REAL TIMER TEST   |
| □ NDP TEST  |

| ☐ The Diagnostics Disk (all tests)  |
|---|
| ☐ A formatted working disk for the floppy disk drive test (all tests)             |
| ☐ A cleaning kit to clean the floppy disk drive heads (Head Cleaning)             |
| ☐ A PC card wraparound connector for the I/O card test (Expansion test) (Rev.B or |
| higher)   |
| ☐ A printer wraparound connector for the printer wraparound test (Printer test)   |
| ☐ External FDD (All tests)  |
| ☐ Serial port wraparound connector (ASYNC test)                                   |
| ☐ I/O Adapter   |

You will need the following equipment to perform some of the Diagnostic test programs.

The following sections detail the tests within the Diagnostic Test function of the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU. Refer to Sections 3.18 through 3.24 for detailed information on the remaining Service Program Module functions.

# 3.2 Executing the Diagnostic Test

Toshiba MS-DOS is required to run the DIAGNOSTICS PROGRAM. To start the DIAGNOSTIC PROGRAM, follow these steps:

- Connect a wraparound connector to the I/O adapter's printer port and RS-232C port.
   Connect the I/O adapter to the computer. Next, connect the FDD and insert the diskette containing the test program
- 2. Turn on the computer and the test program will execute and the test menu will be displayed.

The following menu will appear:

```
TOSHIBA personal computer xxx DIAGNOSTICS version X.XX (c) copyright TOSHIBA Corp. 19XX

DIAGNOSTICS MENU:

1 - DIAGNOSTIC TEST
2 - HARD DISK FORMAT
3 -
4 - HEAD CLEANING
5 - LOG UTILITIES
6 - RUNNING TEST
7 - FDD UTILITIES
8 - SYSTEM CONFIGURATION
9 - EXIT TO MS-DOS
0 - SETUP
```

 $\uparrow\downarrow\rightarrow\leftarrow$  : Selectitems

Enter : Specify
Esc : Exit

**NOTE**: To exit the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press the **Esc** key. If a test program is in progress, press **Ctrl** + **Break** to exit the test program, or press **Ctrl** + **C** to stop the test program.

3. To select the DIAGNOSTIC TEST option from the DIAGNOSTICS MENU, set the highlight bar to **1** and press **Enter**. The following DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU will appear:

```
TOSHIBA personal computer xxx DIAGNOSTICS version X.XX (c) copyright TOSHIBA Corp. 19XX DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU:

1 - SYSTEM TEST
2 - MEMORY TEST
```

- 3 KEYBOARD TEST4 DISPLAY TEST
- 5 FLOPPY DISK TEST
- 6 PRINTER TEST
- 7 ASYNC TEST
- 8 HARD DISK TEST
- 9 REAL TIMER TEST
- 10 NDP TEST
- 11 EXPANSION TEST
- 12 SOUND TEST
- 88 ERROR RETRY COUNT SET [HDD & FDD]
- 99 EXIT TO DIAGNOSTICS MENU

 $\uparrow\downarrow\rightarrow\leftarrow$  : Select items

Enter : Specify Esc : Exit

Refer to sections 3.4 through 3.16 for detailed descriptions of each Diagnostic Test 1 through 12. Function 88 sets the floppy disk drive and hard disk drive error retry count. Function 99 exits the submenus of the Diagnostic Test and returns to the Diagnostic Menu.

4. Select the option you want to execute and press **Enter**. The following message appears:

SUB-TEST : XX

PASS COUNT: XXXXX ERROR COUN T: XXXXX

WRITE DATA: XX READ DATA: XX ADDRESS: XXXXXXX STATUS: XXX

SUB-TEST MENU:

01 - ROM checksum

02 -03 -

04 -

05 - Thermister check

06 - Quick charge

07 - DMI read

08 - DMI write

99 - Exit to DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU

 $\uparrow\downarrow\rightarrow\leftarrow$  : Select items

Enter : Specify Esc : Exit

**NOTE**: The menu displayed by your computer may be slightly different from the one shown above.

5. Select the desired subtest number from the subtest menu and press **Enter**. The following message will appear:

TEST LOOP : YES ERROR STOP : YES

Use the arrow keys to move the cursor to the desired option and press **Enter**.

Selecting **YES** for TEST LOOP sets the test to run continuously until halted by the user. Selecting **NO** returns the subtest menu to the main menu after the test is complete.

Selecting **YES** for ERROR STOP stops the test program when an error is found and displays the operation guide on the right side of the display screen as shown below:

```
ERROR STATUS NAME [ [ HALT OPERATION ]]

1: Test end
2: Continue
3: Retry
```

These three selections have the following functions respectively:

- 1. Terminates the test program and exits to the subtest menu.
- 2. Continues the test.
- 3. Restarts the test from the error.

Selecting **NO** for ERROR STOP keeps the test running even if an error is found.

Table 3-1 in Section 3.3 lists the function of each test on the subtest menu. Table 3-2 in Section 3.16 lists the error codes and error status for each error.

# 3.3 Subtest Names

Table 3-1 lists the subtest names for each test program in the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU.

Table 3-1 Subtest names (1/2)

| No. | Test Name | Subtest No. | Subtest Name                  |  |
|-----|-----------|-------------|-------------------------------|--|
| 1   | SYSTEM    | 01          | ROM checksum                  |  |
|     |           | 05          | Thermistor check              |  |
|     |           | 06          | Quick charge                  |  |
|     |           | 07          | DMI read (Not used)           |  |
|     |           | 08          | DMI write (Not used)          |  |
| 2   | MEMORY    | 01          | RAM constant data             |  |
|     |           | 02          | RAM address pattern data      |  |
|     |           | 03          | RAM refresh                   |  |
|     |           | 04          | Protected mode                |  |
|     |           | 05          | Memory module                 |  |
|     |           | 06          | Cache memory                  |  |
| 3   | KEYBOARD  | 01          | Pressed key display           |  |
|     |           | 02          | Pressed key code display      |  |
|     |           | 03          | PS/2 Mouse connect check      |  |
|     |           | 04          | Pointing Stick                |  |
|     |           | 05          | USB Warp around test          |  |
| 4   | DISPLAY   | 01          | VRAM read/write for VGA       |  |
|     |           | 02          | Gradation for VGA             |  |
|     |           | 03          | Gradation & Mode test for VGA |  |
|     |           | 04          | "H" pattern display           |  |
|     |           | 05          | BUS Master Transfaer          |  |
| 5   | FDD       | 01          | Sequential read               |  |
|     |           | 02          | Sequential read/write         |  |
|     |           | 03          | Random address/data           |  |
|     |           | 04          | Write specified address       |  |
|     |           | 05          | Read specified address        |  |
| 6   | PRINTER   | 01          | Ripple pattern                |  |
|     |           | 02          | Function                      |  |
|     |           | 03          | Wraparound                    |  |

Table 3-1 Subtest names (2/2)

| No. | Test Name  | Subtest No. | Subtest Name                     |  |
|-----|------------|-------------|----------------------------------|--|
| 7   | ASYNC      | 01          | Wrap around (board)              |  |
|     |            | 02          | Point to point (send)            |  |
|     |            | 03          | Point to point (receive)         |  |
|     |            | 04          | Interrupt test                   |  |
|     |            | 06          | FIR/SIR point to point (send)    |  |
|     |            | 07          | FIR/SIR point to point (receive) |  |
| 8   | HDD        | 01          | Sequential read                  |  |
|     |            | 02          | Address uniqueness               |  |
|     |            | 03          | Random address/data              |  |
|     |            | 04          | Cross talk & peak shift          |  |
|     |            | 05          | Write/read/compare (CE)          |  |
|     |            | 06          | Write specified address          |  |
|     |            | 07          | Read specified address           |  |
|     |            | 08          | ECC circuit                      |  |
|     |            | 09          | Sequential write                 |  |
|     |            | 10          | W-R-C specified address          |  |
| 9   | REAL TIMER | 01          | Real time                        |  |
|     |            | 02          | Backup memory                    |  |
|     |            | 03          | Real time carry                  |  |
| 10  | NDP        | 01          | NDP test                         |  |
| 11  | EXPANSION  | 01          | PCMCIA wrap around               |  |
|     |            | 02          | DS bus wrap around               |  |
|     |            | 03          | RGB monitor ID                   |  |
|     |            | 04          | PCMCIA wrap around (External)    |  |
|     |            | 06          | ZV port wrap around              |  |
| 12  | SOUND      | 01          | CODEC (REC/PLAY)                 |  |
|     |            | 02          | FM Synthesizer                   |  |
|     |            | 03          | SIN Wave Playback                |  |

# 3.4 System Test

To execute the System Test select 1 from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen. Move the highlight bar to the subtest you want to execute and press **Enter**.

Subtest 01 ROM Checksum

This subtest executes a checksum test of the BIOS ROM on the system board.

Subtest 05 Thermistor Check

This subtest reads the thermistor connect check status of the power supply microprocessor, then compares it with the original data. If the data indicates the connector is open or shorted, it displays an error message.

Subtest 06 Quick Charge

This subtest determines whether the battery pack can be quick charged. Refer to the table listing the result codes in Chapter 2.

# 3.5 Memory Test

To execute the Memory Test, select **2** from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen. Move the highlight bar to the subtest you want to execute and press **Enter**.

Subtest 01 RAM constant data (real mode)

This subtest writes a 256-byte unit of constant data to conventional memory (0 to 640 KB). Then reads the new data and compares the result with the original data. The constant data is FFFFh, AAAAh, 5555h, 0101h, and 0000h.

Subtest 02 RAM address pattern data (real mode)

This subtest writes address pattern data created by the exclusive-ORing (XORing), to the address segment and address offset in conventional memory program end to 640 KB, then reads the new data and compares the result with the original data.

Subtest 03 RAM refresh (real mode)

This subtest writes a 256-byte unit of constant data to conventional memory (0 to 640 KB) then reads the new data and compares the result with the original data.

The constant data is AAAAh and 5555h.

**NOTE:** There is a short delay between write and read operations, depending on the size of the data.

### Subtest 04 Protected mode

**NOTE**: The CONFIG.SYS file must be configured without expanded memory manager programs such as EMM386.EXE, EMM386.SYS or QEMM386.SYS. Also, the HIMEM.SYS must be deleted from the CONFIG.SYS file.

This subtest writes constant data and address data to extended memory (maximum address 100000h) then reads the new data and compares the result with the original data.

The constant data is FFh, AAh, 55h, and 00h.

# Subtest 05 Memory module

**NOTE:** To execute this subtest, an optional memory card must be installed in the computer.

This subtest functions the same as subtest 04, except it is used for testing an optional memory card. Memory module capacity is 32MB.

After selecting subtest 05, the following message will appear:

Extended memory size (1:32 MB)?

Select the number that corresponds to the memory card installed in the computer.

# Subtest 06 Cache memory

To test the cache memory, a pass-through write-read comparison of '5A' data is run repeatedly to the test area ('7000':'Program' size to '7000':'7FFF' (32 KB)) to check the hit-miss ratio (on/off status) for CPU cache memory. One test takes 3 seconds.

Number of misses < Number of hits  $\rightarrow$  OK Number of misses  $\geq$  Number of hits  $\rightarrow$  Fail

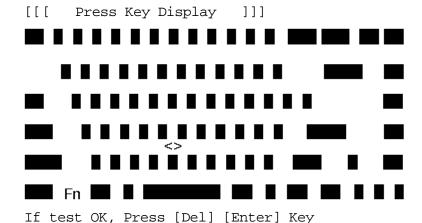
# 3.6 Keyboard Test

To execute the Keyboard Test, select **3** from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen. The Keyboard test contains foursubtests that test the computer's keyboard, PS/2 mouse, and Pointing Stick actions. Move the highlight bar to the subtest you want to execute and press **Enter**.

Subtest 01 Pressed key display (80/82)

**NOTE:** The **Num Lock** and the **Overlay** mode must be off to execute this subtest.

When you execute this subtest, the keyboard layout is drawn on the display as shown below. When any key is pressed, the corresponding key on the screen changes to the key that was pressed. Holding a key down enables the autorepeat function which causes the key's display character to blink.



# Subtest 02 Pressed key code display

When a key is pressed, the scan code, character code, and key top name displays on the screen in the format shown below. The Ins, Caps Lock, Num Lock, Scroll Lock, Alt, Ctrl, Left Shift, and Right Shift keys display in reverse screen mode when pressed. The scan codes, character codes, and key top names are shown in Appendix D.

#### Subtest 03 PS/2 Mouse connect check

**NOTE**: To execute the PS/2 mouse connect check, a PS/2 mouse must be connected to the computer before the power is turned on.

This subtest checks whether a PS/2 mouse is connected or not.

If this test does not detect an error, it returns to the subtest menu. If it detects an error, the following message appears:

```
KBD - MOUSE INTERFACE ERROR

[[ HALT OPERATION ]]

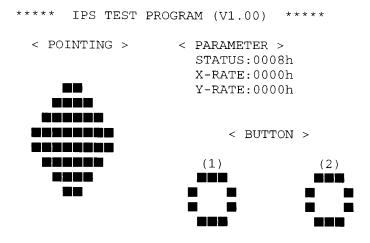
1: Test end
2: Continue
3: Retry
```

# Subtest 04 Pointing stick

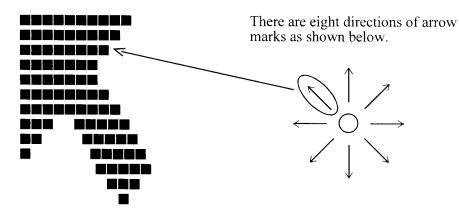
This subtest checks the functions of the pointing stick as shown below.

- A) IPS stick pressure sensing direction and parameter.
- B) IPS switch function check.

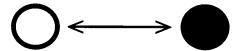
This test reports the pointing stick motion response from the IPS and IPS switch. When the stick is pressed towards the upper left, the <POINTING> display changes according to the following illustration. If an IPS switch is pressed, the <BUTTON> display alternates between black and white. The parameters appear on the right side of the display. If two IPS switches are pressed at the same time, the subtest menu displays.



<< PRESS BUTTON1 + BUTTON2 THEN END >>



When a button is pressed, the display alternates as shown below.



# Subtest 05 USB Wrap around test

This subtest checks USB. The USB TEST Module (ZD0003P01) and USB Cable (ZD0003P02) must be connected to the computer.

If the test is completed successfully, OK is displayed. If nothing is displayed, there may be a problem with the USB port. Check the wraparound connection and repeat the test.

**NOTE:** To execute this subtest, the Enhanced Port Replicator must be connected to the computer.

# 3.7 Display Test

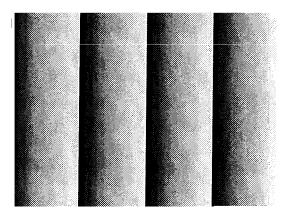
To execute the Display Test, select **4** from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen. The Display test contains eight subtests that test the display in various modes. Move the highlight bar to the subtest you want to execute and press **Enter**.

# Subtest 01 VRAM read/write for VGA

This subtest writes constant data AAh and 55h and address data to video RAM (2MB: A0000h-AFFFFh). This data is then read from the video RAM and compared to the original data.

#### Subtest 02 Gradation for VGA

This subtest displays four colors: red, green, blue and white from left to right across the screen from black to maximum brightness. The display below appears on the screen when this subtest is executed.



To exit this subtest and return to the DISPLAY TEST menu, press **Ctrl + Break**.

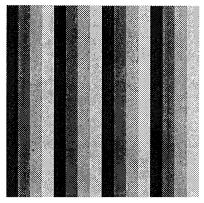
### Subtest 03 Gradation & mode test for VGA

This subtest displays gradations for each mode. Execute the test, then press **Enter** to change the mode.

| Resolution | Mode      |  |
|------------|-----------|--|
| 800 x 480  | 3, 12, 13 |  |

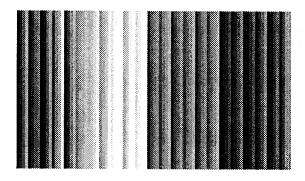
**NOTE**: Mode 52 test can test only an external monitor, it cannot be used for the internal LCD.

The display below appears on the screen when this subtest is executed.



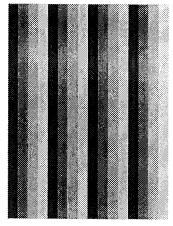
[ Mode 12 ]

Pressing **Enter** changes the size of the displayed image.



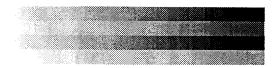
[ Mode 13 ]

Pressing **Enter** changes the size of the displayed image.



[ Mode 3 ]

Pressing **Enter** again changes the size of the displayed image.



To exit this subtest and return to the DISPLAY TEST menu, press **Ctrl + Break.** 

# Subtest 04 "H" pattern display

This subtest displays a full screen of "H" patterns.

To exit this subtest and return to the DISPLAY TEST menu, press **Ctrl + Break**.

**NOTE**: The last row may not be completely filled. This condition does not indicate on error

#### Subtest 05 BUS Master Transfer

This subtest PCI BUS MASTER test.

# 3.8 Floppy Disk Test

**NOTE**: Before running the floppy disk test, prepare a formatted work disk. Remove the Diagnostics Disk and insert the work disk into the FDD. The contents of the floppy disk will be erased.

To execute the Floppy Disk Test, select **5** from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions displayed on the screen. The Floppy Disk test contains five subtests that test the FDD. The following messages will appear after selecting the Floppy Disk Test from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU. Answer each question with an appropriate response to execute the test.

1. Select the test drive number of the floppy disk drive to be tested and press**Enter**.

```
Test drive number select (1:FDD#1,2:FDD#2,0:FDD1&2 ) ?
```

2. Select the media type of the floppy disk in the test drive to be tested, and press**Enter**.

```
Media in drive #X mode (0:2DD ,1:2D,2:2D-2HD/2DD,3:2HD) ?
```

3. Select the track you want the test to start on and press **Enter**.

```
Test start track (Enter :0/dd:00-79) ?
```

4. The floppy disk test menu will appear after you select. Select the number of the subtest you want to execute and press **Enter**. The following message will appear during the floppy disk test.

# Subtest 01 Sequential read

This subtest performs a Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) that continuously reads all the tracks on a floppy disk. The following tracks are read according to the media type in the floppy disk drive:

Double-sided, double-density (2D): Tracks 0 to 39.

Double-sided, double-density, double-track (2DD) and double-sided, high-density, double-track (2HD): Tracks 0 to 79.

The start track is specified when the FDD test is started from the Diagnostic Test Menu. Refer to Step 3 at the beginning of this section to set the start track.

# Subtest 02 Sequential read/write

This subtest continuously writes data pattern B5ADADh to all the specified tracks selected in subtest 01. The data is then read and compared to the original data.

#### Subtest 03 Random Address/Data

This subtest writes random data to random addresses on all tracks defined in subtest 01. The data is then read and compared to the original data.

### Subtest 04 Write Specified Address

This subtest writes specified data to a specified track, head, and address.

### Subtest 05 Read Specified Address

This subtest reads data from a specified track, head, and address.

### 3.9 Printer Test

To execute the Printer Test, select 6 from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen. The Printer Test contains three subtests that test the output of the printer connected to the computer. The following messages will appear after selecting the Printer Test. Answer each of the questions with an appropriate response to execute the test.

**NOTE**: An IBM compatible printer must be connected to the system to execute this test.

The following message will appear when the printer test is selected:

```
channel#2 = XXXXh
  channel#3 = XXXXh
Select the channel number (1-3) ?
```

The printer I/O port address is specified by the XXXXh number. The computer supports three printer channels. Select the printer channel number and press **Enter** to execute the selected subtest.

### Subtest 01 Ripple pattern

This subtest prints characters for codes 20h through 7Eh line-by-line while shifting one character to the left at the beginning of each new line.

#### Subtest 02 Function

This subtest is for IBM compatible printers and tests the following functions:

Normal print
Double-width print
Compressed print
Emphasized print
Double-strike print
All characters print

This subtest prints the various print types shown below:

```
PRINTER TEST

1. THIS LINE SHOWS NORMAL PRINT.

2. THIS LINE SHOWS DOUBLE-WIDTH PRINT.

3. THIS LINE SHOWS COMPRESSED PRINT.

4. THIS LINE SHOWS EMPHASIZED PRINT.

5. THIS LINE SHOWS DOUBLE-STRIKE PRINT.

6. ALL CHARACTERS PRINT

!"#$%&'()*+,./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`abcdefghijklmn opqrstuvwxyz{|}~
```

# Subtest 03 Wraparound

**NOTE**: To execute this subtest, a parallel port wraparound connector must be connected to the computer's printer port. The connector's (34M741986G01) wiring diagram is shown in Appendix F.

This subtest checks the output and bi-directional modes of the data control and status lines through the parallel port wraparound connector.

# 3.10 Async Test

To execute the Async Test, select **7** from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen. The async test contains seven subtests that test the asynchronous communication functions. Move the highlight bar to the subtest you want to execute and press **Enter**.

The Subtests require the following data format:

Method: Asynchronous

Speed: 9600BPS (Subtests 01 to 04)

38400BPS (Subtests 06, 07)

Data: 8 bits and one parity bit (EVEN)

Data pattern: 20h to 7Eh

The following message will appear at the bottom of the screen when subtests 01, 02, 03, 06, and 07 are selected:

```
Channel#1 = XXXXh
Channel#2 = XXXXh
Channel#3 = XXXXh
Select the Channel number (1/2/3)
```

The serial I/O port address is specified by the XXXXh number. Select the serial port channel number and press **Enter** to start the subtest.

### Subtest 01 Wrap around (board)

**NOTE**: To execute this subtest an RS-232C wraparound connector (34M741621G01) must be connected to the RS-232C port. The RS-232C wraparound connector wiring diagram is described in Appendix F.

This subtest checks the data send/receive function through the wraparound connector.

### Subtest 02 Point to point (send)

**NOTE**: To execute this subtest, two machines must be connected with an RS-232-C direct cable. One machine should be set as "send" (subtest 02) and the other set as "receive" (subtest 03). The wiring diagram for the RS-232-C direct cable is shown in Appendix F.

This subtest sends 20h through 7Eh data to the receive side, then receives the sent data and compares it to the original data.

Subtest 03 Point to point (receive)

This subtest is used with subtest 02 described above. This subtest receives the data from the send side, then sends the received data.

Subtest 04 Interrupt test

This subtest checks the Interrupt Request Level of IRQ 4, 3 and 5 from the send side.

Subtest 06 FIR/SIR Point to point (send)

**NOTE:** To execute subtests 06 and 07, each computer must have access to the other computer's infrared port.

This subtest sends 20h through 7Eh data to the receive side, then receives the sent data and compares it to the original data through the SIR port.

Subtest 07 FIR/SIR Point to point (receive)

This subtest is used with subtest 06 described above. This subtest receives the data from the send side, then sends the received data through the SIR port.

NOTE: Select subtest numbers, 06 and 07.

The following message will appear:

Select the UIRCC mode (1:FIR /2:SIR)?

1: FIR mode
2: SIR mode

### 3.11 Hard Disk Test

To execute the Hard Disk Test, select **8** from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter**, and follow the directions on the screen. The hard disk test contains tensubtests that test the hard disk drive functions.

**NOTE**: The contents of the hard disk will be erased when subtest 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 08, 09, or 10 is executed. Before running the test, the customer should transfer the contents of the hard disk to floppy disk. If the customer has not or cannot perform the back-up, create back-up disks as described below.

Check to see if the Microsoft Create System Disks Tools (MSCSD.EXE) still exists in the System Tools Folder. (This tool can be used only once.) If it exists, use it to back up the pre-installed software, then use the Backup utility in the System Tools folder to back up the entire disk, including the user's files.

Refer to the operating system instructions.

The following messages will appear after selecting the hard disk test from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU. Answer each of the questions with an appropriate response to execute the test:

```
[HDD test parameters]

Test drive number :#1

HDC F/W error retry :yes

Data compare error dump :no

Detail status display :no

↑↓→←:Select items, Enter:Finish, Esc:Exit,F5:Set default
```

1. Select the hard disk drive number to be tested:

```
Test drive number HDD#1 HDD#2 HDD1&2
```

2. This message is used to select the retry operation when the hard disk controller detects an error. Select **yes** or **no**.

```
HDC F/W error retry yes no
```

3. This message is used to select the error dump operation when a data compare error is detected. Select **yes** or **no**:

```
Data compare error dump yes no
```

4. This message is used to select whether or not the HDD status is displayed on the screen. The HDD status is described in section 3.19. Select**yes** or **no**:

```
Detail status display yes no
```

- 5. This message is used to select whether or not the HDD status is displayed on the screen. The HDD status is described in section 3.19. Select 1 or 2 and press Enter.
- 6. The Hard Disk Test message will appear after you respond to the Detail Status prompt. Select the number of the subtest you want to execute and press **Enter**. The following message will appear during each subtest.

HARD DISK TEST XXXXXXX

SUB-TEST : XX

PASS COUNT: XXXXX ERROR COUNT: XXXXX

WRITE DATA: XX READ DATA: XX ADDRESS: XXXXXXX STATUS: XXX

The first three digits of the ADDRESS indicate which cylinder is being tested, the fourth digit indicates the head and the last two digits indicate the sector.

The first digit of the STATUS number indicates the drive being tested and the last two digits indicate the error status code as explained in Table 3-2.

# Subtest 01 Sequential read

This subtest is a sequential reading of all the tracks on the HDD starting at track 0. When all the tracks on the HDD have been read, the test starts at the maximum track and reads the tracks on the HDD sequentially back to track 0.

### Subtest 02 Address uniqueness

This subtest writes unique address data to each sector of the HDD track-by-track. The data written to each sector is then read and compared with the original data. There are three ways the HDD can be read:

- Forward sequential
- Reverse sequential
- Random

#### Subtest 03 Random address/data

This subtest writes random data to random addresses on the HDD cylinder, head and sector. This data is then read and compared to the original data.

### Subtest 04 Cross talk & peak shift

This subtest writes eight types of worst pattern data (listed below) to a cylinder, then reads the data while moving from cylinder to cylinder.

| Worst pattern data | Cylinder   |
|--------------------|------------|
| 'B5ADAD'           | 0 cylinder |
| '4A5252'           | 1 cylinder |
| 'EB6DB6'           | 2 cylinder |
| '149249'           | 3 cylinder |
| '63B63B'           | 4 cylinder |
| '9C49C4'           | 5 cylinder |
| '2DB6DB'           | 6 cylinder |
| 'D24924'           | 7 cylinder |

### Subtest 05 Write/read/compare (CE)

This subtest writes B5ADADh worst pattern data to the CE cylinder on the HDD, then reads the data from the CE cylinder and compares it with the original data.

### Subtest 06 Write specified address

This subtest writes specified data to a specified cylinder and head on the HDD.

### Subtest 07 Read specified address

This subtest reads data which has been written to a specified cylinder and head on the HDD.

#### Subtest 08 ECC circuit

This subtest checks the Error Check and Correction (ECC) circuit functions of the specified cylinder and head on the HDD.

#### Subtest 09 Sequential write

This subtest writes specified 2-byte data to all of the cylinders on the HDD.

### Subtest 10 W-R-C specified address

This subtest writes data to a specified cylinder and head on the HDD, then reads the data and compares it to the original data.

### 3.12 Real Timer Test

To execute the Real Timer Test, select **9** from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen. The real timer test contains three subtests that test the computer's real timer functions. Move the highlight bar to the subtest you want to execute and press **Enter**.

#### Subtest 01 Real time

A new date and time can be input during this subtest. To execute the real time subtest follow these steps:

1. Select subtest 01 and the following message will appear:

```
Current date : XX-XX-XXXX
Current time : XX:XX:XX
Enter new date:
PRESS [ENTER] KEY TO EXIT TEST
```

2. If the current date is not correct, input the correct date at the "Enter new date" prompt and press **Enter**. The following prompt will appear:

```
Enter new time :
```

3. If the current time is not correct, input the correct time in 24-hour format.

Pressing **Enter** toggles between the time and the date. To exit, press **Ctrl** + **Break**.

# Subtest 02 Backup memory

This subtest performs the following backup memory check:

```
Writes 1-bit of "on" data to address 01h through 80h Writes 1-bit of "off" data to address 0Eh through 80h Writes the data pattern AAh and 55h to the RTC 114-byte memory (address 0Eh to 7Fh)
```

The subtest then reads and compares this data with the original data.

To exit, press **Ctrl** + **Break**.

# Subtest 03 Real time carry

**CAUTION**: When this subtest is executed, the current date and time are erased.

This subtest checks the real time clock increments, making sure the date and time are displayed in the following format:

Current date : 12-31-19 95 Current time : 23:59:58

# Pressing **Enter** displays the following

Current date : 01-01-1996 Current time : 00:00:00

PRESS [Enter] KEY TO EXIT TEST

Press **Ctrl** + **Break** to exit.

# 3.13 NDP Test

To execute the NDP test, select **10** from the DIAGNOSTICS TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen. The NDP test contains one subtest that tests the computer's NDP functions.

| Subtest 01 | NDP  |
|------------|--|
|            | This test checks the following functions of the coprocessor: |
|            | ☐ Control word   |
|            | ☐ Status word  |
|            | □ Bus  |
|            | ☐ Addition   |
|            | ☐ Multiplication   |
|            | Press Ctrl + Break to exit.                                  |

# 3.14 Expansion Test

To execute the expansion test, select 11 from the DIAGNOSTICS TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen.

**NOTE:** To execute this subtest, the PC card wraparound connector is required.

Subtest 01 PCMCIA wrap around

This test checks the following signal line of the PC card slot:

☐ Address line

□ REG#, CE#1, CE#2 line

☐ Data line

☐ Speaker line

☐ Wait line

□ BSY#, BVD1 line

This subtest is executed in the following order:

| Sub# | Address        | Good     | Bad      | Contents  |
|------|----------------|----------|----------|---|
| 01   | 00001<br>00001 | nn<br>nn | xx<br>xx | Address line<br>REG#, CE#1, CE#2<br>nn=A0, 90, 80, 00 |
| 02   | 00002          | ww       | rr       | Data line<br>ww=write data, rr=read data              |
| 03   | 00003          | _        | _        | Speaker line  |
| 04   | 00004          | 40,80    | xx       | Wait line (40 <xx<80)< td=""></xx<80)<>               |
| 05   | 00005          | nn       | xx       | Other lines (BSY#, BVD1)<br>NN=21, 00                 |

**NOTE:** Select the subtest number01the following message will appear: Test slot number select (1:slot0, 2:slot1, 0:slot0&1)?

**NOTE:** Subtests 02 and 04 are for Enhanced Port Replicator . For procedures on those subtests, refer to Enhanced Port Replicator manual.

### Subtest 03 RGB monitor ID test

Connect a wrap around Board to the external monitor port to test the RGB monitor ID.

# Subtest 06 ZV Port wrap around

Use the PC Card/ZV Test Card (Rev.B or higher) to conduct the test. The video and audio interfaces will be tested. When the video test is initiated, the board automatically writes data AAAAh and 5555h alternately to address A000:0000h. The data written first is determined randomly, and has no effect on the validity of the test.

After the video test is run the audio interface is tested. The test emits 1kHz sine wave sound on the left speaker and 2kHz sine wave sound on the right speaker.

### 3.15 Sound Test

To execute the sound test, select **12** from the DIAGNOSTICS TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen. The sound test contains four subtests that test the computer's sound functions.

**NOTE**: To execute this subtest, the internal microphone and internal headphone (or internal speaker) are required. The system is capable of producing high volume sound, so when you use the headphones be careful to set the volume low and adjust it as necessary. Using the headphones at full volume could damage your ears.

## Subtest 01 CODEC (REC/PLAY)

Test the functions of the Codec (AD1848) A/D, D/A converter. Test the microphone terminals and headphone terminals at the same time. When you execute this subtest the following message displays.

```
[Quick REC & PLAY for AD1848] Press any key to *** REC ***
```

After pressing any key, start recording and immediately play the sound. (It takes three seconds.)

### Subtest 02 FM Synthesizer

Test the OPL3 (YMF262) functions. Connect the headphone and check the scale on the right and left sides. Also check the sound adjustment volume.

### Subtest 03 SIN Wave Playback

This subtest expands the sine wave data table to 64KB and creates sine wave data. The play data is transferred between DMA and CODEC, and plays the sound. (It is a long beep.) Also, using the oscilloscope, observe the sine waveform.

# 3.16 Error Code and Error Status Names

Table 3-2 lists the error codes and error status names for the Diagnostic Test.

Table 3-2 Error codes and error status names (1/3)

| Device name | Error code   | Error status name  |  |
|-------------|--|--|--|
| (Common)    | FF   | Data Compare Error   |  |
| System      | 01<br>02<br>03   | ROM Checksum Error<br>Location ID error<br>Serial ID Write error   |  |
| Memory      | 01<br>02<br>14<br>DD<br>DE<br>DF   | Parity Error Protected Mode Not Changed Memory Read/Write Error Cache Memory Error 2nd Cache Error TAG-RAM Error   |  |
| FDD         | 01<br>02<br>03<br>04<br>06<br>08<br>09<br>10<br>20<br>40<br>60<br>80<br>EE<br>FF | Bad Command Address Mark Not Found Write Protected Record Not Found Media Removed DMA Overrun Error DMA Boundary Error CRC Error FDC Error Seek Error Not Drive Error Time Out Error Write Buffer Error Data Compare Error |  |
| Keyboard    | 01<br>02<br>03<br>04<br>05<br>06   | Mouse interface error IPS interface error Interface error Retransmi error Mouse handler not support PS/2 mouse & IPS not support   |  |
| Printer     | 01<br>08<br>10<br>20<br>40<br>80   | Time Out Fault Select Line Out Of Paper Power Off Busy Line  |  |

Table 3-2 Error codes and error status names (2/3)

| Device name | Error code   | Error status name  |
|-------------|--|--|
| ASYNC       | 01<br>02<br>04<br>08<br>10<br>20<br>40<br>50<br>60<br>70<br>80<br>88   | [DSR On] Time Out [CTS On] Time Out [RX READY] Time Out [TX FULL] Time Out Parity Error Framing Error Overrun Error Underrun error Timer time out error CRC error Line Status Error Modem Status Error   |
| HDD         | 01<br>02<br>04<br>05<br>07<br>08<br>09<br>0A<br>0B<br>10<br>11<br>20<br>40<br>80<br>AA<br>BB<br>CC<br>EO<br>EE | Bad Command Error Address Mark Not Found Record Not Found HDC Not Reset Error Drive Not Initialized HDC Overrun (DRQ) DMA Boundary Error Bad Sector Bad Track Error ECC Error ECC Recover Enable HDC Error Seek Error Time Out Error Drive Not Ready Undefined Error Write Fault Status Error Access Time Out Error No HDD |
| Expansion   | C1<br>C2<br>C3<br>C4<br>C5<br>C6<br>C7<br>C8<br>CB   | ADDRESS Line error REG# Line error CE#1 Line error CE#2 Line error DATA Line error WAIT Line error BSY# Line error BVD1 Line error ZV Port error No PCMCIA   |
| NDP         | 01<br>02<br>03<br>04<br>05<br>06   | No Co-Processor<br>Control Word Error<br>Status Word Error<br>Bus Error<br>Addition Error<br>Multiply Error  |

Table 3-2 Error codes and error status names (3/3)

| Device name | Error code | Error status name  |
|-------------|------------|--------------------|
| PCMCIA      | C1         | Address Line Error |
|             | C2         | REG# Line Error    |
|             | C3         | CE#1 Line Error    |
|             | C4         | CE#2 Line Error    |
|             | C5         | DATA Line Error    |
|             | C6         | WAIT Line Error    |
|             | C7         | BSY# Line Error    |
|             | C8         | BVD1 Line Error    |
|             | СВ         | ZV Port Error      |
|             | CD         | No PCMCIA          |

## 3.17 Hard Disk Test Detail Status

When an error occurs in the hard disk test, the following message displays:

```
HDC status = XXXXXXXX
```

Detailed information about the hard disk test error displays on the screen by an eight-digit number. The first four digits represent the hard disk controller (HDC) error status number and the last four digits are not used.

The hard disk controller error status is composed of two bytes; the first byte displays the contents of the HDC status register in hexadecimal form and the second byte displays the HDC error register.

The contents of the HDC status register and error register are listed in Tables 3-3 and 3-4.

Table 3-3 Hard disk controller status register contents

| Bit | Name                         | Description  |
|-----|------------------------------|--|
| 7   | BSY<br>(Busy)                | "0" HDC is ready. "1" HDC is busy.   |
| 6   | DRDY<br>(Drive ready)        | "0" Hard disk drive is not ready to accept any command. "1" Hard disk drive is ready.                              |
| 5   | DWF<br>(Drive write fault)   | "0" DWF error is not detected. "1" Write fault condition occurred.   |
| 4   | DSC<br>(Drive seek complete) | "0" The hard disk drive heads are not settled over a track. "1" The hard disk drive heads are settled overa track. |
| 3   | DRQ<br>(Data request)        | "0" Drive is not ready for data transfer. "1" Drive is ready for data transfer.                                    |
| 2   | CORR<br>(Corrected data)     | "0" Not used "1" Correctable data error is corrected.  |
| 1   | IDX<br>(Index)               | "0" Not used "1" Index is sensed.  |
| 0   | ERR<br>Error                 | "0" Normal "1" The previous command was terminated with an error.  |

Table 3-4 Error register contents

| Bit | Name                     | Description  |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| 7   | BBK1<br>(Bad block mark) | "0" Not used "1" A bad block mark is detected.   |
| 6   | UNC<br>(Uncorrectable)   | "0" There is no uncorrectable data error. "1" Uncorrectable data error has been detected.  |
| 5   |                          | Not used   |
| 4   | IDNF<br>(Identification) | "0" Not used "1" There was no ID field in the requested sector.  |
| 3   |                          | Not used   |
| 2   | ABRT<br>(Abort)          | "0" Not used "1" Illegal command error or a drive status error occurred.   |
| 1   | TK00<br>(Track 0)        | <ul><li>"0" The hard disk found track 0 during a recalibrate command.</li><li>"1" The hard disk could not find track 0 during a recalibrate command.</li></ul> |
| 0   |                          | Not used.  |

### 3.18 Hard Disk Format

This command executes hard disk formatting. There are two types of hard-disk formatting:

- Low-level (physical) formatting
- ☐ MS-DOS (logical) formatting

The hard disk format function performs a low-level format of the hard disk and executes the following hard disk formats and check:

- 1. All track FORMAT
- 2. Good track FORMAT
- 3. Bad track FORMAT
- 4. Bad track CHECK

### *NOTE*:

The contents of the hard disk will be erased when the program executes. Before running the test, the customer should transfer the contents of the hard disk onto a floppy disk. If the customer has not or cannot perform the backup, create backup disks as described below.

Check to see if the Microsoft Create System Disks Tools (MSCSD.EXE) still exists in the System Tools Folder. (This tool can be used only once.) If it exists, use it to back up the preinstalled software, then use the Backup utility in the System Tools folder to back up the entire disk, including the user's files.

Refer to the operating system instructions.

## 3.18.1 Function Description

#### 1. All Track FORMAT

This option performs a low-level format of all the tracks on the hard disk as listed in Table 3-5 below:

**NOTE**: Before executing the all track format option, check for bad tracks using the Bad Track CHECK option or display a list of bad tracks on the HDD.

**Items IBM DYKA-22160 IBM DYKA-23240** Storage capacity 2,167,603,200 3,253,469,184 Formatted (Bytes) Cylinders 4,200 6,304 Heads 16 16 Sectors 63 63 Bytes per sector 512 512 Rotation speed (rpm) 4,200 4,200 Recording method 8-9 RLL 8-9 RLL

*Table 3-5 Hard disk formatting sequence* 

### 2. Good Track FORMAT

This option formats a specified cylinder and track as a good track. If a good track is formatted as a bad track, use this option to change the track to a good track.

## 3. Bad Track FORMAT

This option formats a specified cylinder and track as a bad track. If a bad track is detected, use this option to label it as a bad track.

### 4. Bad Track CHECK

This option searches the hard disk for bad tracks by reading data to all the tracks on the hard disk. A list of bad tracks displays when the program is complete. If an error other than a bad track is detected, the program is automatically terminated.

## 3.18.2 Operations

**NOTE**: After the HDD has been formatted, execute the Toshiba MS-DOS FDISK command to partition the HDD. Execute the Toshiba MS-DOS FORMAT command. Refer to the Toshiba MS-DOS manual for more information about using these commands.

Selecting TEST 2 and pressing **Enter** in the DIAGNOSTIC MENU, displays the following messages:

```
DIAGNOSTICS - HARD DISK FORMAT : VX.XX

1 - All track FORMAT

2 - Good track FORMAT

3 - Bad track FORMAT

4 - Bad track CHECK

9 - Go to TEST MENU

↑ → ∴ : Select items, Enter: Finish, Esc: Exit
```

### 1. All Track FORMAT

Pressing 1 selects All track FORMAT, which lets you format the entire disk.

```
[All track FORMAT]
Drive: #1 = HDD #2 = Non
Cylinder : XXXX
Head: XX
Sector: XX
```

The following selections also appear at the bottom of the screen in succession:

```
Drive number select (1 :#1,2:#2) ?
```

(a) Select a drive number and press **Enter**. The following message will appear:

```
Interleave number (1/1 \sim 8)?
```

(b) Select an interleave number, 1 ~ 8 and press **Enter**. Pressing only **Enter** selects 1.

## (c) Bad track register

The Bad Track register prompt will appear as shown below. Enter the cylinder and head numbers of bad tracks and press **Enter**. Note that if there are no bad tracks, pressing **Enter** alone is the same as executing All Track Format described in item (d) below.

Enter the cylinder and head number in the format above in decimal notation. Repeat for each bad track you want to format.

After entering the bad tracks, press **Enter** to execute the format.

### (d) All track format

All tracks are formatted as good tracks except those registered as bad tracks in item (c) above or those identified as bad tracks in track verification described in item (e) below.

## (e) Track verification

A check is made of all tracks and if an ECC error, ECC-correctable-data error or record-not-found error is detected at a track, that track is formatted as a bad track automatically.

#### 2. Good Track FORMAT

If a good track has been erroneously formatted as a bad track, you can use this subtest to reformat the track as a good track. To format a track as a good track, enter the number for the drive, interleave, cylinder and head as indicated in the screen prompt shown below.

```
Drive number select (1 :#1, 2:#2) ?
Interleave number (1 / 1 - 8 ) ?
  Press [Cylinder number ( dddd)] ?
  Press [Head number ( dd)] ?
```

Press **Enter** to return to the Hard Disk Format menu.

### 3. Bad Track FORMAT

To format a track as a bad track, enter the number for the drive, interleave, cylinder and head as indicated in the screen prompt shown below.

```
Drive number select (1 :#1, 2:#2) ?
Interleave number (1 / 1 - 8 ) ?
  Press [Cylinder number ( dddd)] ?
  Press [Head number ( dd)] ?
```

Press **Enter** to return to the Hard Disk Format menu.

### 4. Bad Track CHECK

This subtest reads the entire disk and displays a list of bad tracks. The test is terminated in case of a bad track check error. To initiate the subtest enter the drive number at the prompt shown below.

```
Drive number select (1 :#1, 2:#2)?

Bad tracks will be displayed in the format shown below.

[[cylinder, head = 0123 03]]
```

Press **Enter** to return to the Hard Disk Format menu.

# 3.19 Head Cleaning

# 3.19.1 Function Description

This function cleans the heads in the FDD by executing a series of head load/seek and read operations. A cleaning kit is necessary to perform this program.

# 3.19.2 Operations

1. Selecting test **4** from the DIAGNOSTIC MENU and pressing **Enter** displays the following messages:

```
DIAGNOSTICS - FLOPPY DISK HEAD CLEANING: VX.XX

Mount cleaning disk(s) on drive(s).

Press any key when ready.
```

- 2. Remove the Diagnostics Disk from the FDD, then insert the cleaning disk and press **Enter**.
- 3. When the cleaning start message appears, the FDD head cleaning has begun.
- 4. The display automatically returns to the DIAGNOSTIC MENU when the program is completed.

# 3.20 Log Utilities

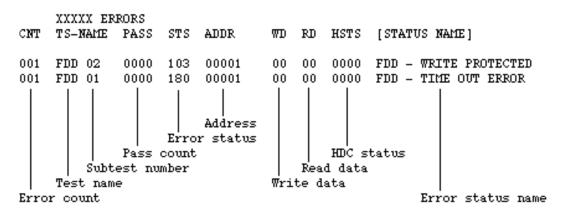
# 3.20.1 Function Description

This function logs error information generated while a test is in progress and stores the results in RAM. This function can store data on a floppy disk or output the data to a printer. If the power switch is turned off, the error information will be lost. The error information displays in the following order:

- 1. Error count (CNT)
- 2. Test name (TS-NAME)
- 3. Subtest number (TS-NAME)
- 4. Pass count (PASS)
- 5. Error status (STS)
- 6. FDD/HDD or memory address (ADDR)
- 7. Write data (WD)
- 8. Read data (RD)
- 9. HDC status (HSTS)
- 10. Error status name (ERROR STATUS NAME)

## 3.20.2 Operations

1. Selecting **5** and pressing **Enter** in the DIAGNOSTIC MENU logs error information into RAM or onto a floppy disk. The error information displays in the following format:



[[1:Next,2:Prev,3:Exit,4:Clear,5:Print,6:FD Log Read,7:FD Log Write]]

- 2. The error information displayed on the screen can be manipulated by the following number keys:
  - The **1** key scrolls the display to the next page.
  - The 2 key scrolls the display to the previous page.
  - The 3 key returns to the Diagnostic Menu.
  - The 4 key erases all error log information in RAM.
  - The 5 key out
  - puts the error log information to a printer.
  - The 6 key reads the log information from a floppy disk.
  - The 7 key writes the log information to a floppy disk.
- 3. In the case of "error retry OK," a capital "R" will be placed at the beginning of the error status. However, it is not added to the error count.

# 3.21 Running Test

## 3.21.1 Function Description

This function automatically executes the following tests in sequence:

- 1. System test (subtest 01)
- 2. Memory test (subtests 01, 02, 04, and 06)
- 3. Display test (subtest 01 to 05)
- 4. FDD test (subtest 02)
- 5. HDD test (subtests 01 and 05)
- 6. Real timer test (subtest 02)
- 7. Printer test (subtest 03) if selected
- 8. Async test (subtest 01) if selected

The system automatically detects the number of floppy disk drives connected to the computer for the FDD test.

## 3.21.2 Operations

**NOTE**: Do not forget to load a work disk in the FDD. If a work disk is not loaded, an error will be generated during the FDD testing.

- 1. Remove the diagnostics disk from the floppy disk drive and insert the work disk.
- 2. Select **6** from the Diagnostic Menu and press **Enter**, the following message displays:

```
Printer wrap around test (Y/N)?
```

Selecting **Y** (yes) executes the printer wraparound test. A printer wraparound connector must be connected to the parallel port of the computer to properly execute this test.

3. Select **Y** or **N** and press **Enter**. The following message will appear:

```
Serial #A wrap around test (Y/N ) ?
```

Selecting **Y** (yes) executes the ASYNC wraparound test. An RS-232-C wraparound connector must be connected to the serial port of the computer to properly execute this test.

4. Select **Yes** or **No** and press **Enter**. The following message will appear :

```
Mount the work disk(s) on the drive(s), then press [Enter] key.
[Warning: The contents of the disk(s), will be destroyed.]
```

5. This program is executed continuously. To terminate the program, press **Ctrl** + **Break**.

# 3.22 Floppy Disk Drive Utilities

# 3.22.1 Function Description

This function formats the FDD, copies the floppy disk and displays the dump list for both the FDD and HDD.

### 1. FORMAT

**NOTE**: This program is only for testing a floppy disk drive. The option is different from the Toshiba MS-DOS FORMAT command.

This program can format a 5.25-inch or 3.5-inch floppy disk in the following formats:

- (a) 2DD: Double-sided, double-density, double-track, 96/135 TPI, MFM mode, 512 bytes, 9 sectors/track.
- (b) 2HD: Double-sided, high-density, double-track, 96/135 TPI, MFM mode, 512 bytes, 18 sectors/track.

### 2. COPY

This program copies data from a source floppy disk to a target floppy disk.

### 3. DUMP

This program displays the contents of the floppy disk and the designated sectors of the hard disk on the display.

### 4. HDD-ID READ

This program reads the hard disk ID and displays the hard disk ID, serial numberand others hard disk information.

## 3.22.2 Operations

1. Selecting **7** from the DIAGNOSTIC MENU and pressing **Enter** displays the following message:

```
[ FDD UTILITIES ]

1 - FORMAT
2 - COPY
3 - DUMP
4 - HDD ID
9 - EXIT TO DIAGNOSTICS MENU
```

## 2. FORMAT program

(a) Selecting FORMAT displays the following message:

```
DIAGNOSTICS - FLOPPY DISK FORMAT : VX.XX
Drive number select (1:A, 2:B ) ?
```

(b) Select a drive number to display the following message:

```
Type select (0:2DD ,3:2HD) ?
```

(c) Select a media/drive type number and press **Enter**. A message similar to the one below will display:

```
Warning: Disk data will be destroyed.
Insert work disk into drive A:
Press any key when ready.
```

(d) Remove the Diagnostics Disk from the FDD, insert the work disk and press any key.

The following message will display when the FDD format is executed:

After the floppy disk is formatted, the following message will appear:

```
Format complete
Another format (1:Yes/2:No ) ?
```

(e) Typing **1** displays the message from step (c) above. Typing **2** returns the test to the DIAGNOSTIC MENU.

## 3. COPY program

(a) When COPY is selected, the following message appears:

```
FLOPPY DISK FORMAT & COPY: VX.XX Type select (0:2DD ,3:2HD) ?
```

(b) Selecting a media/drive type number will display a message similar to the one below:

```
Insert source disk into drive A: Press any key when ready.
```

(c) Remove the Diagnostics Disk from the FDD, insert the source disk and press any key. The following message will appear, indicating the program has started.

(d) Remove the source disk from the FDD, insert a formatted work disk and press any key. The [[ track, head = XXX X ]] message will appear and start copying to the target disk. When the amount of data is too large to be copied in one operation, the message from step (b) displays again. After the floppy disk has been copied, the following message will appear:

```
Copy complete
Another copy (1:Yes/2:No ) ?
```

(e) To copy another disk, type **1** and the message from step (a) displays again. Entering **2** returns the test program to the DIAGNOSTIC MENU.

## 4. DUMP program

(a) When DUMP is selected, the following message appears:

```
DIAGNOSTICS-HARD DISK & FLOPPY DISK DUMP : VX.XX Drive type select (1:FDD, 2:HDD ) ?
```

(b) Select a drive type. If **1** is selected in step (a), the following message displays.

```
Select drive number (1:A, 2:B) ?
```

Select an FDD drive number. The display will go to step (c).

If 2 is selected in step (a), the following message displays:

```
Select drive number (1:C, 2:D) ?
```

After selecting the HDD, the display will go to step (f).

(c) The following message will display:

```
Format type select (1:2DD ,3:2HD) ?
```

(d) Select a format type. The following message will appear:

```
Insert source disk into drive A: Press any key when ready.
```

- (e) Insert a source disk and press any key.
- (f) The following message will appear:

```
— Max. address —
[Track ] = XXXX
[ Head ] = XX
[Sector] = XX
Track number ??
```

Set the track number you want to dump. The system will access the disk and dump a list.

## 5. HDD ID program

Selecting HDD ID displays the following HDD ID configuration:

```
[HDD ID Read (VX.XX)] [Drive #X]
  ID code (h)
                              = XXXX
 עם coae (n)
No. of Cylinders
                              = XXXX XXXX
 Removable Cylinders = XXXX XXXX
 No. of Heads
                             = XXXX XXXX
 Unformat Bytes/Track = XXXX XXXX
Unformat Bytes/Sector = XXXX XXXX
Sectors/Track = XXXX XXXX
 Sectors/Track
                            = XXXX XXXX
  Gap Length
                              = XXXX XXXX
  Sync. Bytes
                             = XXXX XXXX
 Reswrved (h)
                             = XXXX
  Serial No.
                              = YYY...
 Controller Type (h)
Sector Buffers
                             = XXXX
                              = XXXX XXXX
  ECC Bytes
                              = XXXX XXXX
 Firmware Rev.
                              = YYYYYY..
  Model No.
                              = YYYY...
  Reserved (h)
                              = XXXX
  Double Word Capability
                             = XXXX XXXX
  Press [Enter] key
```

Press **Enter** to return to the FDD UTILITIES MENU.

# 3.23 System Configuration

# 3.23.1 Function Description

The System Configuration program contains the following configuration information for the computer:

- 1. Processor Type
- 2. VGA Controller
- 3. MS-DOS Version
- 4. BIOS ROM Version (1st ID, 2nd ID)
- 5. Boot ROM Version
- 6. KBC Version
- 7. PS Microprocessor Version
- 8. Total Memory Size
- 9. Sound System
- 10. The number of printer ports
- 11. The number of ASYNC ports
- 12. The number of math co-processor
- 13. PCMCIA Slot
- 14. Modem Type
- 15. The number of floppy disk drives
- 16. The number of hard disk drives
- 17. Selectbay Unit
- 18. Date/Time

## 3.23.2 Operations

Selecting **8** from the DIAGNOSTIC MENU and pressing **Enter** displays the following system configuration:

```
System Configration Display: Ver X.XX [Machine Name ???]
** - Processor Type = XXXX
** - VGA Controller = XXXX

* - MS-DOS Version = VX.XX
  - BIOS ROM Version = V .XX 1st ID = XXH, 2nd ID = XXH
  - BOOT ROM Version = VX.XX
  - KBC Version = VX.XX
  - PS Micom Version = VX.XX (EC Version = VX.XX)
  - Total Memory Size = XXXXXMB(Converntional Memory = XXXXX KB)
      Sound System = XXXXX
     X Printer Adapter LPT1 = XXXX LPT2 = XXXX LPT3 = XXXX X ASYNC Adapter COM1 = XXXX COM2 = XXXX COM3 = XXXX
     X Math Co-Processor
  - X PCMCIA Slot
     X Modem + DAA
                       = XX
  - X Floppy Disk Drive(s) Track = XXXXX, Head = XX, Sector = XX
  - X Hard Disk Drive(s)
                            #1 Cylinder = XXXXX, Head = XX, Sector =XX
                            #2 Cylinder = XXXXX, Head = XX, Sector =XX
* - Selective Bay Unit = XXXX
Press [Enter] Key
                      [Date = XXXX-YY-ZZ, XX :YY:ZZ]
```

Press Enter to return to the DIAGNOSTIC MENU.

# **3.24 SETUP**

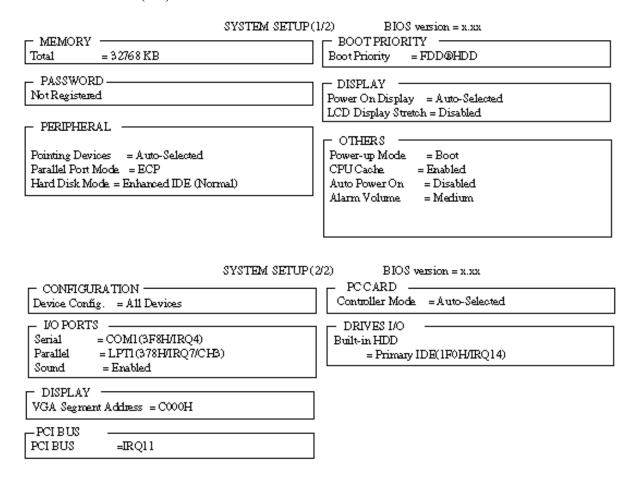
# 3.24.1 Function Description

This program displays the current system setup information as listed below:

- 1. Memory
  - (a) Total
- 2. Password
- 3. Peripheral
  - (a) Pointing Devices
  - (b) Parallel Port Mode
  - (c) Hard Disk Mode
- 4. Boot Priority
- 5. Display
  - (a) Power On Display CPU Cache
  - (b) LCD Display Stretch
- 6. Others
  - (a) Power-up Mode
  - (b) CPU Cache
  - (c) Auto Power On
  - (d) Alarm Volume
  - (e) System Beep
  - (f) Panel Power On/Off
- 7. Configuration
- 8. I/O Ports
  - (a) Serial
  - (b) Parallel
  - (c) Sound
- 9. Display
- 10. PCI Bus
- 11. PC Card
- 12. Floppy Disk I/O

## 3.24.2 Accessing the SETUP Program

Selecting **0** from the DIAGNOSTICS MENU and pressing **Enter** displays the TSETUP screen. The TSETUP screen is divided into two pages: SYSTEM SETUP (1/2) and SYSTEM SETUP (2/2).



**NOTE:** The Panel Power On/Off item and the System Auto Off item appears when the computer is in Resume mode and Hibernation mode.

## Moving Within the SETUP Menu and Changing Values

- 1. Press  $\leftarrow$  and  $\rightarrow$  to move between the two columns. Press **PgDn** and **PgUp** to move between the two pages. Press  $\uparrow$  and  $\downarrow$  to move between items in a column.
- 2. Press either the **space bar** or **BkSp** to change the value.

## **Accepting Changes and Exiting the SETUP Window**

1. Press **End** to accept the changes you made.

If the changed item does not require the system to reboot, the following message displays:

```
Are you sure? (Y/N)
```

If the changed item requires the system to reboot, the following message displays:

```
Are you sure? (Y/N)
The changes you made will cause the system to reboot.
```

- 2. To make other changes, press **N**. Repeat the steps above.
- 3. To accept the changes, press **Y**.

**NOTE:** You can press **Esc** to quit at any time without saving changes. SETUP asks you to confirm that you do not want to save your changes.

## **The Factory Preset Configuration**

When you access SETUP, the current configuration displays.

- 1. To show the factory preset configuration, press **Home**.
- 2. To accept the default settings, press **End** and then press **Y**.

**NOTE:** When you execute the default setting, the following settings are not changed:

HDD Mode

Password

Sound System: I/O Address, Interrupt Level, DMA

Write Policy

## **SETUP Options**

The SETUP screen is divided into functionally related groups. This section describes each group and its options.

## 1. Memory

This option displays the computer's memory.

### (a) Total

This field displays the total amount of memory installed and is automatically calculated by the computer. You cannot change this value.

### 2. Password

This field enables or disables the internal video controller.

**Registered** The user password has been registered.

**Not registered** The user password has not been registered.

For details on setting the user password refer to the User's Manual.

### 3. Peripheral

### (a) Pointing Devices

This option enables or disables the AccuPoint.

**Auto-Selected** If a PS/2 mouse is connected to the computer when you

turn on the power, the PS/2 mouse is enabled and the AccuPoint is disabled. Otherwise, the AccuPoint is

enabled. (Default)

**Simultaneous** Enables both the AccuPoint and PS/2 mouse or the

AccuPoint and a mouse connected to USB port.

### (b) Parallel Port Mode

This option in this tab are ECP and Standard Bi-directional.

**ECP** Sets the port mode to Extended Capabilities Port

(ECP). For most printers, the port should be set to ECP.

(Default)

**Std. Bi-Direct.** This setting should be used with some other parallel

devices.

### (c) Hard Disk Mode

Use this item to select the hard disk mode.

**Enhanced IDE** Select this mode when using MS-DOS®.

(Normal) Windows for Workgroups, Windows 95 or OS/2®.

(Default)

**Standard IDE** Select this mode when using Novell® NetWare® or

UNIX®. When this mode is selected, up to 504MB is logically available even though the disk's capacity is

larger than 504MB.

**NOTE:** Formats for Enhanced IDE and Standard IDE are different, so if you change the setting, you will have to reformat the hard disk for the appropriate setting.

### 4. Boot Priority

Use this option to select the disk drive priority for boot up.

**FDD**→**HDD**: The computer looks for bootable files first on

the FDD and next on the HDD. (Default)

**HDD**→**FDD**: The computer looks for bootable files first on

the HDD and on the FDD.

You can reverse the order by holding down the F10 key while the computer is booting. This procedure alternates the setup setting.

# 5. Display

(a) Power On Display

This option is used to select the display when booting up.

**Auto-Selected** Selects an external monitor if one is connected,

otherwise it selects the internal LCD. (Default)

**Simultaneous** Selects both the internal LCD and the external

monitor for simultaneous display.

(b) LCD Display Stretch

LCD Display Stretch enables or disables a larger display area of the screen.

**Enabled** Enables the LCD display stretch feature.

**Disabled** Disables the LCD display stretch feature. (Default)

### 6. Others

Whether you need to configure the computer with these options depends primarily on the kind of software or peripherals you use.

### (a) Power-up Modes

Use this option to choose hibernation, resume and boot mode.

**Boot** Turns on boot mode. (Default)

**Resume** Turns on resume mode.

**Hibernation** Turns on hibernation mode.

### (b) CPU Cache

Use this option to enable or disable the CPU cache.

**Enabled** Enables the CPU cache. (Default)

**Disabled** Disables the CPU cache.

When enabled is selected, a subwindow similar to the one below displays to let you select the cache write policy. The options for this setting are **Write-back** (default) and **Write-through** for CPU cache.

Write-back policy provides better system performance, because main memory is accessed only when necessary to update the cache contents with changes in main memory. Write-through policy accesses main memory every timedata is handled by the processor.

### (c) Auto Power On

Use this option to set a time and date for automatic power on the **Alarm Date Option** displays when **Alarm Time** is enabled.

```
Alarm Time = 00:00:00
Alarm Date Option = Disabled
```

**Alarm Time** is set in the sequence of hours and minutes. Seconds cannot be changed. **Alarm Date Option** is set in the sequence of month and day. If Alarm Date is set to Disabled, the computer will be powered on at the same time every day. Press ↓ to move the cursor to the right and ↑ to move the cursor to the left when you set the date and time.

### (d) Alarm Volume

This option disables or sets the volume level of the alarm. Setting this option to off disables the computer's sound function for alarms.

Off Disables the alarm.

**Low** Sets the alarm volume to low.

**Medium** Sets the alarm volume to medium.

**High** Sets the alarm volume to high. (Default)

When Alarm Volume is selected, the subwindow below displays to enable or disable certain functions.

### ALARM VOLUME OPTIONS

Low Battery Alarm = Enabled Panel Close Alarm = Enabled System Beep = Enabled

**Enabled** Enables the feature. (Default)

**Disabled** Disables the feature.

### (e) Panel Power On/Off

This option allows you to automatically turn your computer on or off by opening or closing the display panel. If this feature is enabled when the computer is in Resume or Hibernation mode, the system is automatically powered off when the display panel is closed, and powered on when the panel is opened. This option does not appear when the computer is in boot mode.

**Enabled** Enables the feature.

**Disabled** Disables the feature. (Default)

# (f) System Auto Off

Use this option to disable or set the duration of the system automatic off function in Resume or Hibernation mode. In Boot mode and Hibernation mode, it is disabled and does not display.

**Disabled** Disables system automatic power off.

**xx Min.** Automatically turns off power to the system if it is

not used for the duration set. The duration xx can be

set to 10, 20, 30, 40, 50 or 60 minutes.

## 7. Configuration

This field displays the configuration method. You cannot change this value.

All Devices

# 8. I/O ports

This option controls settings for the serial and parallel ports and the sound system.

**NOTE:** Do not assign the same interrupt request level and I/O address to the serial port and PC card.

## (a) Serial

Use this option to set the COM level for the serial port. The serial port interrupt request level (IRQ) and I/O port base address for each COM level is shown below:

| COM level | Interrupt level   | I/O address |                       |
|-----------|---|-------------|-----------------------|
| COM1      | 4   | 3F8H        | (Serial port default) |
| COM2      | 3   | 2F8H        |                       |
| COM3      | 4   | 3E8H        |                       |
| COM3      | 5   | 3E8H        |                       |
| COM3      | 7   | 3E8H        |                       |
| COM4      | 3   | 2E8H        |                       |
| COM4      | 5   | 2E8H        |                       |
| COM4      | 7   | 2E8H        |                       |
| Not Used  | Disables the port   |             |                       |
| Others    | Others settings made automatically by plug-and-play operating systems |             |                       |

### (b) Parallel

This option sets the interrupt request level (IRQ) and I/O port base address for the parallel port. When the Printer Port Type is set to **Standard Bidirectional**, the options are:

| LPT setting | Interrupt level   | I/O address |  |
|-------------|---|-------------|--|
| LPT 1       | 7   | 378H        |  |
| LPT 2       | 5   | 278H        |  |
| LPT 3       | 7   | 3ВСН        |  |
| Not Used    | Disables the port   |             |  |
| Others      | Others settings made automatically by plug-and-play operating systems |             |  |

When the Printer Port Type is set to **ECP**, the DMA channel can also be set to **1**, **2** or **3**. The default is 3.

| LPT setting | Interrupt level   | I/O address | DMA channel               |
|-------------|---|-------------|---------------------------|
| LPT 1       | 7   | 378H        | 3 (Parallel port default) |
| LPT 2       | 5   | 278H        | 3                         |
| LPT 3       | 7   | 3ВСН        | 3                         |
| Not Used    | Disables the port   |             |                           |
| Others      | Others settings made automatically by plug-and-play operating systems |             |                           |

When you select one of the above options, except for **Not Used**, a subwindow similar to the one below appears to let you set the DMA. The options for this setting are **Channel 1** and **Channel 3**(default).

### (c) Sound

Use this option to enable or disable the sound system.

**Enabled** Enables the sound system. (Default)

**Disabled** Disables the sound system.

When Enabled is selected, a subwindow similar to the one below appears to let you set the WSS I/O address, SBPro I/O address, Synthesizer I/O address, WSS & SBPro & MPU401 IRQ Level, WSS (Play) DMA, WSS (Rec.) & SBPro DMA, Control I/O address, and MPU401 (MIDI I/F) for the sound system.

```
WSS I/O Address = 530H
SBPro I/O Address = 220H
Synthesizer I/O Address = 388H
WSS & SBPro & MPU401 IRQ Level
=IRQ5
WSS(Play) DMA = Channel 1
WSS(Rec.) & SBPro DMA = Channel 0
Control I/O Address = 370H
MPU401 (MIDI I/F) = 330H
```

### WSS I/O address

Use this option to set the Windows Sound System I/O address from among the following settings:

```
530h (default), 540h, 550h, 560h
```

### SBPro I/O address

Use this option to set the Sound Blaster Pro I/O address from among the following settings:

```
220h (default), 240h, Others
```

### Synthesizer I/O address

You cannot change this value.

#### WSS & SBPro & MPU401 IRQ level

This option sets the IRQ level for the Windows Sound System, Sound Blaster Pro and MPU401. The available settings are:

```
IRQ5 (default), IRQ7, IRQ9, IRQ11, IRQ15
```

#### WSS (Play) DMA

This option sets the DMA channel for the Windows Sound System (playback). The available settings are:

```
Channel 0, Channel 1 (default), Channel 3
```

#### WSS (Rec.) & SBPro DMA

This option sets the DMA channel for the Windows Sound System (recording) and Sound Blaster Pro. The available settings are:

```
Channel 0 (default), Channel 1, Channel 3
```

NOTE: When you set the WSS (Play) DMA and WSS (Rec.) & SBPro DMA option to the same channel, the WSS (Play) DMA option will display Same as Playback.

#### Control I/O Address

You cannot change this value.

#### MPU401 (MIDI I/F)

You cannot change this value.

#### 9. Display

(a) VGA Segment Address

This option lets you set the VGA Segment Address

C000h (Default) E400h

#### 10. PCI Bus

This option displays the interrupt request level for the CardBus in the computer. It is for information only and cannot be changed.

#### 11. PC Card

This option lets you set the PC Card Controller mode.

**Auto-Selected** Use this setting for all PC Card if you are using

Windows 95. (Default)

Card Bus/16 bit If the card does not work properly with the Auto-

Selected setting, use this setting for Card Bus PC card.

**PCIC Compatible** If the card does not work properly with the Auto-

Selected and CardBus/16 bit setting, use this setting for

16-bit PC Card.

#### 12. Drives I/O

This item display the installed hard disk drives: Built-in HDD or no drive. It appears only in TSETUP.

Setting for Built-in HDD

**Primary IDE (1F0H/IRQ14)** The built-in HDD is ready for use.

**Not Used** Disables the built-in HDD.

# **Chapter 4 Replacement Procedures**

## **Chapter 4** Contents

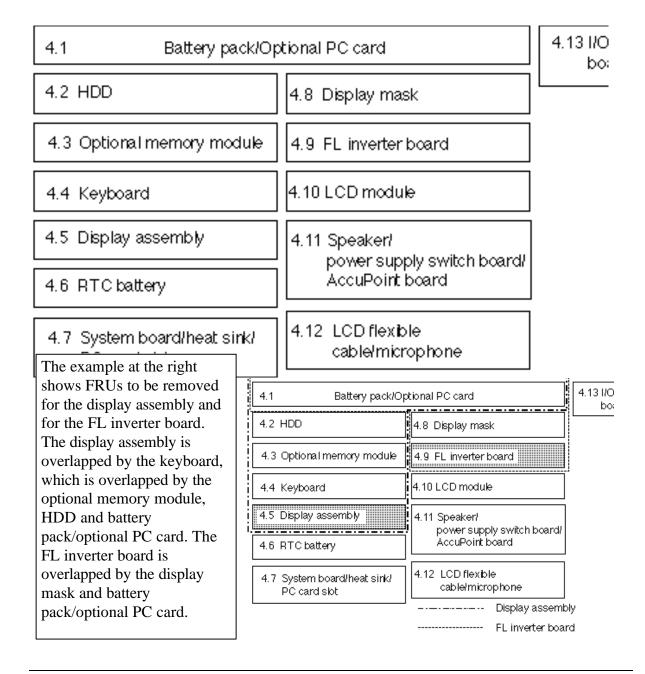
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#### 4.1 Overview

The disassembly and replacement procedures for units that can be replaced in the field (FRUs) are described in this section. It may not be necessary to remove all the FRUs in order to replace one FRU. The chart below shows a guideline on which FRUs are to be removed before removing a certain FRU. Be sure to remove the battery pack first. In repairing an FRU suspected to be the cause of a computer malfunction, determine FRUs to be removed according to the flow of the chart below.



#### **Before Beginning Work**

Observe the following before beginning work. All procedures must begin with the removal of the AC adapter, battery pack and any PC cards.

- 1. Do not disassemble the computer unless a malfunction occurs.
- 2. Use the specified tools.
- 3. Use and storage require a work environment free of the following.
  - Dust and pollutants
  - Static electricity
  - Extremely high or low temperature or humidity
- 4. Conduct the diagnostic test described in Chapter 2 of this manual to identify which FRU is the cause of the malfunction.
- 5. Do not perform unnecessary operations. Observe the disassembly and installation procedures described in this manual.
- 6. The parts removed from the computer must be kept at a safe place away from the computer, free of damage and not impeding the work.
- 7. Many screws are removed and parts are replaced in disassembling the computer. Keep the screws in a safe place in such a way that you will be able to easily identify which screw belongs to which part.
- 8. Use the specified screws and mount the parts in the specified positions in reassembling the computer. Screw sizes are shown with explanations in the figures.
- 9. Be careful not to be injured by the many sharp edges and angles of the screws.
- 10. After replacing the FRU, check its operation and make sure that the computer operates normally.
- 11. Proceed chapter 4.2 or more after removing all items which are described in this section except otherwise noted.

#### **Disassembly Procedures**

| There are two basic types of cable connectors.                          |   |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
|   | ssure plate connector rmal pin connector  |  |  |
| plastic presconnect the cable ir will be at the pull it, and connector, | To disconnect the cable from a pressure plate connector, lift the tab on either side of the lastic pressure plate of the connector, and gently pull the cable out from the connector. To connect the cable to a pressure plate connector, lift the pressure plate high enough and slide the cable into the connector. Push the pressure place at both ends so the plate and connected will be at the same height, then fasten the cable at the correct position. Hold the cable, gent will it, and make sure that the cable is securely in place. If the cable slips out of the connector, make that the pressure plate is lifted high enough, and connect the cable again. It tandard pin connectors are used for all other cables. The cables can be connected to and isconnected from these connectors by simply pulling or pushing. |  |  |
| Reassem   | bly Procedures  |  |  |
|   | able the computer after disassembling it and repairing the parts that caused its n, observe the general instructions given below.   |  |  |
| ☐ Tak   | ke time and reassemble it properly as instructed. Hasty work often raises problems  |  |  |
| ☐ Che   | eck that the cables and connectors are securely fastened.   |  |  |
|   | fore mounting the FRUs and other parts, check that the cables are not caught by ews or FRUs.  |  |  |

After mounting the FRUs back in position, check that the computer operates normally.

☐ After repairing, put all items which are removed from target machine.

☐ Check that all FRUs have been fastened securely with all the screws. If the wrong

screws are used, it may result in damage to the screw threads and heads or the FRUs

☐ Check that all the latches are correctly closed.

may not be fixed securely.

#### **Tools and Devices**

It is important for the safety of the workers and others in the neighborhood to use electrostatic discharging (ESD) devices. Proper use of these devices will raise the success rate of repairs and reduce the expenses arising from damage and breakdown of the parts. The following are necessary for disassembly and reassembly.

| 2-mm Philips screwdriver                          |
|---|
| Tweezers (for easy removal of screws)             |
| ESD mat (to be placed on the work bench or floor) |
| ESD wrist strap or heel grounder                  |
| Anti-static carpet or floor                       |

#### **Screw Tightening Torques**

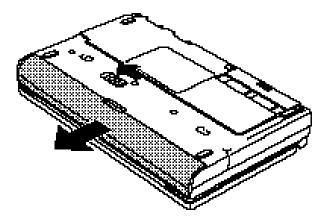
Observe the following torques in tightening the screws. Overtightening may cause damage to the parts or screws, and undertightening may lead to a shortcircuit or other damage from loose screws or parts.

| M2 (2 mm)                  | 0.22 N.m (2.2 kgf.cm)     |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| M2.5 (2.5 mm)              | 0.36 N.m (3.5 kgf.cm)     |
| HDD screw                  | 0.3 N.m to 0.28 N.m       |
| (M3)                       | (3.1 kgf.cm to 2.9 kg.cm) |
| M3 (3 mm)                  | 0.49 N.m (5.0 kgf.cm)     |
| Thin-head M2.5 screw       | 0.22 N.m (2.2 kgf.cm)     |
| Super thin-head M2.5 screw | 0.22 N.m (2.2 kgf.cm)     |

#### **Removing the Battery Pack**

To remove the battery pack follow the steps below.

- 1. Switch the computer off. Disconnect the **AC adapter** and any other external devices from the computer.
- 2. Turn the computer upside down.
- 3. Slide the **battery release latch** to the left to unlock the **battery**.



4. Slide the battery out.

- **CAUTION:** Do not short the battery pack terminals or the terminals of the personal computer to which the battery pack is to be connected. When carrying the battery pack in a bag, for example, wrap it with vinyl sheet or the like to prevent the battery pack terminals from contact with metal objects. If the terminals short, they may become heated or develop a fire.
  - Do not heat, disassemble, or short the battery pack. Do not throw it into fire. Otherwise, the battery pack may explode or cause a fire.
  - Before storing the battery pack, cover the terminals with insulation tape or the like to prevent shorting. Exposed terminals may cause explosion or fire during storage.

#### **Installing the Battery Pack**

To install the battery pack, observe the following instructions.

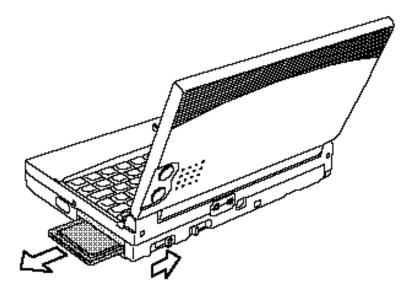
**WARNING:** Use only batteries recommended by Toshiba. Installation of the wrong battery could cause the battery to explode and cause injury or other damage.

- 1. Switch the computer off. Disconnect the **AC adapter** and all external devices from the computer.
- 2. Align the **battery** with the **guide rails**.
- 3. Push the battery into position. The release latch will automatically lock when the battery is fully seated.

#### **Removing the Optional PC Card**

To remove the optional PC card, check that the computer is in boot mode and observe the following procedures.

- 1. Switch the computer off.
- 2. Slide the **PC card release switch** to the right. The right switch releases the bottom card and the left switch releases the top card.



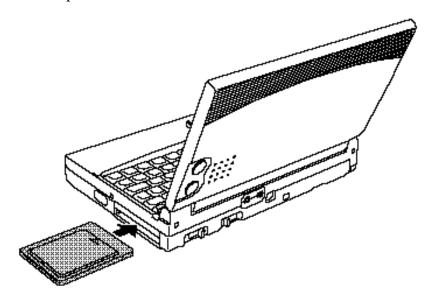
4. The **PC card** will pop out slightly. Hold it securely and pull it out.

#### **Installing the Optional PC Card**

To install the optional PC card follow the steps below.

**NOTE**: Before installing the PC card, make sure that the computer is in boot mode.

1. Switch the computer off.



- 3. Insert the **PC card**. Carefully push it in place.
- 4. Check that, when the PC card is fully inserted, the PC card release lever moves to the left. The right lever releases the bottom card and the left lever releases the top card.

#### 4.2 HDD

*CAUTION:* Be very careful not to press on the top or bottom of the HDD. Pressure can destroy data or damage the drive.

#### **Removing the HDD**

To remove the HDD follow the steps below. (See figures 4-1 to 4-3.)

1. Remove the **two M2x14 silver screws** securing the **HDD cover** and remove the cover.

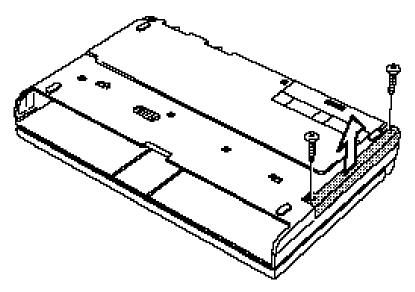


Figure 4-1 Removing the HDD cover

2. Pull the **HDD bracket straight** with your fingernail and pull the **HDD** out.

**NOTE**: When pulling the HDD out, be sure to hold both corners of the bracket as shown below so as not to bend the bracket.

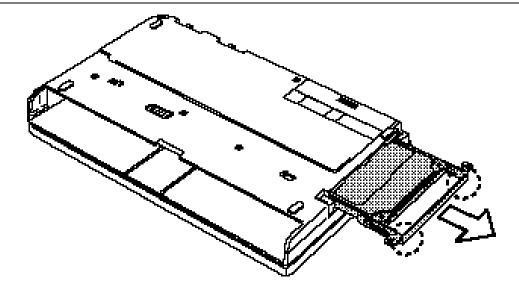


Figure 4-2 Removing the HDD

3. Remove **two thin-flat-head M3 screws** from the HDD bracket, and separate the bracket and the HDD.

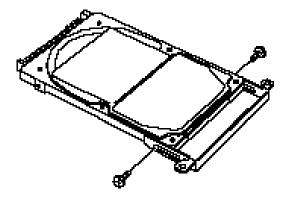


Figure 4-3 Removing the HDD bracket

#### Installing the HDD

To install the HDD follow the steps below. (See figures 4-1 to 4-3.)

- 1. Secure the **HDD** bracket to the **HDD** with two flat-head M3 screws.
- 2. Insert the HDD into the HDD slot and push it carefully and securely into place.

3. Seat the **HDD cover** and fasten it with **two M2x14 silver screws**.

## 4.3 Optional Memory Module

#### **Removing Optional Memory Module**

To remove the optional memory module follow the steps below. (See figures 4-4 to 4-6.)

1. Lift up the right end of the **keyboard brace** to remove it.



Figure 4-4 Removing the keyboard brace

2. Lift up the back edge of the **keyboard**.

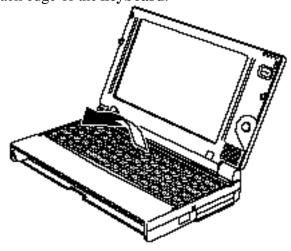


Figure 4-5 Lifting up the keyboard

4. Lift out the keyboard and lay it against the display, being careful not to apply tension to the cables. Remove the **super-thin-head M2.5 screw** first, then remove the **memory module**.

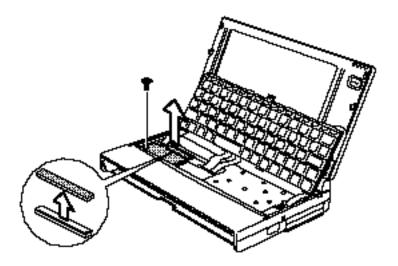


Figure 4-6 Removing the optional memory module

#### **Installing Optional Memory Module**

To install the optional memory module follow the steps below. (See figures 4-4 to 4-6.)

1. Connect the **memory module** to the connector.

**CAUTION**: Do not touch the connectors of the memory module or computer. Memory access trouble may arise from foreign matter adhering to the connectors.

- 2. Fasten the memory module with one **super-thin-head M2.5 screw**.
- 3. Seat the **keyboard**. The keyboard has tabs on the front, so install it by inserting from the front, taking care not to pinch the flexible cable.
- 4. Secure the **keyboard brace**.
- 5. Install removed components.

#### 4.4 Keyboard

#### **Removing the Keyboard**

To remove the keyboard follow the steps below. (See figure 4-7.)

- 1. Remove **two M2x3 silver screws** securing the **keyboard straps** and slide each strap out from under its brace.
- 2. Disconnect the **flexible cable** from **PJ302** and remove the **keyboard**.

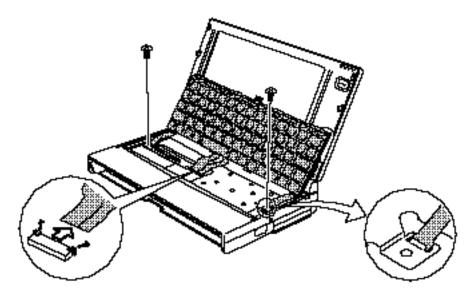


Figure 4-7 Removing the keyboard

#### Installing the Keyboard

To install the keyboard follow the steps below. (See figure 4-7.)

- 1. Slide the **keyboard straps** under slots in the metal plate and secure them with **two** M2x3 silver screws.
- 2. Connect the **flexible cable** to **PJ302**.
- 3. Seat the **keyboard**. The keyboard has tabs on the front, so install it by inserting the front first, taking care not to pinch the flexible cable.
- 4. Secure the **keyboard brace**.
- 5. Install removed components.

## 4.5 Display Assembly

#### **Removing the Display Assembly**

To remove the display assembly follow the steps below. (See figures 4-8 to 411.)

1. Lift out the **metal cover**.

**CAUTION:** The metal cover is thin, so be careful not to cut yourself on the edge.

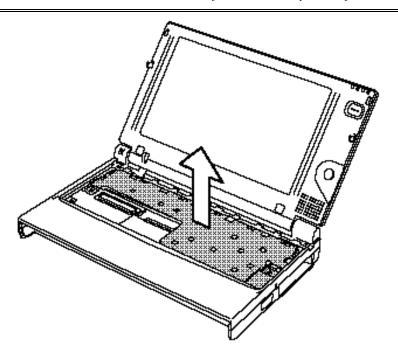


Figure 4-8 Removing the metal cover

- 2. Disconnect the **display flexible cable** from **PJ250** on the system board.
- 3. Remove insulator covering the RTC battery cable and lift the battery cable out of its groove.

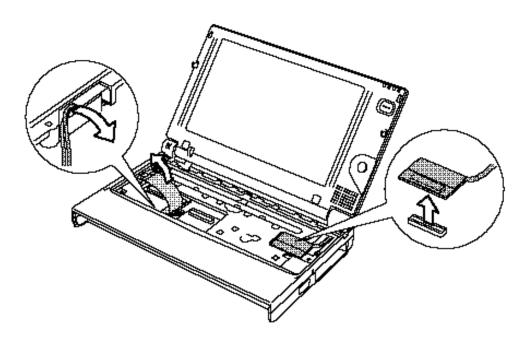


Figure 4-9 Removing the display flexible cable

4. Close the display, turn the computer upside down, and remove **five M2x14 silver** screws.

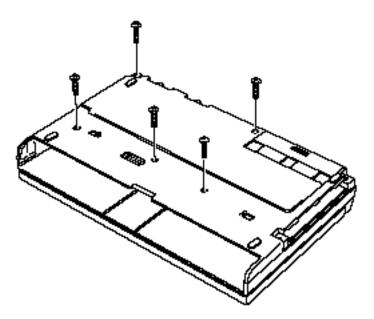


Figure 4-10 Removing five screws

- 5. Turn the computer right side up and open the display.
- 6. Disconnect the **microphone cable** from **PJ470** on the system board and lift off the **display assembly**.

*CAUTION:* Make sure the flexible cable has been removed from PJ470 on the system board before removing the display assembly. An attempt to forcibly remove the display assembly when the flexible cable is still connected to PJ470 could damage the cable.

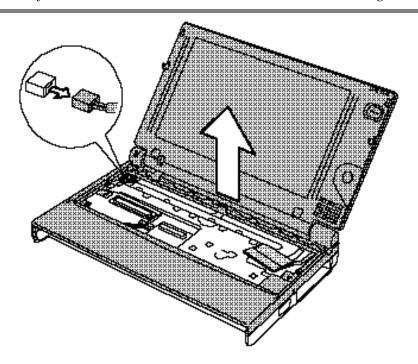


Figure 4-11 Removing the display assembly

#### **Installing the Display Assembly**

To install the display assembly follow the steps below. (See figures 4-8 to 411.)

- 1. Seat the **display assembly** and connect the **microphone cable** to **PJ470** on the system board.
- 2. Connect the **display flexible cable** to **PJ250** on the system board (figure 4-9).
- 3. Lay the **metal cover** in place, making sure the cover is properly aligned with the edges of the computer.
- 4. Route the RTC battery cable in its groove and secure it with insulator.
- 5. Close the display, turn the computer upside down, and fasten the display with **five M2x14 silver screws**.
- 6. Install removed components.

## 4.6 RTC Battery

#### **Removing the RTC Battery**

To remove the RTC battery follow the steps below. (See figure 4-12.)

- 1. Disconnect the **RTC battery cable** from **PJ300** on the system board.
- 2. Lift out the **RTC battery**.

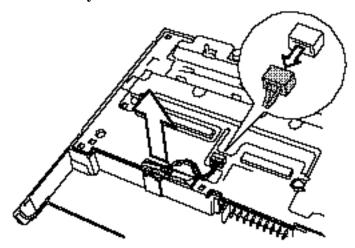


Figure 4-12 RTC battery removal

#### **Installing the RTC Battery**

To install the RTC battery follow the steps below. (See figure 4-12.)

- 1. Connect the RTC battery cable to PJ300 on the system board.
- 2. Seat the **RTC battery**.
- 3. Install the removed components.

### 4.7 System Board, Heat Sink and PC Card Slot

#### Removing the System Board, Heat Sink and PC Card Slot

To remove the system board, heat sink and PC card slot observe the following procedures. (See figures 4-13 to 4-15.)

1. Grasp the **system board** and lift it out.

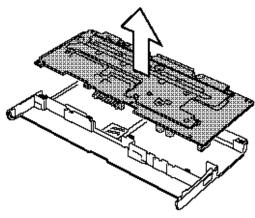


Figure 4-13 Removing the system board

- 2. Remove **one M2x4 screw** and **two M2x6 screw**s securing the **heat sink** to the system board.
- 3. Remove **four M2x14 screws** securing both the heat sink and **PC card slot** to the system board.
- 4. Lift off the heat sink.

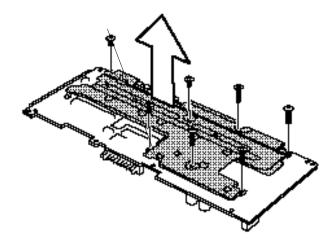


Figure 4-14 Removing the heat sink

5. Turn the system board over and lift off the PC card slot.

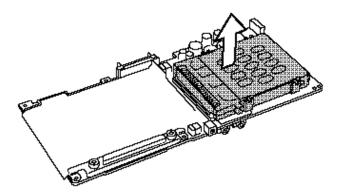


Figure 4-15 Removing the PC card slot

#### Installing System Board, Heat Sink and PC Card Slot

To install the system board, heat sink and PC card slot follow the steps below. (See figures 4-13 to 4-15.)

- 1. Secure the heat sink to the system board with one M2x4 screw, and two M2x6 screws.
- 2. Turn over the system board and set the **PC card slot** in place. Turn the system board back over and secure the PC card slot with **four 2x14 silver screws**.
- 3. Align the power connector with its housing and seat the system board.

## 4.8 Display Mask

#### **Removing the Display Mask**

To remove the display mask follow the steps below. (See figures 4-16 to 417.)

- 1. Remove the **two mask seals** on the right and left in the lower part of the display mask.
- 2. Remove **two M2.5x5 screws** that were covered by the seals.
- 3. Remove the **AccuPoint cap**.

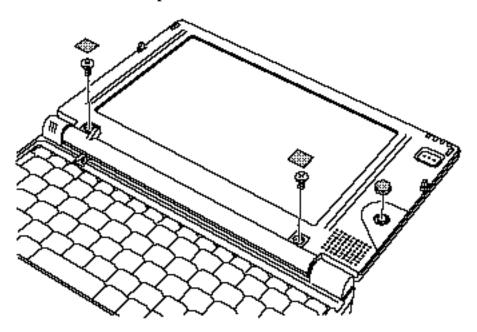
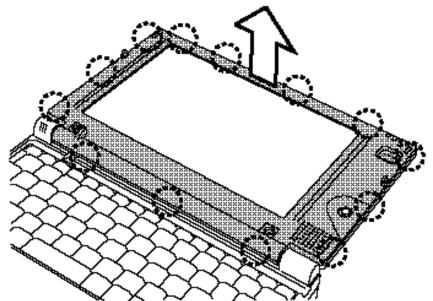


Figure 4-16 Removing the mask seals

4. Carefully insert your fingers between the mask and top of the LCD panel and release the **four latches** at the top of the display mask.



5. Continue along the sides (three latches on each side) and the bottom (three latches).

Figure 4-17 Removing the display mask

#### **Installing the Display Mask**

To install the display mask follow the steps below. (See figures 4-16 and 417.)

- 1. Set the **display mask** in place and fasten the latches starting with the three at the bottom.
- 2. Continue along the sides (three latches on each side) and the top (four latches).
- 3. Mount the **AccuPoint cap**.
- 4. Secure the display mask with **two M2.5x5 screws**.
- 5. Secure the **two mask seals**.

#### 4.9 FL Inverter Board

#### Removing the FL Inverter Board

To remove the FL inverter board follow the steps below. (See figures 4-18 to 4-19.)

- 1. Remove one M2x5 silver screw securing the FL inverter board.
- 2. Slide the FL inverter board slightly to the right to clear a small **latch** and lift out the board, being careful not to apply tension to the cables.

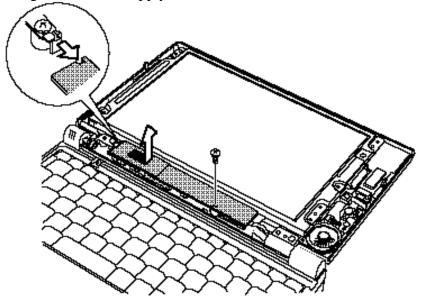


Figure 4-18 Removing the FL inverter board

3. Carefully turn the FL inverter board over and disconnect the **display cable** from **CN1** and the **FL cable** from **CN2**.

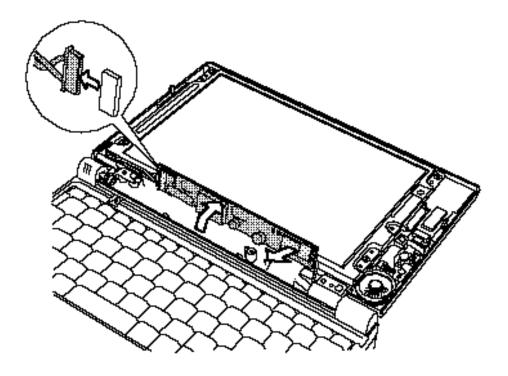


Figure 4-19 Disconnecting the display cable

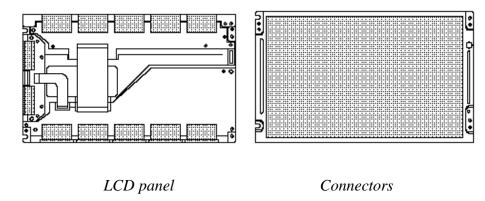
#### **Installing the FL Inverter Board**

To install the FL inverter board follow the steps below. (See figure 4-18 to 4-19.)

- 1. Connect the **FL** cable to **CN1** on the **FL** inverter board and the display flexible cable to **CN2**.
- 2. Place the FL inverter board in position and secure it with one M2x5 silver screw.
- 3. Install the removed components.

| 4.10 LCD Module |  |  |  |  |
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When handling the LCD module, do not touch or apply pressure to the surface of the LCD panel. Do not touch or apply pressure to the connectors.



#### **Removing the LCD Module**

To remove the LCD module follow the steps below. (See figure 4-20.)

- 1. Remove four M2x5 silver screws securing the LCD module to the top cover.
- 2. Carefully rotate the LCD module out of the top cover from left to right being careful not to apply tension to the cables connected to the right side.
- 3. Disconnect the **display flexible cable** from **CN1** on the LCD module.

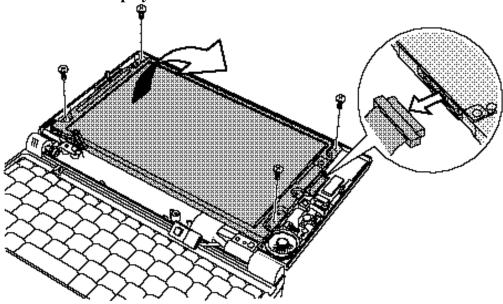


Figure 4-20 LCD module removal

#### **Installing the LCD Module**

To install the LCD module follow the steps below. (See figure 4-20.)

- 1. Connect the **display flexible cable** to **CN1** on the **LCD module**.
- 2. Carefully rotate the LCD module into the **top cover** from right to left.
- 3. Secure the LCD module to the top cover with **four M2x5 silver screws**.

#### 4.11 Speaker, Power Switch Board and AccuPoint Board

#### Removing the Speaker, Power Switch Board and AccuPoint Board

To remove the speaker, power switch board and AccuPoint board follow the steps below. (See figures 4-21 and 4-23.)

1. Disconnect the **speaker cable** from the **speaker connector** and lift out the **speaker** with its **rubber case**.

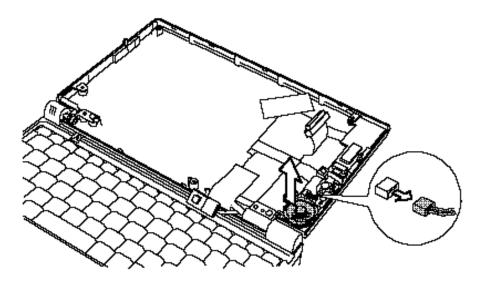


Figure 4-21 Removing the speaker

- 2. Separate the speaker from its case.
- 3. Disconnect the AccuPoint flexible cable from PJ12 on the power switch board.

4. Turn over the power switch board, being careful not to apply tension to the remaining cable connection and disconnect the LCD flexible cable from **PJ3** on the power switch board.

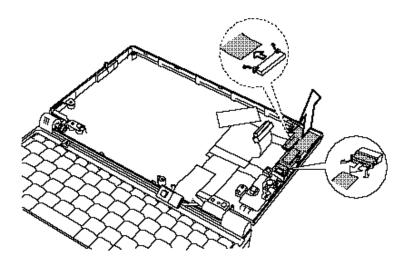


Figure 4-22 Removing the power switch board

5. Remove one M2x3 silver screw securing the AccuPoint board and lift out the board.

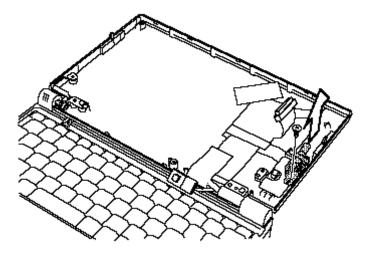


Figure 4-23 Removing the AccuPoint board

### Installing the Speaker, Power Switch Board and AccuPoint Board

To install the speaker, power switch board and AccuPoint board follow the steps below. (See figures 4-21 to 4-23.)

- 1. Seat the AccuPoint board and secure it with one M2x3 silver screw.
- 2. Connect the LCD flexible cable to **PJ3** on the power switch board.
- 3. Connect the AccuPoint flexible cable to PJ12 on the power switch board.
- 4. Seat the speaker in its case.
- 5. Connect the **speaker cable** to the **speaker connector** and seat the speaker with its **rubber case**.
- 6. Install the removed components.

### 4.12 LCD Flexible Cable and Microphone

### **Removing LCD Flexible Cable and Microphone**

To remove the LCD flexible cable and microphone follow the steps below. (See figures 424 to 4-29.)

- 1. Remove **one M2x5 sliver screw** securing the **LCD flexible cable** and **two M2.5x5 screws** securing the **display hinges**.
- 2. Remove two strips of **tape** securing the LCD flexible cable.
- 3. Separate the **LCD module** from the **top cover**.

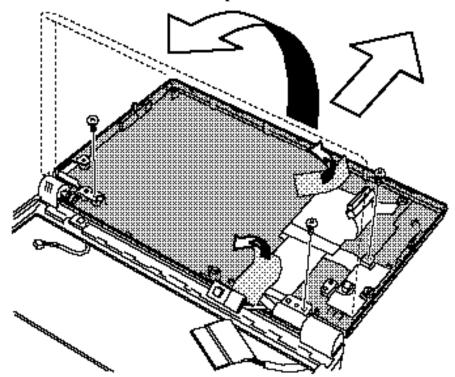


Figure 4-24 Removing the LCD module

4. Remove **insulator** covering the **microphone cable**.

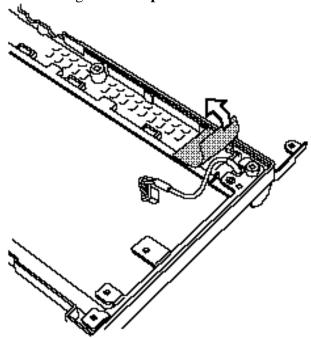


Figure 4 -25 Removing tape

5. Remove **one M2x4 screw** securing the **left top cover brace** to the top cover and remove a **plastic support** for the left top cover brace.

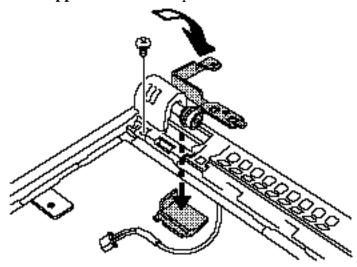


Figure 4-26 Removing one screw and plastic support

6. Remove the left top cover brace and **microphone**.

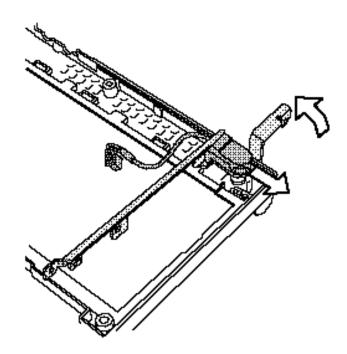


Figure 4-27 Removing the left top cover brace and microphone

- 7. Separate the microphone from its **rubber case**.
- 8. Remove one M2x5 silver screw and a brace for the LCD flexible cable.

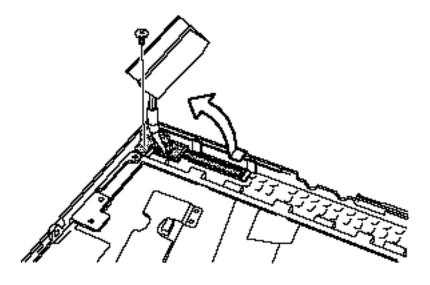


Figure 4-28 Removing the LCD flexible cable

9. Remove the LCD cable by pulling it through the opening that was covered by the brace.

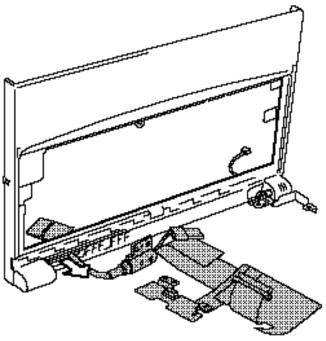


Figure 4-29 Removing the LCD cable

#### **Installing LCD Flexible Cable and Microphone**

To install the LCD flexible cable and microphone follow the steps below. (See figures 424 to 4-29.)

- 1. Thread the **LCD cable** through the slot in the **top cover**.
- 2. Seat the LCD flexible brace and secure it with one M2x5 screw.
- 3. Put the **microphone** in the **rubber case** and seat the microphone with rubber case in the top cover.
- 4. Seat the **left top cover brace** and **plastic support**, then secure the brace with **one M2x4 screw**.
- 5. Cover the **microphone cable** with **insulator**.
- 6. Seat the **LCD module** in the **top cover**.
- 7. Secure the **LCD flexible cable** with **two strips of tape**.
- 8. Secure the **display hinges** with **two M2.5x5 screws** and secure the LCD flexible cable with **one M2x5 silver screw**.
- 9. Install the removed components.

### 4.13 I/O Adapter Board

### Removing the I/O Adapter Board

To remove the I/O adapter board follow the steps below. (See figures 4-30 to 4-32.)

- 1. Remove the **I/O** adapter from the computer. Disconnect all the external cables from the I/O adapter.
- 2. Turn the I/O adapter upside down, and remove **three M2x5 silver screws** from the back and **six M2x5 silver screws** from the bottom.

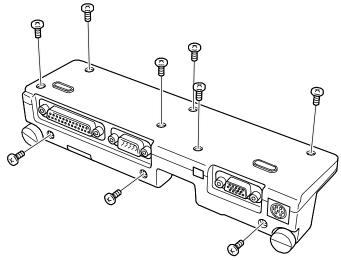


Figure 4-30 Removing nine screws

3. Release **one latch** securing the left side, **two latches** securing the front edge and **one latch** securing the right side and then remove the **upper cover**.

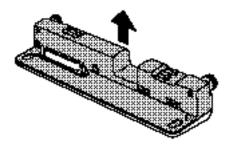


Figure 4-31 Removing the upper cover

4. Remove four M2x4 screws securing the I/O adapter board and lift out the board.

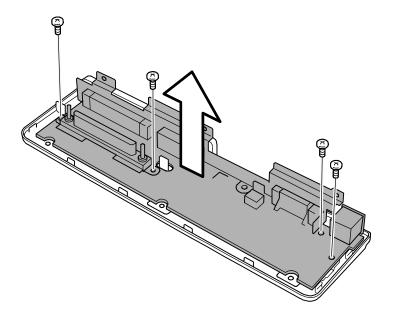


Figure 4-32 Removing the I/O adapter board

### Installing the I/O Adapter Board

To install the I/O adapter board follow the steps below. (See figures 4-30 to 432.)

- 1. Seat the I/O adapter board and secure it with four M2x4 screws.
- 2. Seat the **top cover** on the bottom cover.
- 3. Turn the I/O adapter upside down, and secure six M2x5 silver screws to the bottom and three M2x5 silver screws to the back.

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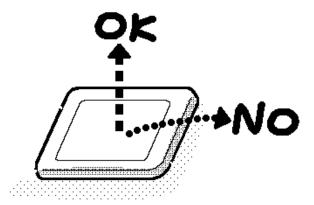
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## Appendix A Handling the LCD Module

#### Precautions for handling the LCD module

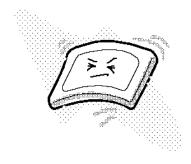
The LCD module can be easily damaged during assembly or disassembly. Therefore, please observe the following precautions when handling it:

1. When installing the LCD module in its cover, be sure to seat it so that it is properly aligned and maximum visibility of the display is maintained.



2. Be careful to align the holes at the four corners of the LCD module with the corresponding holes in its cover before securing the module with screws. Do not force the module into place, because stress can affect its performance.

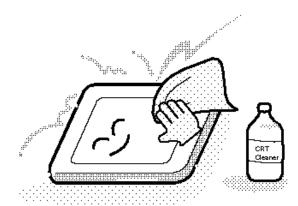
Note: The panel's polarized surface is easily scarred, so handle it carefully.



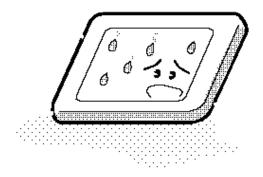


3. If the panel's surface gets dirty, wipe it with cotton or a soft cloth. If it is still dirty, try breathing on the surface to create a light condensate and wipe it again.

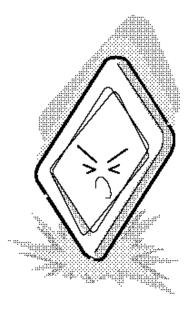
If the surface is very dirty, use a CRT cleaning agent. Apply the agent to a cloth and then wipe the panel's surface. Do not apply cleanser directly to the panel.



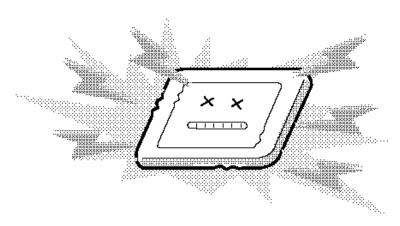
4. If water or other liquid is left on the panel's surface for a long period, it can change the screen's tint or stain it. Be sure to quickly wipe off any liquid.



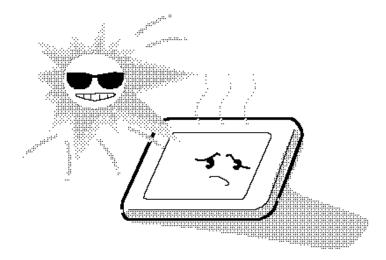
5. Glass is used in the panel, so be careful not to drop it or let it strike a hard object, which could cause breakage or cracks.



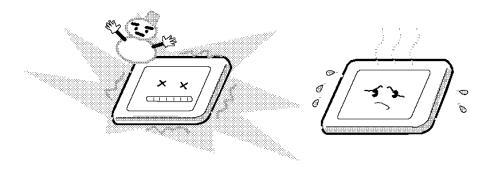
6. CMOS-LSI circuits are used in the module, so guard against damage from electrostatic discharge. Be sure to wear a wrist or ankle ground when handling the module.



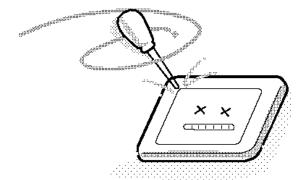
7. Do not expose the module to direct sunlight or strong ultraviolet rays for long periods.



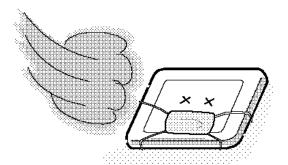
8. Do not store the module at temperatures below specifications. Cold can cause the liquid crystals to freeze, lose their elasticity or otherwise suffer damage.



9. Do not disassemble the LCD module. Disassembly can cause malfunctions.



10. If you transport the module, do not use packing material that contains epoxy resin (amine) or silicon glue (alcohol or oxime). These materials can release gas that can damage the panel's polarization.



## Appendix B Board Layout

## **B.1** System Board Front View

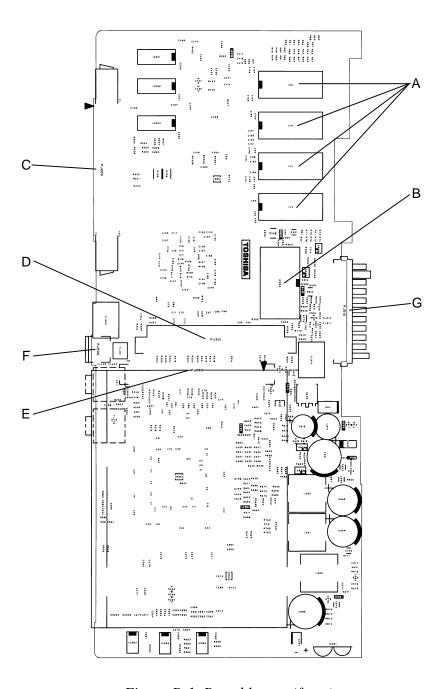


Figure B-1 Board layout (front)

## **B.2** System Board Back View

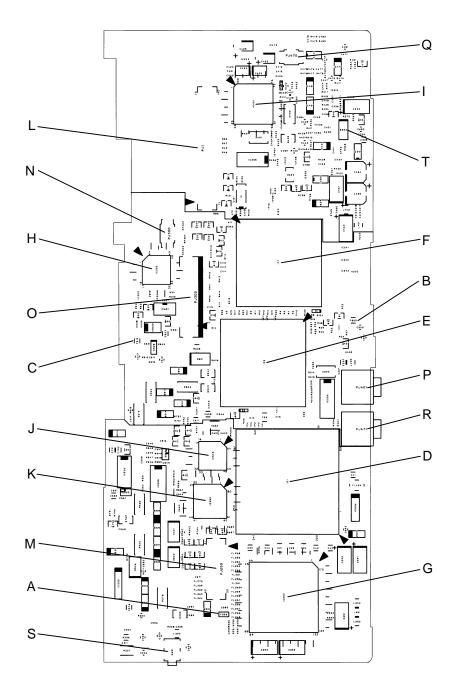


Figure B-2 Board layout (back)

Table B-1 System board ICs and connectors (front)

| Mark | Number   | Name                        |
|------|----------|-----------------------------|
| (A)  | IC3 to 6 | System RAM                  |
| (B)  | IC300    | BIOS ROM                    |
| (C)  | PJ200    | Docking interface connector |
| (D)  | PJ301    | HDD connector               |
| (E)  | PJ303    | PC card connector           |
| (F)  | PJ500    | DC-IN connector             |
| (G)  | PJ510    | Main battery connector      |

Table B-2 System board ICs and connectors (back)

| Mark | Number | Name                                   |
|------|--------|--|
| (A)  | F256   | FL inverter and LCD fuse               |
| (B)  | F500   | DC-IN fuse                             |
| (C)  | F510   | Battery fuse                           |
| (D)  | IC1    | CPU                                    |
| (E)  | IC2    | System controller GA (Cello-SSP)       |
| (F)  | IC7    | I/O & PC card controller GA (Petunia3) |
| (G)  | IC250  | Video controller                       |
| (H)  | IC302  | KBC                                    |
| (1)  | IC401  | Sound controller                       |
| (J)  | IC545  | Power supply microprocessor            |
| (K)  | IC550  | Embedded controller                    |
| (L)  | PJ1    | Expansion memory connector             |
| (M)  | PJ250  | FLIMC* board connector                 |
| (N)  | PJ300  | RTC battery connector                  |
| (O)  | PJ302  | Keyboard connector                     |
| (P)  | PJ401  | Headphone connector                    |
| (Q)  | PJ470  | Internal microphone connector          |
| (R)  | PJ471  | External microphone connector          |
| (S)  | S651   | Reset switch                           |
| (T)  | S653   | Panel close switch                     |

## **Appendix C** Pin Assignments

### **System Board**

## C.1 PJ1 Expansion Memory Connector (140-pin)

Table C-1 Expansion Memory connector pin assignments (140-pin)(1/3)

| Pin No. | Signal name | I/O | Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O |
|---------|-------------|-----|---------|-------------|-----|
| 1       | GND         | -   | 2       | GND         | -   |
| 3       | MD00;100    | I/O | 4       | MD32;100    | I/O |
| 5       | MD01;100    | I/O | 6       | MD33;100    | I/O |
| 7       | MD02;100    | I/O | 8       | MD34;100    | I/O |
| 9       | MD03;100    | I/O | 10      | MD35;100    | I/O |
| 11      | B3V         | 0   | 12      | B3V         | I   |
| 13      | MD04;100    | I/O | 14      | MD36;100    | I/O |
| 15      | MD05;100    | I/O | 16      | MD37;100    | I/O |
| 17      | MD06;100    | I/O | 18      | MD38;100    | I/O |
| 19      | MD07;100    | I/O | 20      | MD39;100    | I/O |
| 21      | GND         | -   | 22      | GND         | -   |
| 23      | CAS0;001    | 0   | 24      | CAS4;011    | 0   |
| 25      | CAS1;001    | 0   | 26      | CAS5;011    | 0   |
| 27      | B3V         | 0   | 28      | B3V         | -   |
| 29      | MA00B;101   | 0   | 30      | MA03;111    | 0   |
| 31      | MA01B;101   | 0   | 32      | MA04;111    | 0   |
| 33      | MA02;111    | 0   | 34      | MA05;111    | 0   |
| 35      | GND         | -   | 36      | GND         | -   |
| 37      | MD08;100    | I/O | 38      | MD40;100    | I/O |
| 39      | MD09;100    | I/O | 40      | MD41;100    | I/O |
| 41      | MD10;100    | I/O | 42      | MD42;100    | I/O |
| 43      | MD11;100    | I/O | 44      | MD43;100    | I   |
| 45      | B3V         | -   | 46      | B3V         | -   |
| 47      | MD12;100    | I/O | 48      | MD44;100    | I/O |
| 49      | MD13;100    | I/O | 50      | MD45;100    | I/O |
| 51      | MD14;100    | I/O | 52      | MD46;100    | I/O |

Table C-1 Expansion Memory connector pin assignments (140-pin)(2/3)

| Pin No. | Signal name | I/O | Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O |
|---------|-------------|-----|---------|-------------|-----|
| 53      | MD15;100    | I/O | 54      | MD47;100    | I/O |
| 55      | GND         | -   | 56      | GND         | -   |
| 57      | NC          | -   | 58      | NC          | -   |
| 59      | NC          | -   | 60      | NC          | -   |
| 61      | NC          | -   | 62      | NC          | -   |
| 63      | B3V         | -   | 64      | B3V         | -   |
| 65      | NC          | -   | 66      | WED;001     | 0   |
| 67      | WEC;001     | 0   | 68      | NC          | -   |
| 69      | RAS2;001    | 0   | 70      | NC          | -   |
| 71      | RAS3;001    | 0   | 72      | NC          | -   |
| 73      | NC          | -   | 74      | NC          | -   |
| 75      | GND         | -   | 76      | GND         | -   |
| 77      | NC          | -   | 78      | NC          | -   |
| 79      | NC          | •   | 80      | NC          | -   |
| 81      | B3V         | •   | 82      | B3V         | -   |
| 83      | MD16;100    | I/O | 84      | MD48;100    | I/O |
| 85      | MD17;100    | I/O | 86      | MD49;100    | I/O |
| 87      | MD18;100    | I/O | 88      | MD50;100    | I/O |
| 89      | MD19;100    | I/O | 90      | MD51;100    | I/O |
| 91      | GND         | -   | 92      | GND         | -   |
| 93      | MD20;100    | I/O | 94      | MD52;100    | I/O |
| 95      | MD21;100    | I/O | 96      | MD53;100    | I/O |
| 97      | MD22;100    | I/O | 98      | MD54;100    | I/O |
| 99      | MD23;100    | I/O | 100     | MD55;100    | I/O |
| 101     | B3V         | -   | 102     | B3V         | -   |
| 103     | MA06;111    | 0   | 104     | MA07;111    | 0   |
| 105     | MA08;111    | 0   | 106     | MA11;111    | 0   |
| 107     | GND         | -   | 108     | GND         | -   |
| 109     | MA09;111    | 0   | 110     | MA00C;101   | 0   |
| 111     | MA10;111    | 0   | 112     | MA01C;101   | 0   |
| 113     | B3V         | -   | 114     | B3V         | -   |
| 115     | CAS2;011    | 0   | 116     | CAS6;011    | 0   |

Table C-1 Expansion Memory connector pin assignments (140-pin)(3/3)

| Pin No. | Signal name | I/O | Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O |
|---------|-------------|-----|---------|-------------|-----|
| 117     | CAS3;011    | 0   | 118     | CAS7;011    | 0   |
| 119     | GND         | -   | 120     | GND         | -   |
| 121     | MD20;100    | I/O | 122     | MD56;100    | I/O |
| 123     | MD25;100    | I/O | 124     | MD57;100    | I/O |
| 125     | MD26;100    | I/O | 126     | MD58;100    | I/O |
| 127     | MD27;100    | I/O | 128     | MD59;100    | I/O |
| 129     | B3V         | -   | 130     | B3V         | -   |
| 131     | MD28;100    | I/O | 132     | MD60;100    | I/O |
| 133     | MD29;100    | I/O | 134     | MD61;100    | I/O |
| 135     | MD30;100    | I/O | 136     | MD62;100    | I/O |
| 137     | MD31;100    | I/O | 138     | MD63;100    | I/O |
| 139     | GND         | -   | 140     | GND         | -   |

## C.2 PJ200 Docking Interface Connector (140-pin)

*Table C-2 Docking Interface connector pin assignments (140-pin)(1/3)* 

| Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O | Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O |
|---------|-------------|-----|---------|-------------|-----|
| 1       | GND         | -   | 2       | GND         | -   |
| 3       | DAD00;100   | I/O | 4       | DAD01;100   | I/O |
| 5       | DAD02;100   | I/O | 6       | DAD03;100   | I/O |
| 7       | DAD04;100   | I/O | 8       | DAD05;100   | I/O |
| 9       | DAD06;100   | I/O | 10      | DAD07;100   | I/O |
| 11      | DAD08;100   | I/O | 12      | DAD09;100   | I/O |
| 13      | DAD10;100   | I/O | 14      | DAD11;100   | I/O |
| 15      | DAD12;100   | I/O | 16      | DAD13;100   | I/O |
| 17      | DAD14;100   | I/O | 18      | DAD15;100   | I/O |
| 19      | DAD16;100   | I/O | 20      | DAD17;100   | I/O |
| 21      | DAD18;100   | I/O | 22      | DAD19;100   | I/O |
| 23      | DAD20;100   | I/O | 24      | DAD21;100   | I/O |
| 25      | DAD22;100   | I/O | 26      | DAD23;100   | I/O |

Table C-2 Docking Interface connector pin assignments (140-pin)(2/3)

| Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O | Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O |
|---------|-------------|-----|---------|-------------|-----|
| 27      | DAD24;100   | I/O | 28      | DAD25;100   | I/O |
| 29      | DAD26;100   | I/O | 30      | DAD27;100   | I/O |
| 31      | DAD28;100   | I/O | 32      | DAD29;100   | I/O |
| 33      | DAD30;100   | I/O | 34      | DAD31;100   | I/O |
| 35      | ECGPI1;100  | I   | 36      | DPGNTH;000  | 0   |
| 37      | GND         | -   | 38      | DCKRUN;000  | 0   |
| 39      | DDEVSL;000  | I/O | 40      | DTRDY;000   | I/O |
| 41      | DSPOT;000   | I/O | 42      | DINT3;000   | I   |
| 43      | DINT4;000   | I   | 44      | DAUDIO;100  | 1   |
| 45      | DCDSPK;110  | I   | 46      | DCDSMI;000  | 1   |
| 47      | DEJREQ;100  | I/O | 48      | ECGP00;100  | 0   |
| 49      | QSWON;100   | 0   | 50      | DPREQH;000  | I   |
| 51      | DOCPWN;100  | 0   | 52      | DCPCLR;000  | 0   |
| 53      | S5V         | -   | 54      | IFVCC       | -   |
| 55      | IFVCC       | -   | 56      | IFVCC       | -   |
| 57      | IFVCC       | -   | 58      | VCC         | -   |
| 59      | VCC         | -   | 60      | NC          | -   |
| 61      | PRDCIN      | -   | 62      | PRDCIN      | -   |
| 63      | PRDCIN      | -   | 64      | PRDCIN      | -   |
| 65      | PRDCIN      | •   | 66      | PRDCIN      | -   |
| 67      | NC          | •   | 68      | DOCDET;000  | I/O |
| 69      | GND         | -   | 70      | GND         | -   |
| 71      | GND         | -   | 72      | GND         | -   |
| 73      | GND         | -   | 74      | DPREQG;000  | I   |
| 75      | DPGNTG;000  | 0   | 76      | DCBE0;000   | I/O |
| 77      | DCBE1;000   | I/O | 78      | DCBE2;000   | I/O |
| 79      | DCBE3;000   | I/O | 80      | DFRAM;000   | I/O |
| 81      | DIRDY;000   | I/O | 82      | DPAR;100    | I/O |
| 83      | DPCLK4;100  | 0   | 84      | DIRQCK;100  | 0   |
| 85      | DIRQD;000   | I/O | 86      | +3.3V       | -   |
| 87      | CK32K;100   | 0   | 88      | RCLR;100    | 0   |
| 89      | +3.3V       | -   | 90      | PCONF;100   | I/O |

Table C-2 Docking Interface connector pin assignments (140-pin)(3/3)

| Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O | Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O |
|---------|-------------|-----|---------|-------------|-----|
| 91      | USBVC1      | -   | 92      | USBVC1      | -   |
| 93      | USBDP1;100  | I/O | 94      | USBDN1;000  | I/O |
| 95      | MOUSDT;120  | I/O | 96      | MOUSCK;120  | I/O |
| 97      | EXKBCK;101  | I/O | 98      | EXKBDT;101  | I/O |
| 99      | GND         | •   | 100     | CVSYNC;100  | 0   |
| 101     | CRTEN;000   | 0   | 102     | CHSYNC;100  | 0   |
| 103     | MONID1;000  | 0   | 104     | CRED;100    | 0   |
| 105     | CGREEN;100  | 0   | 106     | CBLUE;100   | 0   |
| 107     | PNLST;100   | ı   | 108     | MONID3;000  | 0   |
| 109     | DCD1;010    | I   | 110     | DSR1;010    | I   |
| 111     | RXD1;110    | I   | 112     | CTS1;010    | I   |
| 113     | RI1;010     | ı   | 114     | RTS1;000    | 0   |
| 115     | TXD1;100    | 0   | 116     | DTR1;000    | 0   |
| 117     | E232C;100   | 0   | 118     | RIOUT;000   | I   |
| 119     | GND         | •   | 120     | ACK;000     | I   |
| 121     | BUSY;100    | ı   | 122     | PE;100      | I   |
| 123     | SELCT;100   | I   | 124     | ERROR;000   | I   |
| 125     | STROB;000   | 0   | 126     | AUTFD;000   | 0   |
| 127     | SLIN;000    | 0   | 128     | PINT;000    | 0   |
| 129     | PD0;100     | I/O | 130     | PD1;100     | I/O |
| 131     | PD2;100     | I/O | 132     | PD3;100     | I/O |
| 133     | PD4;100     | I/O | 134     | PD5;100     | I/O |
| 135     | PD6;100     | I/O | 136     | PD7;100     | I/O |
| 137     | SCL;100     | I/O | 138     | SDA;100     | I/O |
| 139     | B5V         | -   | 140     | GND         | -   |

## C.3 PJ250 FL Inverter I/F Connector (60-pin)

Table C-3 FL Inverter I/F connector pin assignments (60-pin)

| Pin No. | Signal name | I/O | Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O |
|---------|-------------|-----|---------|-------------|-----|
| 1       | PWRSW;000   |     | 2       | CHGGRN;000  | 0   |
| 3       | CHGDRG;000  | 0   | 4       | DCGRN;000   | 0   |
| 5       | PVLED       | -   | 6       | DCORG;000   | 0   |
| 7       | VCC         | ı   | 8       | VCC         | -   |
| 9       | ISARST;000  | I   | 10      | IPSCLK;000  | 0   |
| 11      | IPSDAT;100  | 0   | 12      | VCC         | -   |
| 13      | VCC         | -   | 14      | VCC         | -   |
| 15      | ENDATA;120  | 0   | 16      | PNLD05;120  | 0   |
| 17      | PNLD04;120  | 0   | 18      | PNLD03;120  | 0   |
| 19      | PNLD02;120  | 0   | 20      | PNLD01;120  | 0   |
| 21      | PNLD00;120  | 0   | 22      | PNLD11;120  | 0   |
| 23      | PNLD10;120  | 0   | 24      | PNLD09;120  | 0   |
| 25      | PNLD08;120  | 0   | 26      | PNLD07;120  | 0   |
| 27      | PNLD06;120  | 0   | 28      | PNLD17;120  | 0   |
| 29      | PNLD16;120  | 0   | 30      | PNLD15;120  | 0   |
| 31      | HDDLED;000  | 0   | 32      | PWLEDO;100  | 0   |
| 33      | PWLEDG;100  | 0   | 34      | FL1;100     | 0   |
| 35      | FL0;100     | 0   | 36      | VCC         | -   |
| 37      | VCC         | -   | 38      | VCC         | -   |
| 39      | GND         | -   | 40      | GND         | -   |
| 41      | GND         | -   | 42      | GND         | -   |
| 43      | GND         | -   | 44      | GND         | -   |
| 45      | GND         | -   | 46      | GND         | -   |
| 47      | GND         | -   | 48      | GND         | -   |
| 49      | GND         | -   | 50      | GND         | -   |
| 51      | GND         | -   | 52      | SPKOUT;100  | 0   |
| 53      | SPKRTN;100  | 0   | 54      | PNLST;100   | - 1 |
| 55      | SHFCLK;120  | 0   | 56      | LP;120      | 0   |
| 57      | FP;120      | 0   | 58      | PNLD12;120  | 0   |
| 59      | PNLD13;120  | 0   | 60      | PNLD14;120  | 0   |

## C.4 PJ300 RTC Battery Connector (3-pin)

Table C-4 RTC Battery connector pin assignments (3-pin)

| Pin No. | Signal name | I/O | Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O |
|---------|-------------|-----|---------|-------------|-----|
| 1       | RTCVDD;100  | -   | 2       | NC          | -   |
| 3       | GND         | -   |         |             |     |

## C.5 PJ301 HDD Connector (44-pin)

Table C-5 HDD connector pin assignments (44-pin)

| Pin No. | Signal name | I/O | Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O |
|---------|-------------|-----|---------|-------------|-----|
| 1       | HDDRST;000  | 0   | 2       | GND         | -   |
| 3       | SD7;100     | I/O | 4       | SA8;100     | I/O |
| 5       | SD6;100     | I/O | 6       | SA9;100     | I/O |
| 7       | SD5;100     | I/O | 8       | SA10;100    | I/O |
| 9       | SD4;100     | I/O | 10      | SA11;100    | I/O |
| 11      | SD3;100     | I/O | 12      | SA12;100    | I/O |
| 13      | SD2;100     | I/O | 14      | SA13;100    | I/O |
| 15      | SD1;100     | I/O | 16      | SA14;100    | I/O |
| 17      | SD0;100     | I/O | 18      | SA15;100    | I/O |
| 19      | GND         | -   | 20      | NC          | -   |
| 21      | NC          | -   | 22      | GND         | -   |
| 23      | FIOW;010    | 0   | 24      | GND         | -   |
| 25      | FIOR;010    | 0   | 26      | GND         | -   |
| 27      | IOCRDY;100  | I   | 28      | NC          | -   |
| 29      | NC          | -   | 30      | GND         | -   |
| 31      | IRQ14;100   | I   | 32      | IOCS16;000  | 0   |
| 33      | SA1;100     | 0   | 34      | NC          | -   |
| 35      | SA0;100     | 0   | 36      | SA2;100     | I   |
| 37      | HDCS0;000   | 0   | 38      | HDCS1;000   | I   |
| 39      | HDDLED;000  | I   | 40      | GND         | -   |
| 41      | VCC         | -   | 42      | VCC         | -   |
| 43      | GND         | -   | 44      | NC          | -   |

## C.6 PJ302 Keyboard Connector (24-pin)

Table C-6 Keyboard connector pin assignments (24-pin)

| Pin No. | Signal name | I/O | Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O |
|---------|-------------|-----|---------|-------------|-----|
| 1       | KBRT6;100   | I   | 2       | KBRT5;100   | I   |
| 3       | KBRT4;100   | I   | 4       | KBRT3;100   | I   |
| 5       | KBRT1;100   | I   | 6       | KBRT2;100   | I   |
| 7       | KBRT0;100   | I   | 8       | KBRT7;100   | I   |
| 9       | NC          | -   | 10      | KBOT05;000  | 0   |
| 11      | KBOT06;000  | 0   | 12      | KBOT09;000  | 0   |
| 13      | KBOT02;000  | 0   | 14      | KBOT08;000  | 0   |
| 15      | KBOT07;000  | 0   | 16      | KBOT10;000  | 0   |
| 17      | KBOT03;000  | 0   | 18      | KBOT04;000  | 0   |
| 19      | KBOT01;000  | 0   | 20      | KBOT00;000  | 0   |
| 21      | KBOT11;000  | 0   | 22      | JMODEL;000  | -   |
| 23      | GND         | -   | 24      | NC          | -   |

## C.7 PJ303 PC Card Slot Connector (150-pin)

Table C-7 PC card slot connector pin assignments (150-pin) (1/3)

| Pin No. | Signal name | I/O | Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O |
|---------|-------------|-----|---------|-------------|-----|
| 1       | GND         | -   | 2       | GND         | -   |
| 3       | ACCD1;000   | I   | 4       | ACAD00;000  | I/O |
| 5       | ACAD02;100  | I/O | 6       | ACAD01;100  | I/O |
| 7       | ACAD04;100  | I/O | 8       | ACAD03;100  | I/O |
| 9       | GND         | -   | 10      | ACAD06;100  | I/O |
| 11      | ACAD05;100  | I/O | 12      | ACD14;100   | I/O |
| 13      | ACAD07;100  | I/O | 14      | ACAD08;100  | I/O |
| 15      | ACCBE0;000  | I/O | 16      | ACAD10;100  | I/O |
| 17      | GND         | -   | 18      | ACAD09;100  | I/O |
| 19      | ACAVS1;100  | I/O | 20      | ACAD11;100  | I/O |
| 21      | ACAD13;100  | I/O | 22      | ACAD12;100  | I/O |
| 23      | ACAD15;100  | I/O | 24      | ACAD14;100  | I/O |
| 25      | GND         | -   | 26      | ACAD16;100  | I/O |
| 27      | ACCBE1;000  | I/O | 28      | ACA18;100   | 0   |
| 29      | ACPAR;100   | I/O | 30      | ACLOCK;000  | I/O |
| 31      | ACPERR;000  | I/O | 32      | ACSTOP;000  | I/O |
| 33      | GND         | -   | 34      | ACGNT;000   | 0   |
| 35      | ACDEVS;000  | I/O | 36      | ACINT;000   | - 1 |
| 37      | MCVCCA      | -   | 38      |             |     |
| 39      | MCVP1A      | -   | 40      | ACCLK;100   | 0   |
| 41      | ACTRDY;000  | I/O | 42      | ACIRDY;000  | I/O |
| 43      | GND         | -   | 44      | ACFRAM;000  | I/O |
| 45      | ACCBE2;000  | I/O | 46      | ACAD17;100  | I/O |
| 47      | ACAD18;100  | I/O | 48      | ACAD19;100  | I/O |
| 49      | ACAD20;100  | I/O | 50      | ACVS2;100   | I/O |
| 51      | GND         | -   | 52      | ACAD21;100  | I/O |
| 53      | ACRST;000   | 0   | 54      | ACAD22;100  | I/O |
| 55      | ACSERR;000  | I   | 56      | ACAD23;100  | I/O |
| 57      | ACREQ;000   | I   | 58      | ACAD24;100  | I/O |
| 59      | GND         | -   | 60      | ACCBE3;000  | I/O |

Table C-7 PC card slot connector pin assignments (150-pin) (2/3)

| Pin No. | Signal name | I/O | Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O |
|---------|-------------|-----|---------|-------------|-----|
| 61      | ACAD25;100  | I/O | 62      | ACAUDI;100  | 1   |
| 63      | ACAD26;100  | I/O | 64      | ACSTSC;100  | I   |
| 65      | ACAD27;100  | I/O | 66      | ACAD28;100  | I/O |
| 67      | GND         | -   | 68      | ACAD29;100  | I/O |
| 69      | ACAD30;100  | I/O | 70      | ACD02;100   | I/O |
| 71      | ACAD31;100  | I/O | 72      | ACCLKR;000  | I/O |
| 73      | ACCD2;000   | I   | 74      | GND         | -   |
| 75      | GND         | -   | 76      | GND         | -   |
| 77      | GND         | -   | 78      | BCCD1;000   | 1   |
| 79      | BCAD00;100  | I/O | 80      | BCAD02;100  | I/O |
| 81      | BCAD01;100  | I/O | 82      | BCAD04;100  | I/O |
| 83      | BCAD03;100  | I/O | 84      | GND         | -   |
| 85      | BCAD06;100  | I/O | 86      | BCAD05;100  | I/O |
| 87      | BCD14;100   | I/O | 88      | BCAD07;100  | I/O |
| 89      | BCAD08;100  | I/O | 90      | BCCBE0;000  | I/O |
| 91      | BCAD10;100  | I/O | 92      | GND         | -   |
| 93      | BCAD09;100  | I/O | 94      | BCVS1;100   | I/O |
| 95      | BCAD11;100  | I/O | 96      | BCAD13;100  | I/O |
| 97      | BCAD12;100  | I/O | 98      | BCAD15;100  | I/O |
| 99      | BCAD14;100  | I/O | 100     | GND         | -   |
| 101     | BCAD16;100  | I/O | 102     | BCCBE1;000  | I/O |
| 103     | BCA18;100   | I/O | 104     | BCPAR;100   | I/O |
| 105     | BCLOCK;000  | I/O | 106     | BCPERR;000  | I/O |
| 107     | BCSTOP;000  | I/O | 108     | GND         | -   |
| 109     | BCGNT;000   | I   | 110     | BCDEVS;000  | I/O |
| 111     | BCINT;000   | 0   | 112     | MCVCCB      |     |
| 113     |             |     | 114     | MCVP1B      |     |
| 115     | BCCLK;100   | I   | 116     | BCTRDY;000  | I/O |
| 117     | BCIRDY;000  | I/O | 118     | GND         | -   |
| 119     | BCFRAM;000  | I/O | 120     | BCCBE2;000  | I/O |

| Pin No. | Signal name | I/O | Pin No. | Signal Name | 1/0 |
|---------|-------------|-----|---------|-------------|-----|
| 121     | BCAD17;100  | I/O | 122     | BCAD18;100  | I/O |
| 123     | BCAD19;100  | I/O | 124     | BCAD20;100  | I/O |
| 125     | BCVS2;100   | I/O | 126     | GND         | -   |
| 127     | BCAD21;100  | I/O | 128     | BCRST;000   | I   |
| 129     | BCAD22;100  | I/O | 130     | BCSERR;000  | 0   |
| 131     | BCAD23;100  | I/O | 132     | BCREQ;000   | 0   |
| 133     | BCAD24;100  | I/O | 134     | GND         | -   |
| 135     | BCCBE3;000  | I/O | 136     | BCAD25;100  | I/O |
| 137     | BCAUDI;100  | I   | 138     | BCAD26;100  | I/O |
| 139     | BCSTSC;100  | I   | 140     | BCAD27;100  | I/O |
| 141     | BCAD28;100  | I/O | 142     | GND         | -   |
| 143     | BCAD29;100  | I/O | 144     | BCAD30;100  | I/O |
| 145     | BCD02;100   | I/O | 146     | BCAD31;100  | I/O |
| 147     | BCCLKR;000  | I/O | 148     | BCCD2;000   | 0   |
| 149     | GND         | -   | 150     | GND         | -   |

Table C-7 PC card slot connector pin assignments (150-pin) (3/3)

# C.8 PJ401 Headphone Connector (5-pin)

Table C-8 Headphone connector pin assignments (5-pin)

| Pin No. | Signal name | 1/0 | Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O |
|---------|-------------|-----|---------|-------------|-----|
| 1       | GND         | -   | 2       | LOUT        | 0   |
| 3       | ROUT        | 0   | 10      | SPKL        | I   |
| 11      | SPKR        | I   |         |             |     |

# C.9 PJ470 Internal Microphone Connector (2-pin)

Table C-9 Internal Microphone connector pin assignments (2-pin)

| Pin No. | Signal name | I/O | Pin No. | Signal Name | 1/0 |
|---------|-------------|-----|---------|-------------|-----|
| 1       | MIC         | I   | 2       | GND         | -   |

#### C.10 PJ471 External Microphone Connector (5-pin)

*Table C-10 External Microphone connector pin assignments (5-pin)* 

| Pin No. | Signal name | I/O | Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O |
|---------|-------------|-----|---------|-------------|-----|
| 1       | GND         | -   | 2       | MIC         | 1   |
| 3       | NC          | -   | 10      | MIC         | 0   |
| 11      | NC          | -   |         |             |     |

#### C.11 PJ500 AC Adapter Connector (2-pin)

Table C-11 AC adapter connector pin assignments 23-pin)

| Pin No. | Signal name | 1/0 | Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O |
|---------|-------------|-----|---------|-------------|-----|
| 1       | DCIN        | -   | 2       | GND         | -   |

## C.12 PJ510 Main Battery Connector (10-pin)

Table C-12 Main Battery connector pin assignments (10-pin)

| Pin No. | Signal name | I/O | Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O |
|---------|-------------|-----|---------|-------------|-----|
| 1       | (+)         | -   | 2       | BTMP1       | - 1 |
| 3       | DCHG        | I   | 4       | S5V         | -   |
| 5       | SCL;100     | I/O | 6       | SDA;100     | I/O |
| 7       | GND         | -   | 8       | BAT10V;000  | I   |
| 9       | GND         | -   | 10      | (-)         | -   |

# Appendix D Keyboard Scan/Character Codes

Table D-1 Scan codes (set 1 and set 2) (1/4)

| Сар |        | Code | set 1 | С    | ode set 2 | 2    | Note |
|-----|--------|------|-------|------|-----------|------|------|
| No. | Keytop | Make | Break | Make | е Ві      | reak |      |
| 01  | ' ~    | 29   | A9    | 0E   | F0        | 0E   |      |
| 02  | 1 !    | 02   | 82    | 16   | F0        | 16   |      |
| 03  | 2 @    | 03   | 83    | 1E   | F0        | 1E   |      |
| 04  | 3 #    | 04   | 84    | 26   | F0        | 26   |      |
| 05  | 4 \$   | 05   | 85    | 25   | F0        | 25   |      |
| 06  | 5 %    | 06   | 86    | 2E   | F0        | 2E   |      |
| 07  | 6 ^    | 07   | 87    | 36   | F0        | 36   |      |
| 08  | 7 &    | 08   | 88    | 3D   | F0        | 3D   | *2   |
| 09  | 8 *    | 09   | 89    | 3E   | F0        | 3E   | *2   |
| 10  | 9 (    | 0A   | 8A    | 46   | F0        | 46   | *2   |
| 11  | 0 )    | 0B   | 8B    | 45   | F0        | 45   |      |
| 12  |        | 0C   | 8C    | 4E   | F0        | 4E   |      |
| 13  | = +    | 0D   | 8D    | 55   | F0        | 55   |      |
|     |        |      |       |      |           |      |      |
| 15  | BkSp   | 0E   | 8E    | 66   | F0        | 66   |      |
| 16  | Tab    | 0F   | 8F    | 0D   | F0        | 0D   |      |
| 17  | Q      | 10   | 90    | 15   | F0        | 15   |      |
| 18  | W      | 11   | 91    | 1D   | F0        | 1D   |      |
| 19  | Е      | 12   | 92    | 24   | F0        | 24   |      |
| 20  | R      | 13   | 93    | 2D   | F0        | 2D   |      |
| 21  | Т      | 14   | 94    | 2C   | F0        | 2C   |      |
| 22  | Y      | 15   | 95    | 35   | F0        | 35   |      |
| 23  | U      | 16   | 96    | 3C   | F0        | 3C   | *2   |
| 24  | I      | 17   | 97    | 43   | F0        | 43   | *2   |
| 25  | 0      | 13   | 98    | 44   | F0        | 44   | *2   |
| 26  | Р      | 19   | 99    | 4D   | F0        | 4D   | *2   |
| 27  | } ]    | 1A   | 9A    | 54   | F0        | 54   |      |
| 28  | ] }    | 1B   | 9B    | 5B   | F0        | 5B   |      |

Table D-1 Scan codes (set 1 and set 2) (2/4)

| Сар     |               | Code | set 1 | C   | ode set 2 | 2    | Note |
|---------|---------------|------|-------|-----|-----------|------|------|
| No.     | Keytop        | Make | Break | Mak | e Br      | reak |      |
| 29 (42) | \             | 2B   | AB    | 5D  | F0        | 5D   | *5   |
| 30      | Caps Lock     | 3A   | ВА    | 58  | F0        | 58   |      |
| 31      | А             | 1E   | 9E    | 1C  | F0        | 1C   |      |
| 32      | S             | 1F   | 9F    | 1B  | F0        | 1B   |      |
| 33      | D             | 20   | A0    | 23  | F0        | 23   |      |
| 34      | F             | 21   | A1    | 2B  | F0        | 2B   |      |
| 35      | G             | 22   | A2    | 34  | F0        | 34   |      |
| 36      | Н             | 23   | А3    | 33  | F0        | 33   |      |
| 37      | J             | 24   | A4    | 3B  | F0        | 3B   | *2   |
| 38      | К             | 25   | A5    | 42  | F0        | 42   | *2   |
| 39      | L             | 26   | A6    | 4B  | F0        | 4B   | *2   |
| 40      | ; :           | 27   | A7    | 4C  | F0        | 4C   | *2   |
| 41      | ı «           | 28   | A8    | 52  | F0        | 52   |      |
|         |               |      |       |     |           |      |      |
| 43      | Enter         | 1C   | 9C    | 5A  | F0        | 5A   |      |
| 44      | Shift (L)     | 2A   | AA    | 12  | F0        | 12   |      |
| 45      | No.102<br>key | 56   | D6    | 61  | F0        | 61   |      |
| 46      | Z             | 2C   | AC    | 1A  | F0        | 1A   |      |
| 47      | Х             | 2D   | AD    | 22  | F0        | 22   |      |
| 48      | С             | 2E   | AE    | 21  | F0        | 21   |      |
| 49      | V             | 2F   | AF    | 2A  | F0        | 2A   |      |
| 50      | В             | 30   | В0    | 32  | F0        | 32   |      |
| 51      | N             | 31   | B1    | 31  | F0        | 31   |      |
| 52      | М             | 32   | B2    | 3A  | F0        | ЗА   | *2   |
| 53      | , <           | 33   | В3    | 41  | F0        | 41   | *2   |
| 54      | . >           | 34   | B4    | 49  | F0        | 49   | *2   |
| 55      | / ?           | 35   | B5    | 4A  | F0        | 4A   | *2   |
|         |               |      |       |     |           |      |      |
| 57      | Shift (R)     | 36   | В6    | 59  | F0        | 59   |      |

Table D-1 Scan codes (set 1 and set 2) (3/4)

| Сар |               |    | Code  | set 1 |    |    | (   | Code s | set 2 |    | Note |
|-----|---------------|----|-------|-------|----|----|-----|--------|-------|----|------|
| No. | Keytop        | ı  | Make  | Brea  | ık |    | Mak | е      | Brea  | k  |      |
| 58  | Ctrl          | 1  | 1D 9D |       | )D | 14 |     | F0 14  |       | 14 | *3   |
|     |               |    |       |       |    |    |     |        |       |    |      |
| 60  | Alt (L)       | 3  | 38    | Е     | 38 |    | 11  | FC     | )     | 11 | *3   |
| 61  | Space         | 3  | 39    | Е     | 39 | 2  | 29  | FC     | )     | 29 |      |
| 62  | ALT (R)       | E0 | 38    | E0    | B8 | E0 | 11  | E0     | F0    | 11 |      |
|     |               |    |       |       |    |    |     |        |       |    |      |
| 75  | Ins           | E0 | 52    | E0    | D2 | E0 | 70  | E0     | F0    | 70 | *1   |
| 76  | Del           | E0 | 53    | E0    | D3 | E0 | 71  | E0     | F0    | 71 | *1   |
|     |               |    |       |       |    |    |     |        |       |    |      |
| 79  | <b>←</b>      | E0 | 4B    | E0    | СВ | E0 | 6B  | E0     | F0    | 6B | *1   |
| 80  | Home          | E0 | 47    | E0    | C7 | E0 | 6C  | E0     | F0    | 6C | *1   |
| 81  | End           | E0 | 4F    | E0    | CF | E0 | 69  | E0     | F0    | 69 | *1   |
|     |               |    |       |       |    |    |     |        |       |    |      |
| 83  | <b>↑</b>      | E0 | 48    | E0    | C8 | E0 | 75  | E0     | F0    | 75 | *1   |
| 84  | $\downarrow$  | E0 | 50    | E0    | D0 | E0 | 72  | E0     | F0    | 72 | *1   |
| 85  | PgUp          | E0 | 49    | E0    | C9 | E0 | 7D  | E0     | F0    | 7D | *1   |
| 86  | PgDn          | E0 | 51    | E0    | D1 | E0 | 7A  | E0     | F0    | 7A | *1   |
| 89  | $\rightarrow$ | E0 | 4D    | E0    | CD | E0 | 74  | E0     | F0    | 74 | *1   |
|     |               |    |       |       |    |    |     |        |       |    |      |
| 110 | Esc           |    | 01    |       | 81 |    | 76  | F0     |       | 76 |      |
| 112 | F1            |    | 3B    |       | 3B |    | 05  | F0     |       | 05 |      |
| 113 | F2            |    | 3C    |       | вС |    | 06  | F0     |       | 06 |      |
| 114 | F3            |    | 3D    |       | BD |    | 04  | F0     |       | 04 |      |
| 115 | F4            |    | 3E    |       | BE |    | 0C  | F0     |       | 0C |      |
| 116 | F5            |    | 3F    |       | BF |    | 03  | F0     |       | 03 |      |
| 117 | F6            |    | 40    |       | C0 |    | 0B  | F0     |       | 0B |      |
| 118 | F7            |    | 41    |       | C1 |    | 83  | F0     |       | 83 |      |
| 119 | F8            |    | 42    |       | C2 |    | 0A  | F0     |       | 0A |      |
| 120 | F9            |    | 43    |       | C3 |    | 01  | F0     |       | 01 |      |
| 121 | F10           |    | 44    |       | C4 |    | 09  | F0     |       | 09 |      |

Table D-1 Scan codes (set 1 and set 2) (4/4)

| Сар |         | Code set 1 |      |      |    |    | C   | ode | set 2 |          | Note |
|-----|---------|------------|------|------|----|----|-----|-----|-------|----------|------|
| No. | Keytop  | l          | Make | Brea | ık |    | Mak | е   | Break | <b>(</b> |      |
| 122 | F11     | 57         |      | D7   |    | 78 |     | F0  | 78    | 3        | *3   |
| 123 | F12     | 58         |      | D8   |    | 07 |     | F0  | 07    | 7        | *3   |
| 124 | PrintSc | *6         |      | *6   |    | *6 |     | *6  |       |          | *6   |
|     |         |            |      |      |    |    |     |     |       |          |      |
| 126 | Pause   | *7         |      | *7   |    | *7 |     | *7  |       |          | *7   |
|     |         |            |      |      |    |    |     |     |       |          |      |
| 202 | Fn      | _          |      | _    |    | _  |     | _   |       |          | *4   |
| 203 | Win     | E0         | 5B   | E0   | DB | E0 | 1F  | E0  | F0    | 1F       |      |
| 204 | Арр     | E0         | 5D   | E0   | DD | E0 | 2F  | E0  | F0    | 2F       |      |

#### **Notes:**

- 1. \* Scan codes differ by mode.
- 2. \* Scan codes differ by overlay function.
- 3. \* Combined with the **Fn** key, different codes are generated.
- 4. \* The **Fn** key does not generate a code by itself.
- 5. \* This key corresponds to key No. 42 in a 102-key model.
- 6. \* Refer to Table D-6, Scan codes with **Ctrl** key.
- 7. \* Refer to Table D-7, Scan codes with **Alt** key.

Table D-2 Scan codes with left Shift key

| Сар | Key           |    | Code set 1 |      |    |    |    |      |    |    |    | Code | set 2 | 2  |    |    |       |    |    |
|-----|---------------|----|------------|------|----|----|----|------|----|----|----|------|-------|----|----|----|-------|----|----|
| No  | top           |    | N          | lake |    |    |    | Brea | ak |    | N  | lake |       |    |    | E  | Break |    |    |
| 75  | INS           | E0 | AA         | E0   | 52 | E0 | D2 | E0   | 2A | E0 | F0 | 12   | E0    | 70 | E0 | F0 | 70    | E0 | 12 |
| 76  | DEL           | E0 | AA         | E0   | 53 | E0 | D3 | E0   | 2A | ΕO | F0 | 12   | E0    | 71 | E0 | F0 | 71    | E0 | 12 |
| 79  | <b>←</b>      | E0 | AA         | E0   | 4B | E0 | СВ | E0   | 2A | E0 | F0 | 12   | E0    | 6B | E0 | F0 | 6B    | E0 | 12 |
| 80  | Home          | E0 | AA         | E0   | 47 | E0 | C7 | E0   | 2A | E0 | F0 | 12   | E0    | 6C | E0 | F0 | 6C    | E0 | 12 |
| 81  | End           | E0 | AA         | E0   | 4F | E0 | CF | E0   | 2A | E0 | F0 | 12   | E0    | 69 | E0 | F0 | 69    | E0 | 12 |
| 83  | 1             | E0 | AA         | E0   | 48 | E0 | C8 | E0   | 2A | E0 | F0 | 12   | E0    | 75 | E0 | F0 | 75    | E0 | 12 |
| 84  | $\downarrow$  | E0 | AA         | E0   | 50 | E0 | D0 | E0   | 2A | E0 | F0 | 12   | E0    | 72 | E0 | F0 | 72    | E0 | 12 |
| 85  | PgUp          | E0 | AA         | E0   | 49 | E0 | C9 | E0   | 2A | E0 | F0 | 12   | E0    | 7D | E0 | F0 | 7D    | E0 | 12 |
| 86  | PgDn          | E0 | AA         | E0   | 51 | E0 | D1 | E0   | 2A | E0 | F0 | 12   | E0    | 7A | E0 | F0 | 7A    | E0 | 12 |
| 89  | $\rightarrow$ | E0 | AA         | E0   | 4D | E0 | CD | E0   | 2A | E0 | F0 | 12   | E0    | 74 | E0 | F0 | 74    | E0 | 12 |
| 203 | Win           | E0 | AA         | E0   | 5B | E0 | DB | E0   | 2A | E0 | F0 | 12   | E0    | 1F | E0 | F0 | 1F    | E0 | 12 |
| 204 | Арр           | E0 | AA         | E0   | 5D | E0 | DD | E0   | 2A | E0 | F0 | 12   | E0    | 2F | E0 | F0 | 2F    | E0 | 12 |

**NOTE:** The table above shows scan codes with the left **Shift** key. In combination with the right **Shift** key, scan codes are changed as listed below:

|       | With left Shift | With right Shift |
|-------|-----------------|------------------|
| Set 1 | E0 AA           | E0 B6            |
|       | E0 2A           | E0 36            |
| Set 2 | E0 F0 12        | E0 F0 59         |
|       | E0 12           | E0 59            |

Table D-3 Scan codes in Numlock mode

| Сар | Key           |    | Code set 1 |    |    |    |       |    |    |      |    | Code set 2 |    |    |       |    |    |    |    |  |  |
|-----|---------------|----|------------|----|----|----|-------|----|----|------|----|------------|----|----|-------|----|----|----|----|--|--|
| No  | top           |    | Make       |    |    |    | Break |    |    | Make |    |            |    |    | Break |    |    |    |    |  |  |
| 75  | INS           | E0 | 2A         | E0 | 52 | E0 | 02    | E0 | AA | E0   | 12 | E0         | 70 | E0 | F0    | 70 | E0 | F0 | 12 |  |  |
| 76  | DEL           | E0 | 2A         | E0 | 53 | E0 | D3    | E0 | AA | E0   | 12 | E0         | 71 | E0 | F0    | 71 | E0 | F0 | 12 |  |  |
| 79  | $\leftarrow$  | E0 | 2A         | E0 | 4B | E0 | СВ    | E0 | AA | E0   | 12 | E0         | 6B | E0 | F0    | 6B | E0 | F0 | 12 |  |  |
| 80  | Home          | E0 | 2A         | E0 | 47 | E0 | C7    | E0 | AA | E0   | 12 | E0         | 6C | E0 | F0    | 6C | E0 | F0 | 12 |  |  |
| 81  | End           | E0 | 2A         | E0 | 4F | E0 | CF    | E0 | AA | E0   | 12 | E0         | 69 | E0 | F0    | 69 | E0 | F0 | 12 |  |  |
| 83  | 1             | E0 | 2A         | E0 | 48 | E0 | C8    | E0 | AA | E0   | 12 | E0         | 75 | E0 | F0    | 75 | E0 | F0 | 12 |  |  |
| 84  | $\downarrow$  | E0 | 2A         | E0 | 50 | E0 | D0    | E0 | AA | E0   | 12 | E0         | 72 | E0 | F0    | 72 | E0 | F0 | 12 |  |  |
| 85  | PgUp          | E0 | 2A         | E0 | 49 | E0 | C9    | E0 | AA | E0   | 12 | E0         | 7D | E0 | F0    | 7D | E0 | F0 | 12 |  |  |
| 86  | PgDn          | E0 | 2A         | E0 | 51 | E0 | D1    | E0 | AA | E0   | 12 | E0         | 7A | E0 | F0    | 7A | E0 | F0 | 12 |  |  |
| 89  | $\rightarrow$ | E0 | 2A         | E0 | 4D | E0 | CD    | E0 | AA | E0   | 12 | E0         | 74 | E0 | F0    | 74 | E0 | F0 | 12 |  |  |
| 203 | Win           | E0 | 2A         | E0 | 5B | E0 | DB    | E0 | AA | E0   | 12 | E0         | 1F | E0 | F0    | 1F | E0 | F0 | 12 |  |  |
| 204 | Арр           | E0 | 2A         | E0 | 5D | E0 | DD    | E0 | AA | E0   | 12 | E0         | 2F | E0 | F0    | 2F | E0 | F0 | 12 |  |  |

Table D-4 Scan codes with Fn key

| Сар |         |    | Code  | set 1 |       | Code set 2 |       |       |     |    |  |  |  |
|-----|---------|----|-------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-------|-----|----|--|--|--|
| No  | Keytop  | N  | /lake | E     | Break | N          | /lake | Break |     |    |  |  |  |
| 43  | ENT     | E0 | 1C    | E0    | 9C    | E0         | 5A    | E0    | F0  | 5A |  |  |  |
| 58  | CTRL    | E0 | 1D    | E0    | 9D    | E0         | 14    | E0    | F0  | 14 |  |  |  |
| 60  | LALT    | E0 | 38    | E0    | В8    | E0         | 11    | E0    | F0  | 11 |  |  |  |
| 121 | ARROW   |    | 05    |       | C5    |            | 77    | F     | 0 7 | 77 |  |  |  |
| 122 | NUMERIC |    | 05    |       | C5    | 7          | 7E    | F0    |     | Έ  |  |  |  |

Table D-5 Scan codes in overlay mode

| Сар | K | Ceytop | Cod   | e set 1 | (     | Code set 2 | 2     |
|-----|---|--------|-------|---------|-------|------------|-------|
| No. |   |        | Make  | Break   | Make  | Breal      | K     |
| 08  | 7 | (7)    | 47    | C7      | 6C    | F0         | 6C    |
| 09  | 8 | (8)    | 48    | C8      | 75    | F0         | 75    |
| 10  | 9 | (9)    | 49    | C9      | 7D    | F0         | 7D    |
| 11  | 0 | (• )   | 37    | B7      | 7C    | F0         | 7C    |
| 23  | U | (4)    | 4B    | СВ      | 6B    | F0         | 6B    |
| 24  | I | (5)    | 4C    | CC      | 73    | F0         | 73    |
| 25  | 0 | (6)    | 4D    | CD      | 74    | F0         | 74    |
| 26  | Р | (–)    | 4A    | CA      | 7B    | F0         | 7B    |
| 37  | J | (1)    | 4F    | CF      | 69    | F0         | 69    |
| 38  | K | (2)    | 50    | D0      | 72    | F0         | 72    |
| 39  | L | (3)    | 51    | D1      | 7A    | F0         | 7A    |
| 40  | ; | (+)    | 4E    | CE      | 79    | F0         | 79    |
| 52  | М | (0)    | 52    | D2      | 70    | F0         | 70    |
| 53  | , | (,)    | 33    | В3      | 41    | F0         | 41    |
| 54  |   | (.)    | 53    | D3      | 71    | F0         | 71    |
| 55  | / | (/)    | E0 35 | E0 B5   | 40 4A | E0 I       | F0 4A |

Table D-6 Scan codes with Ctrl key

| Key    | Shift  | Code set 1 |    |               |    |    |    |    |     | Code set 2 |     |    |    |    |    |    |      |    |    |
|--------|--------|------------|----|---------------|----|----|----|----|-----|------------|-----|----|----|----|----|----|------|----|----|
| top    |        |            | N  | <b>l</b> lake |    |    |    | Br | eak |            | Mak | е  |    |    |    | В  | reak |    |    |
| Prt Sc | Common | E0         | 2A | E0            | 37 | E0 | В7 | E0 | AA  | E0         | 12  | E0 | 7C | E0 | F0 | 7C | E0   | F0 | 12 |
|        | Ctrl*  |            | E0 | 37            |    |    | E0 | В7 |     |            | E0  | 7C |    |    | E0 | F0 | 7C   |    |    |
|        | Shift* |            | E0 | 37            |    |    | E0 | В7 |     |            | E0  | 7C |    |    | E0 | F0 | 7C   |    |    |
|        | Alt*   |            |    | 54            |    |    | D4 |    |     |            |     | 84 |    |    | F0 | B4 |      |    |    |

Table D-7 Scan codes with Alt key

| Key   | Shift  |    |      | Code | e set | 1  |    |    |    | (  | Code | set 2 | 2  |    |    |
|-------|--------|----|------|------|-------|----|----|----|----|----|------|-------|----|----|----|
| top   |        |    | Make |      |       |    |    |    |    |    | Br   | eak   |    |    |    |
| Pause | Common | E1 | 1D   | 45   | E1    | SD | C5 | E1 | 14 | 77 | E1   | F0    | 14 | F0 | 77 |
|       | Ctrl*  | E0 | 46   | E0   | C6    |    |    | E0 | 7E | E0 | F0   | 7E    |    |    |    |

<sup>\*:</sup> This key generates only make codes.

# Appendix E Key Layout

## E.1 United States (US) Keyboard

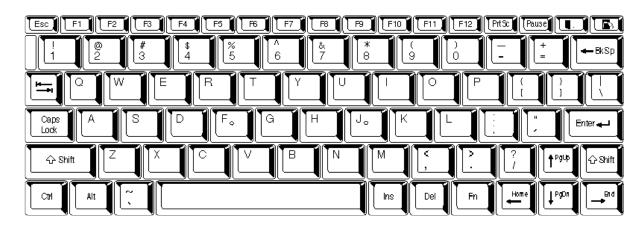


Figure E-1 US keyboard

## E.2 United Kingdom (UK) Keyboard

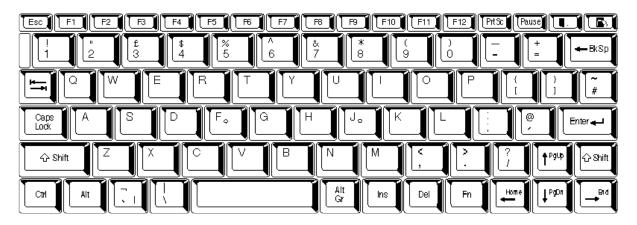


Figure E-2 UK keyboard

#### E.3 German (GR) Keyboard

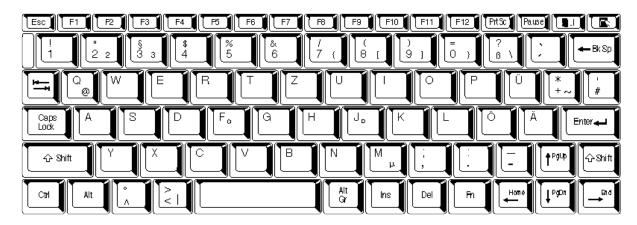


Figure E-3 GR keyboard

## E.4 French (FR) Keyboard

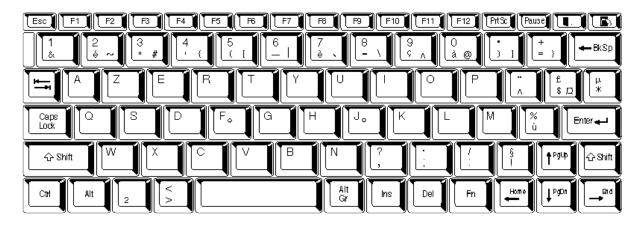


Figure E-4 FR keyboard

## E.5 Spanish (SP) Keyboard

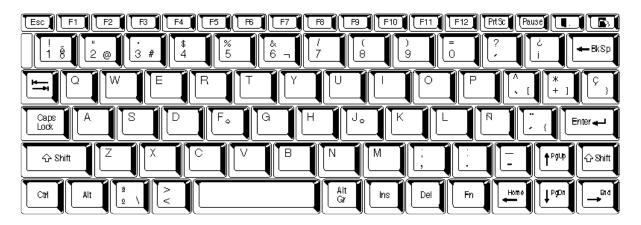


Figure E-5 SP keyboard

## E.6 Italian (IT) Keyboard



Figure E-6 IT keyboard

#### E.7 Scandinavian (SC) Keyboard

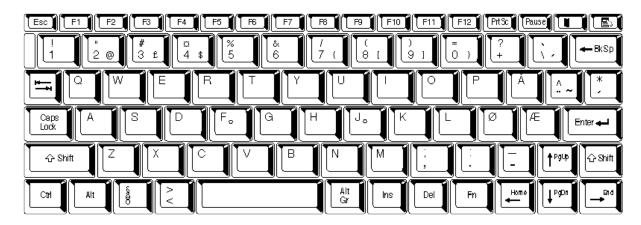


Figure E-7 SC keyboard

# E.8 Swiss-German (SL) Keyboard

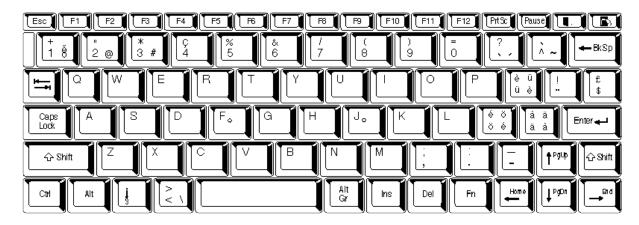


Figure E-8 SL keyboard

# **Appendix F** Wiring Diagrams

#### **F.1** Parallel Port Wraparound Connector

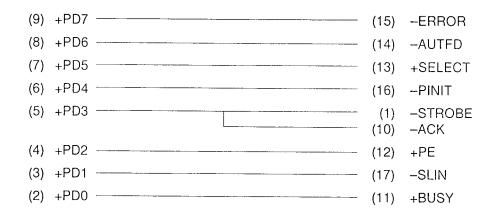


Figure F-1 Parallel port wraparound connector

#### F.2 Serial Port Wraparound Connector

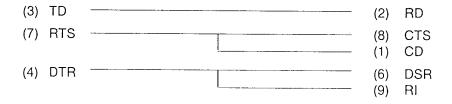


Figure F-2 Serial port wraparound connector

#### F.3 Serial Port Direct Cable (9-Pin to 9-Pin)

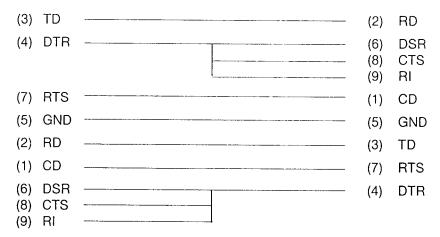


Figure F-3 Serial port direct cable (9-pin to 9-pin)

#### F.4 Serial Port Direct Cable (9-Pin to 25-Pin)

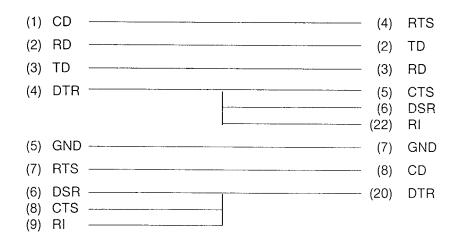


Figure F-4 Serial port direct cable (9-pin to 25-pin)

# **Appendix G BIOS Rewrite Procedures**

This Appendix explains how to rewrite the system BIOS program when you update the system BIOS.

#### **Tools**

To rewrite the BIOS, you need the following tool:

☐ Diagnostics disk for the computer

#### **Rewriting the BIOS**

- 1. Set the system to boot mode.
- 2. Turn off the power to the computer.
- 3. Remove the external cable and any optional memory or PC card.
- 4. Turn on the power while holding down the **F12** key. (Keep holding down the key until the system speaker sounds a beep.)
- 5. When the BIOS message displays, insert the diagnostics disk into the FDD, then press **Enter** to start the BIOS rewrite program.
- 6. When the process is completed, eject the diagnostics disk and press the reset switch to restart the system.

# Appendix H Reliability

The following table shows MTBF (Mean Time Between Failures) for each component.

Table H-1 MTBF

| Component       | Time (hours) |
|-----------------|--------------|
| LCD             | 50,000       |
| Keyboard        | 37,000       |
| HDD             | 300,000      |
| FDD             | 30,000       |
| Pointing Device | 37,000       |
| AC adapter      | 50,000       |